COMPLEX OBJECT

COMPLEX SUBJECT
Complex Object. Complex Subject
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Гурикова Ю. С.

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В данном пособии представлены основные правила употребления инфинитивных конструкций в английском языке. Каждый урок содержит объяснение, сопровождаемые примерами употребления, и упражнения. Пособие предназначено для широкого круга лиц, изучающих английский язык самостоятельно, а также может быть использовано в старшей школе, при подготовке к Единому государственному экзамену и в вузах.

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Complex Object. Complex Subject

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The Complex Object

The Complex Object (сложнее дополнение) — это особая инфинитивная конструкция английского языка. Сложное дополнение состоит из имени существительного или местоимения в объектном падеже и инфинитива с частицей to или без неё.

\[
\text{I want Tom to take up this job offer.}
\]

Я хочу, чтобы Том принял это предложение работы.

\[
\text{I want him to take up this job offer.}
\]

Я хочу, чтобы он принял это предложение работы.

Повторим личные местоимения в объектном падеже.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Личные местоимения</th>
<th>Личные местоимения в объектном падеже</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>me</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>you</td>
<td>you</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>he</td>
<td>him</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>she</td>
<td>her</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>it</td>
<td>it</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>we</td>
<td>us</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>you</td>
<td>you</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>they</td>
<td>them</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exercise 1. Study the following sentences. Find complex object in them.

Упражнение 1. Изучите следующие предложения. Найдите в них сложное дополнение.

1. We expect the trip to be exciting. 2. We were watching the fish swim in the tank. 3. The books made me see this world differently. 4. The hikers didn’t notice the bear come close to fire. 5. Her parents want her to stay with them. 6. People hope this politician to help them. 7. Have you ever seen the eagle catch his prey? 8. I consider this writer to be very talented. 9. I felt somebody touch my hand. 10. The teacher wanted the students to stay after class to prepare for the exam better. 11. I heard the music play in the hall. 12. I didn’t want you to fight. 13. The children noticed the teacher to be distracted. 14. I hope that problem to be resolved soon. 15. Rose knew Lee to be a reliable person. 16. The coach didn’t let football players take a minute of rest. 17. I don’t believe him to have stolen that jewellery. 18. I hate them to interfere. 19. Mom couldn’t get the son to tidy his room. 20. Steward wanted her to go on a trip with him.
Exercise 2. Replace nouns with pronouns in the objective case.

Упражнение 2. Замените существительные местоимениями в объективном падеже.

1. I know very well Steve to be right. 2. Everybody knew the officer to be a brave man. 3. Everybody knows Eve to read poems very well. 4. Do you know Mr. Thorton to be a reliable partner? 5. We expected the children to arrive early. 6. She noticed one page of the book to be torn. 7. Bill never heard his brother speak about his life in Canada. 8. I saw the dog chew your shoe. 9. I wanted Jim to help me with repairs. 10. Sophie heard the brothers talk about business. 11. There are some documents I want the secretary to prepare for me. 12. What I want is Robert to come and see me. 13. I didn’t know Eddie Murphy to sing so well. 14. I didn’t know Judy and Becky to get on so well. 15. It was impossible not to notice Emily to take after her mother. 16. We didn’t expect the doctor to come out so fast. 17. The king ordered the horses to be saddled. 18. I didn’t mean Paula to do all the work. 19. I expected Luis to be more responsible. 20. I don’t want the children to watch TV so much.
Случаи употребления

Сложное дополнение употребляется с различными группами глаголов.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Глаголы желания, чувств и эмоций:</th>
<th>I want them to make up.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>want, desire, wish, expect, would like, like, dislike, hate</td>
<td>Я хочу, чтобы они помирились.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Глаголы умственной деятельности:</th>
<th>Everybody knows him to be an honest man.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>know, believe, consider, get</td>
<td>Все знают, что он честный человек.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Глаголы принуждения:</th>
<th>Don’t let the kids eat too many sweets.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>let, make (в активном залоге), have</td>
<td>Не позволяй детям есть слишком много конфет.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Глаголы чувственного восприятия:</th>
<th>I saw them dance.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>see, hear, feel, notice, watch</td>
<td>Я видел, как они танцевали.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exercise 3. Insert the particle “to” where necessary.**
Упражнение 3. Поставьте частицу “to” там, где это необходимо.

1. Granny wants us __ visit her more often. 2. The babysitter didn’t see the child __ jump into the sea. 3. Molly is known __ be a big fan of gossips. 4. The clients expect the order __ be fulfilled by the next week. 5. We expected the rain __ start in the morning. 6. Sam supposed Angela __ be quite a bad cook. 7. Don’t make me ___ cry. 8. I can’t bear you __ behave like that. 9. Fred desired everyone __ admit that he had been right. 10. The child heard the music __ play in the distance and went in that direction. 11. She had him __ do everything she wanted. 12. Danny hated his girlfriend __ cry. 13. We were sitting on the beach watching the sun __ rise. 14. She felt her heart __ beat fast when he kissed her. 15. I know him __ be a responsible person, one that never lets down. 16. Tina just wanted everyone __ leave her alone. 17: I saw the vase __ fall and break. 18. The tourists saw the museum __ close and got upset. 19. Emma wanted Henry __ prepare a gift for her birthday. 20. Let the music __ play. We need to cheer up.
Exercise 4. Translate into English.
Упражнение 4. Переведите на английский язык.
1. Я видел, как он упал. 2. Известно, что этот режиссёр снимает хорошие фильмы. 3. Я почувствовал, как кто-то дернул меня за сумку в переполненном автобусе. 4. Любовь к шоколаду сделала меня толстушкой. 5. Мы не ожидали, что родители приедут так скоро. 6. Мистер и Миссис Блэкли хотели, чтобы их сын работал в международной компании. 7. Кажется, что Ник заболел. Я слышал, как он чихал. 8. Я считаю, что это великолепное решение. 9. Учитель хотел, чтобы дети нарисовали зиму. 10. Не позволяй страху остановить тебя. 11. Этот старый фильм всегда заставляет меня улыбнуться. 12. Я никогда не видел, чтобы кто-нибудь смеялся так искренне. 13. Я видел, как наш конкурент говорил с нашим клиентом. 14. Друзья Боба никогда не знали, что он такой романтик. 15. Вы считаете, что такое поведение приемлемо? 16. Профессор нашёл вашу работу довольно банальной. 17. Мы ожидали, что погода будет солнечной. 18. Вы не можете заставить меня поменять квартиру. 19. Я слышал, как они обсуждали новую девушку босса. 20. Не позволять другим причинять тебе боль.
Сложное дополнение с глаголами умственной деятельности

Сложное дополнение используется после глаголов умственной деятельности. Здесь приведены лишь некоторые из них:

- to know — знать
- to think — думать
- to consider — считать, полагать
- to believe — верить
- to suppose — предполагать
- to expect — ожидать
- to imagine — представлять
- to find — находит, считать
- to trust — верить

После глаголов умственной деятельности в основном используются инфинитив “to be”. После глагола “expect” возможно употребление различных форм инфинитива.

Например:
I didn’t think you to be so busy.
Я не думал, что ты так занят.
Everybody considered him to be a decent young man.
Все считали его порядочным молодым человеком.
Elisabeth didn’t understand him to be the chief of the company.
Элизабет не поняла, что он был главой компании.
We didn’t expect them to breach the terms of the contract.
Мы не ожидали, что они нарушат условия контракта.

После глаголов умственной деятельности возможно использование всех форм инфинитива. Однако чаще всего используется простой активный инфинитив.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Active Активный</th>
<th>Passive Пассивный</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Simple Простой</td>
<td>to do</td>
<td>to be done</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous Длительный</td>
<td>to be doing</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perfect Перфектный</td>
<td>to have done</td>
<td>to have been done</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perfect Continuous Длительный перфектный</td>
<td>to have been doing</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Перфектный иенитив (have + Past Participle\(^1\)) указывает на то, что действие, выраженное сложным дополнением, произошло раньше действия, выраженного глаголом умственной деятельности.

\(^1\) Причастие прошедшего времени (третья форма глагола).
The investigator found the crime to have been committed two hours before.
Следователь обнаружил, что преступление было совершено двумя часами ранее.

Длительный инфинитив (be + Present Participle) указывает на то, что действие, выраженное им, было продолжительным.
I believed the child to be sleeping.
Я думала, что ребенок спал.

В предложениях с глаголами to think, to consider, to find можно опустить инфинитив без изменения значения.
I thought her to be beautiful. — I thought her beautiful.
Я думала, что она красивая.
I consider him to be a good friend. — I consider him a good friend.
Я считаю его хорошим другом.
Liz found him to be a very pleasant young man. — Liz found him a very pleasant young man.
Лиз нашла, что он очень приятный молодой человек.

Exercise 5. Paraphrase the following sentences using complex object.
Упражнение 5. Перефразируйте следующие предложения, используя сложное дополнение.

For example: I didn’t imagine that Jenny was so arrogant. — I didn’t imagine Jenny to be so arrogant.
1. I didn’t know that Thomas was so tall. 2. Maggie didn’t know that her neighbour was married. 3. I consider that Mr Jenkins is a very good teacher. 4. The doctors didn’t think that this virus was so dangerous. 5. Tom didn’t realise that I was your sister. 6. Not many people know that Abraham Lincoln is the only American president who has a patent. 7. Nobody in the town knew that he was the criminal. 8. Ann didn’t believe that he was such a scoundrel. 9. I imagined that you were my wife. 10. Rob knew that you were my only friend. 11. We didn’t expect that the storm would begin. 12. I didn’t think that she had such a beautiful voice. 13. When I saw you, I realised how much I had missed you. 14. Will didn’t imagine that baseball was such a difficult kind of sport. 15. I didn’t know that our mayor was such a coward. 16. Everybody supposed that the new student was a little genius. 17. I found that our new boss is quite an irritable person. 18. I didn’t realise that you are my age. 19. Nobody expected that he would win the competition. 20. I know that he is an experienced traveller.

2 Форма с окончанием -ing.
Exercise 6. Translate into English.
Упражнение 6. Переведите на английский язык.
1. Родители обычно ожидают, что их дети будут послушными.
2. Инспектор не думает, что у него есть алиби. 3. Мы считаем, что это лучший выход из этой ситуации. 4. Все в городе знали, что он был очень талантливым художником. 5. Дженнифер думала, что он был высококвалифицированным специалистом. 6. Он нашел, что она была очень красивой и милой девушкой. 7. Я не верил, что ты такой верный друг. 8. Тэд не осознавал, как она была ему важна.
9. Я не думал, что эта машина такая большая. 10. Элиза не думала, что арабский язык такой трудный. 11. Специалист по финансам не считал, что это вложение выгодное. 12. Мы не ожидали, что Виктор такой упрямый. 13. Я не осознавал, что ты был под таким давлением. 14. Никто не подозревал, что он был секретным агентом. 15. Ребёнок не ожидал, что это будет так больно. 16. Я полагал, что она была причиной всех наших бед. 17. Мы не ожидали, что контракт подпишут в субботу. 18. Они считали, что он был лжецом.
19. Судья посчитал, что доказательств недостаточно для вынесения обвинительного приговора. 20. Ты знал, что Сэм переезжает в Новую Зеландию?
Сложное дополнение с глаголами объявлять, заявлять и т. п.

К этой группе можно отнести следующие глаголы английского языка:

- to pronounce — объявлять, провозглашать
- to proclaim — объявлять, провозглашать
- to declare — заявлять, объявлять
- to report — сообщать, информировать

She declared him to be responsible for all the mess.
Она объявила, что он был ответственен за весь беспорядок.
The judge pronounced him to be innocent.
Судья заявил, что он был невиновен.

Exercise 7. Paraphrase the following sentences using complex object.
Упражнение 7. Перефразируйте следующие предложения, используя сложное дополнение.

For example:
Mary declared that he was guilty. — Mary declared him to be guilty.

1. The company announced that all the new models of the phone were sold out. 2. The Indians declared that he was their chief. 3. Elisabeth proclaimed that he had stolen her purse. 4. The policemen announced that they were the robbers. 5. The professor announced that the conference was postponed. 6. The committee pronounced that she was the winner of the university project. 7. The doctor declared that the child was out of danger. 8. The professor reported that the students cheated at the exam. 9. She proclaimed that the whole story was only a lie. 10. They reported that the delegation arrived at 12 o’clock. 11. The airline officers announced that the flight was delayed. 12. The police officers reported that the robbers were arrested. 13. The teacher announced that the exam is cancelled. 14. The weathermen announced that the weather would be windy. 15. They declared that the ship arrived at the port. 16. The CEO declared that the meeting would take place at 8 pm. 17. The grandfather pronounced that she is an heir to all his property. 18. The surgeon announced that the surgery had been successful. 19. The magazines announced that this book was a bestseller. 20. The committee announced that Mr Green was elected as a new mayor.
Exercise 8. Translate into English.
Упражнение 8. Переведите на английский язык.
1. Они заявили, что Джон был подходящим кандидатом на этот пост. 2. Директор объявил, что компания обанкротилась. 3. Учитель сказал, что он лучший ученик в классе. 4. Наш партнер заявил, что цена была слишком низкой. 5. Его представитель заявил, что он серьезно болен. 6. Кейт заявила, что сосед виноват в ограблении банка. 7. Репортеры заявили, что этот спортсмен пришел к финишу первым. 8. Уилл заявил, что она была грубой и невоспитанной. 9. Компания объявила, что скоро будут наняты новые сотрудники. 10. Детектив сказал, что Линда была очень встревожена. 11. Спасатели сообщили, что опасность была позади. 12. Хелен заявила, что Джон влюблен в нее. 13. Секретарь объявила, что собрание начинается в пять часов. 14. Он сказал, что Фло была очень скучной. 15. Он заявил, что дорожное движение сегодня затруднено. 16. Судья заявил, что подсудимый был виновен. 17. Студенты заявили, что задание было слишком трудным. 18. Он заявил, что ты не ладишь с моей мамой. 19. Мистер Джонсон заявил, что его телевизор был украшен. 20. Том заявил, что я была причиной всего.
Сложное дополнение после глаголов приказания и разрешения

К этой группе можно отнести следующие глаголы:
to order — приказать

to allow — позволить

to have — в значении «допустить»

to suffer — неохотно разрешить, разрешить сердце

to permit — разрешить

to forbid — запретить

to command — приказывать

to request — требовать

to tell — сказать, приказать

to ask — попросить

Сложное дополнение с данными глаголами часто используется в тех случаях, когда объект выражен неодушевленным существительным или же когда инфинитив пассивный.

\[\text{ВНИМАНИЕ: после "have" в значение «не позволять» используется инфинитив без частицы "to".}\]

Например:
The director required the report to be ready by 5 o’clock.
Директор потребовал, чтобы доклад был готов к пяти часам.
Jack asked his friends to help him with repairs in his new house.
Джек попросил друзей помочь с ремонтом в новом доме.
Mr. Dombey suffered Florence to play with Paul.
Мистер Домби разрешил Флоренс играть с Полом сердце.
I won’t have you slow me down.
Я не позволю вам меня задерживать.

Exercise 9. Paraphrase the following sentences using complex object.
Упражнение 9. Перепрзрируйте следующие предложения, используя сложное дополнение.

For example: The officer required that all the soldiers stayed at the military base for holidays. — The officer required all the soldiers to stay at the military base for holidays.

1. You skip the classes?! I won’t have it! 2. He won’t permit that you put your feet up. 3. I won’t allow that the children stay out for so long. 4. You are very impolite to my new girlfriend. I won’t have it. 5. I require that the goods are delivered immediately! 6. He ordered that the money is paid back immediately. 7. The father allowed reluctantly that his daughter moves to a bigger city. 8. Jackie can’t become an actress. I forbid it to her. 9. Mary asked that her colleagues helped
They are laughing at you! I won’t have it. He ordered that the taxi should be by the gate by 5 o’clock. People required that the cabinet was dismissed. The customer required that the package gets a shipment number. The father forbade that the children play with a new boy. Jack didn’t allow that I help him with his work. The policeman commanded that everybody left the building at once. I ordered that the dress had to be taken in. The shop-assistant asked that the customers left the shop as it was time to close. The boss required that all the emails were forwarded to his secretary. The mayor of the town required that all the people come to the square that day.

Exercise 10. Translate into English. 
Упражнение 10. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Он приказал, чтобы комната была готова к двум часам. 2. Я не допущу, чтобы она работала так много. 3. Миссис Смит распорядилась, чтобы на ужин была подана утка. 4. Тому приказал, чтобы все были на работе в пять. 5. Дизайнер распорядился, чтобы купили цветы. 6. Джон скрепя сердце согласился, чтобы его жена вела машину. 7. Люк распорядился, чтобы шофёр отвез Эллис домой. 8. Я не допущу, чтобы компания обанкротилась. 9. Библиотекарь потребовал, чтобы книгу вернули через две недели. 10. Капитан распорядился, чтобы матросы вымыли палубу. 11. Авиакомпания потребовала, чтобы опоздавший пассажир купил новый билет. 12. Я не допущу, чтобы Ник кричал на тебя. 13. Доктор распорядился, чтобы пациента немедленно прооперировали. 14. Он потребовал, чтобы договор внимательно прочитали. 15. Фрэнк приказал, чтобы сделали ремонт. 16. Мэри попросила, чтобы сестра присмотрела за детьми. 17. Кларк потребовал, чтобы встречу отложили. 18. Гарри распорядился, чтобы его скуву хорошо кормили. 19. Клиент потребовал, чтобы компания возместила ему все убытки. 20. Роза потребовала, чтобы ей рассказали всю историю.
Сложное дополнение с глаголами желания и намерения

К глаголам желания и намерения можно отнести следующие глаголы:

to want — хотеть
to wish — хотеть, желать
to desire — желать

to mean — иметь в виду, хотеть
to intend — намереваться
to choose — решить, выбрать

None of the colleagues wanted me to get a promotion.
Ни одного коллеги не хотел, чтобы я получил повышение.
I didn’t intend you to sacrifice all you had.
Я не хотел, чтобы ты пожертвовал всем, что у тебя было.
She desired her son to be happy.
Она очень хотела, чтобы ее сын был счастлив.

Exercise 11. Paraphrase the following sentences using complex object.
Упражнение 11. Перепишите следующие предложения, используя сложно дополнение.

For example:

I want that Mark sets a good example to his younger brother. — I want **Mark to set** a good example to his younger brother.

1. My Granny didn’t want that I would lose any weight. 2. The doctor didn’t want that the patient got ill again. 3. Jeremy didn’t want that she got upset because of his present. 4. Tina chose that her son would go to the maths school. 5. I don’t wish that you lag behind the group. 6. I think Emily wishes that you take her out. 7. He didn’t have intention that this question got discussed at the meeting. 8. They didn’t want that the factory would be built in this place. 9. Rob wanted that she went to Africa with him. 10. The patient wanted that his family could visit him. 11. She meant that the colour of the dress should be green. 12. The coach doesn’t want that Jess leaves sport. 13. I would like it if you gave up smoking. 14. I wish that you would come to visit me for a week or two. 15. They didn’t have any intention that he would be sent for a business trip to the USA. 16. Did your parents mean that you would go to the medical institute? 17. The teacher didn’t want that the children learnt the text by heart. 18. Peter didn’t want that I saw his paintings. 19. The editor didn’t like the idea that that article would be published in the magazine. 20. Betty doesn’t want that he gets her telephone number.
Exercise 12. Translate into English.
Упражнение 12. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Они не хотели, чтобы я шла с ними в кино. 2. Полиция не хотела, чтобы движение замедлилось из-за аварии. 3. Преподаватель желал, чтобы все студенты сдали экзамен. 4. Писатель не намеревался публиковать книгу. 5. Я так хотела, чтобы в день моей свадьбы была хорошая погода. 6. Я не имел в виду, что ты должна готовить ужин прямо сейчас. 7. Правительство не хотело, чтобы люди были недовольны. 8. Мне бы хотелось, чтобы он подарил мне билет на самолет до Бразилии. 9. Компания не хотела, чтобы он перешёл в другое место. 10. Режиссер хотел, чтобы его фильм перевели на другие языки. 11. Никто не хотел, чтобы я получила главную роль. 12. Мария не хотела, чтобы они переехали в пригород. 13. Преподаватель не хотел, чтобы этого талантливого студента исключили из университета из-за болезни. 14. Рони не хотел, чтобы она шла с ним на матч. 15. Шеф-повар не имел намерения, чтобы суп был соленым. 16. Адам не хотел, чтобы кто-нибудь волновался о нем. 17. Люси желала, чтобы он пригласил ее на танец. 18. Ребёнок хотел, чтобы Дед Мороз лично вручил ему подарок. 19. Эмили очень желала, чтобы тренер похвалил ее. 20. Том хотел, чтобы собака принесла ему мячик.
Сложное дополнение с глаголами чувств и эмоций

К этой группе можно отнести следующие глаголы и выражения:
to like — нравиться
to dislike — не нравиться
to love — любить
cannot bear — не выносить
to hate — ненавидеть
cannot stand — не выносить

Exercise 13. Paraphrase the following sentences using complex object.
Упражнение 13. Перепрразуйте следующие предложения, используя сложное дополнение.

For example: I dislike when you talk like that. — I dislike you to talk like that.
1. I like when people tell the truth. 2. I hate when the tourist companies change the price of the holiday at the last moment. 3. I hate when he says he doesn’t like the food I cook. 4. I love that they help each other. 5. Professor Norman hates when students skip his lectures. 6. The teacher loves when the children are creative. 7. We love that he has so much confidence speaking in front of large groups. 8. I like when my teacher helps me with pronunciation. 9. I can’t stand when people abandon their animals on the streets. 10. His mom hates when he breaks the driving rules. 11. I can’t stand when they quarrel. 12. I don’t like when young people throw litter in the streets. 13. She likes when her friend makes surprises for her. 14. Mary likes that he has many hobbies. 15. He loves when she sings for him. 16. Passengers like when the driver is careful. 17. Eve doesn’t like that he eats so much. 18. I hate it when the books are torn. 19. Luke likes when she wakes him up in the morning. 20. I can’t bear when the children are noisy.

Exercise 14. Translate into English.
Упражнение 14. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Я люблю, когда они смеются. 2. Вики терпеть не может, когда люди говорят глупости. 3. Учитель любит, когда дети делают домашнее задание хорошо. 4. Я терпеть не могу, когда он спитничают. 5. Том ненавидит, когда она берет еду из его тарелки. 6. Они ненавидят, когда она говорит, что им делать. 7. Сара ненавидит, когда они опаздывают. 8. Я люблю, когда дети тихо играют друг с другом. 9. Мне нравится, когда мой муж готовит ужин. 10. Ему нравится, когда мама поет песни перед сном. 11. Нам нравится, когда молодые ученые получают возможности. 12. Мне нравится, когда мой друг мне звонит. 13. Я терпеть не могу, когда она плачет. 14. Мне не нравится, что дети ходят гулять поздно. 15. Моя сестра
любит, когда я играю на гитаре. 16. Я люблю, что он сам всегда решает все проблемы. 17. Мама терпеть не может, когда ты громко смотришь телевизор. 18. Он терпеть не может, когда они трогают его документы. 19. Они любят, когда мы заботимся о них. 20. Сэм любит, когда она говорит ему правду.
Сложное дополнение с глаголами чувственного восприятия

К данной группе можно отнести следующие глаголы:

- to see — видеть
- to hear — слышать
- to feel — чувствовать
- to watch — смотреть, наблюдать
- to observe — наблюдать
- to notice — замечать
- и т. д.

Инфинитив в составе сложного дополнения с данными глаголами употребляется без частицы “to”, если используется глагол чувственного восприятия активного залога. Например:

He heard her cry and came to ask what had happened.
Он услышал, что она плачет, и пришел спросить, что случилось.
I saw Alice take your mobile phone.
Я видела, как Элис брала твой мобильный телефон.

Инфинитив в составе сложного дополнения с данными глаголами употребляется с частицей “to”, если используется глагол чувственного восприятия пассивного залога:

He was seen to take his father’s car. — Видели, как он брал машину своего отца.

После глаголов чувственного восприятия используется только простой активный инфинитив. При необходимости передать пассивное значение используется причастие прошедшего времени (третья форма глагола или глагол с -ed).

Сравните:

I saw a policeman arrest the man. — Я видел, как полицейский арестовал мужчину.
I saw the man arrested. — Я видел, как мужчину арестовали.

Мы используем первое причастие (глагол с окончанием -ing), когда речь идет о действии в его развитии, процессе.

Сравните:

I saw him cook this cake. — Я видел, как он приготовил этот торт.
I saw him cooking this cake. — Я видел, как он готовил этот торт.
Exercise 15. Paraphrase the following sentences using complex object.
Упражнение 15. Перефразируйте следующие предложения, используя сложное дополнение.

For example:
The dog has eaten the steak but nobody saw it. — Nobody saw the dog eat the steak.
1. Some man knocked at our door. I saw it. 2. She put sugar to the soup instead of salt and he saw it. 3. We saw how the robber climbed over the fence. 4. We watched how the children were playing in the garden. 5. I noticed that she lost a lot of weight. 6. She didn’t hear how the orchestra played the music. 7. She felt how her heart beat fast. 8. Did you see that he put something in his pocket? 9. I heard how you mentioned my name. 10. I saw that you took the document from the table. 11. They saw how the dog attacked me but didn’t come to help me. 12. I noticed that Mary cried but didn’t know what had happened. 13. I saw how the car crossed the street with the red light. 14. Tom heard how they whispered but couldn’t make out the words. 15. The neighbours heard how Henry was shouting at his wife. 16. The doctor felt that the patient’s hands were shaking. 17. I saw how the light in the window went off. 18. We saw how Luke got into the car. 19. I noticed that she blushed when he looked at her. 20. Ben saw that Kate threw his present away.

Exercise 16. Translate into English.
Упражнение 16. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Я слышал, как твой телефон звонил. 2. Фрэнсис видел, как падала звезда. 3. Вэнди видела, как Том обнимал незнакомую девушку. 4. Полицейский заметил, что водитель нарушил правила. 5. Мы не заметили, как прошло время. 6. Айрис слышала, как завелся мотор. 7. Мы видели, как жокей преодолел препятствие. 8. Мы наблюдали, как солнце садится за горизонт. 9. Я заметила, что ты с интересом наблюдал за этой девушкой. 10. Мы видели, как гроза ударила по дереву. 11. Он внимательно наблюдал, как играет футболист. 12. Я видела, что он ушел из дома поздно ночью. 13. Брауны не слышали, как лаяла собака. 14. Я слышал, как она говорила без акцента. 15. Учитель видел, как студенты списывали. 16. Том вёл, что Элизабет читала книгу. 17. Я слышал, как дверь захлопнулась за ним. 18. Вы видели, как Джек продил кофе на меня? 19. Гарри видел, что дети играли в компьютер. 20. Мэри заметила, что голос Грега дрожал.

Если глаголы чувственного восприятия не используются в своем прямом значении, то вместо сложного дополнения употребляется придаточное предложение.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Сравните</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Надо сказать, что она не любила его.</td>
<td>Я заметила, как она гуляла в парке</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Он видел (понимал), что она не любила его.</td>
<td>совсем одна.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I saw her walk in the park all alone.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Я видел, как она гуляла в парке совсем одна.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| I heard that he left the town.              | I heard them sing Christmas carols |
| Я слышал (узнал), что он уехал из города.   | all together.                      |
| Я слышал, как они все вместе пели рождественские песни. |                                     |

После глаголов to see и to notice не используется сложное дополнение с глаголом to be. Например:

| I saw he was worried.                       | Mary noticed that you were down.   |
| Я заметил, что он был обеспокоен.           | Мэри заметила, что ты был расстроен. |
| Mary noticed that you were down.            |                                     |

**Exercise 17. Rewrite the sentences following the model. Use either Complex Object or a subordinate clause.**

Упражнение 17. Перепишите предложения по модели. Используйте либо сложное дополнение, либо придаточное предложение.

*For example:*

He didn’t understand the question. I saw it. — I saw he didn’t understand the question. (I saw = I realized)

He was playing the piano. I saw it. — I saw him playing the piano. (I saw it with my own eyes.)

1. Tom was wrong. I saw it. 2. Rob left the phone on the table. I saw it. 3. Lea found a new job. I heard about it. 4. He was preparing his speech. I heard it. 5. He was embarrassed. I noticed it. 6. They had met each other before. She saw it. 7. They were talking quietly. I heard them. 8. You bought a new car. I heard about it. 9. The children broke the vase. I saw it. 10. The car crashed into the tree. Harry saw it. 11. Steve is ill. I heard about it. 12. The music was playing in the hall and we heard it. 13. You got married. I heard it. 14. Your brother was unusually polite. I noticed it. 15. The robber escaped through the window. The policemen saw it. 16. Tom slipped on the ice and fell down. His friends saw that. 17. Nick travelled to Africa last year. Doris heard about it. 18. He was cooking the dinner and I saw it. 19. You were sad and I saw it. 20. The students were dancing. I saw it.

**Exercise 18. Translate into English.**

Упражнение 18. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Она заметила, что одно место было свободным. 2. Я видела, как они ели конфеты. 3. Пэй отвела взгляд, и я увидела, что она врала. 4. Дети видели, как котенок поймал бабочку. 5. Я видел,
что он устал. 6. Мы слышали, что вы купили новый дом. 7. Мы слышали, как соседи громко ругались. 8. Я заметил, что Сара была напутана. 9. Мы видели, что погода не будет хорошей. 10. Я заметил, что в комнате был беспорядок. 11. Норман слышал, что кафе рядом с его домом закрывается. 12. Мы видели, как он сам съел всю пиццу. 13. Я услышала, что у тебя новая девушка. 14. Он видел, как я тащила тяжелые сумки, и не помог мне. 15. Я вижу, что он был неправ, но согласилась. 16. Служанка заметила, что он был очень слаб. 17. Я вижу, что кто-то пользовался моим компьютером. 18. Мы слышали, что в этом районе построят новую школу. 19. Мы видели, как белка бежала к дереву. 20. Профессор видел, что она не знала правильного ответа.
Сложное дополнение с глаголами принуждения

К данной группе можно отнести следующие глаголы:

- to make — заставить
- to cause — заставить, распорядиться
- to get — добиться
- to have — заставить, сказать, чтобы
- to let — позволить

The noise made him turn his head.
Шум заставил его повернуть голову.

После глаголов make, let, have в активном залоге используется инфинитив без частицы "to".
После глагола make в пассивном залоге используется инфинитив с частицей "to". Такая конструкция называется сложное подлежащее (complex subject).

Например:
He made me smile. — Он заставил меня улыбнуться.
I was made to smile. — Меня заставили улыбнуться.

Exercise 19. Insert the particle "to" where necessary.
Упражнение 19. Вставьте частицу "to", где необходимо.

1. The doctor made him ___ do some sports. 2. The patient was made ___ do some sports. 3. The policeman heard the woman ___ cry. 4. The woman was heard ___ cry. 5. The rain made us ___ go home. 6. The students were made ___ stay after the classes. 7. Why did you make me ___ come at such an early hour? 8. He was made ___ leave the palace. 9. The company was made ___ reduce the level of production. 10. We heard Thomas ___ sing in the shower. 11. My sister made me ___ accompany her to the party. 12. Luke was made ___ help the old lady. 13. The witnesses saw this man ___ steal the jewel. 14. He was made ___ quit his job. 15. The teacher made the student ___ prepare the presentation. 16. The patient was made ___ take an additional examination before the surgery. 17. The minister was made ___ leave the conference hall. 18. Bob made me ___ meet him at the train station. 19. Who made you ___ cry? 20. What makes you ___ doubt me?
Exercise 20. Translate into English.
Упражнение 20. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Они заставили меня солгать. 2. Мама заставила сына почистить зубы. 3. Эта музыка заставляет меня думать о Рождестве.
4. Я не позволю тебе разбрасывать вещи. 5. Добейтесь, чтобы они пошли нам на уступки. 6. Начальник распорядился, чтобы зарплата непременно была выплачена в срок. 7. Постарайтесь добиться, чтобы мои подчиненные хорошо работали в команде. 8. Учитель заставил всех писать тест.
Сложное дополнение с глаголами, требующими употребления предлога

Как правило, сложное дополнение не используется с глаголами, требующими употребления предлога. Однако данная конструкция часто встречается после предлога for и иногда после предлогов on и upon (с глаголом rely).

Например:
I am waiting for you to decide.
Я жду, когда ты примешь решение.
I rely on you to come on time.
Я рассчитываю, что ты придешь вовремя.

Exercise 21. Open the brackets using the correct form of the infinitive in the following sentences.
Упражнение 21. Откройте скобки, используя правильную форму инфинитива в данных предложениях.

For example:
I was waiting for ____ (you/join) me. — I was waiting for you to join me.

1. The boss asked for ____ (the papers/bring). 2. I am very anxious for ____ (Mary/get) everything she wants. 3. The family was impatient for ____ (guests/leave) by their parents. 4. It’s important for ____ (children/love) by their parents. 5. Nicky waited for ____ (you/call) her. 6. I was waiting for ____ (you/invite) me to the party. 7. The lady asked for ____ (the dinner/serve). 8. The client asked for ____ (the wine/bring). 9. I rely on ____ (he/do) everything as it should be done. 10. I am not paying for ____ (he/spend) a night here. 11. It’s too late for ____ (we/stop) the investigation. 12. I have a lot of important things for ____ (you/do). 13. It’s good for ____ (he/be) out of town. 14. It is too complicated for ____ (I/understand). 15. It might be easier for ____ (you/give up) than to fight. 16. Don’t wait for ____ (he/spend) all your money. 17. It’s time for ____ (we/go). 18. I wasn’t there for ____ (he/help). 19. There is nothing for ____ (I/do) here. 20. I am waiting for ____ (you/tell) me the truth.

Exercise 22. Translate into English.
Упражнение 22. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Я ждал, когда ты дашь мне ответ. 2. Я не могу дождаться, когда ты увидишь мое платье. 3. Это важно для вас изучать иностранный язык. 4. Невозможно, чтобы она доверяла кому-либо.
5. Пора нам что-то с этим делать. 6. Он отошел, чтобы она прошла.
7. Единственное решение — это если Том изменит свой план.
8. Ей легко учить новый язык, потому что она уже говорит на двух
иностранных языках.
9. Не тебе решать.
10. Я рассчитываю, что ты
подготовишь проект как следует.
11. Я ждал, пока ты признаешь
свои ошибки.
12. Тебе не о чем беспокоиться.
13. Майк попросил,
чтобы договор отправили немедленно.
14. Слишком поздно тебе
идти одной домой.
15. Я ждала, когда он пригласит меня на ужин.
16. Важно, чтобы ты сдал этот экзамен.
17. Нам слишком позд-
но идти на рыбалку.
18. Я рассчитывала, что ты поможешь мне.
19. Я не дам денег, чтобы он отдал все своей подруге.
20. Легко
тебе говорить.
Exercise 23. Translate into English.
Упражнение 23. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Он сел и посадил меня рядом с собой. 2. Часто слышат, как она поёт, когда работает. 3. Я никогда не видел, чтобы кто-нибудь улыбался так искренне. 4. Он заявляет, что Гарри закончил университет с отличием. 5. Я не могу дождаться, когда ты приедешь. 6. Я не позволю тебе говорить со мной таким тоном! 7. Он заставил меня плакать. 8. Слишком рано тебе звонить начальнику. 9. Я не выношу, когда он мне лжет. 10. Она слышала, как он сказал, что уезжает. 11. Тома заставили покинуть проект. 12. Его заставили подписать эти бумаги. 13. Я хочу, чтобы он исчез из моей жизни. 14. Позвольте поздравить вас с заключением брака. 15. Лина терпеть не может, когда её муж храпит. 16. Мы ожидаем, что доход увеличится в два раза в следующем году. 17. Он заметил, что Марк нервничал. 18. Я считаю его хорошим лидером. 19. Мы видели, как обезьяна ела банан. 20. Я слышал, что ты получил повышение. Поздравляю.

Exercise 24. Choose the correct variant.
Упражнение 24. Выберите правильный вариант.

1. His parents always want ____ his room.
   A. that he cleaned
   B. him clean
   C. him to clean
   D. for him to clean

2. Have you ever heard ____? His voice is very beautiful.
   A. Tom singing
   B. that Tom sing
   C. Tom sings
   D. Tom to sing

3. Are you sure you saw ____ my keys?
   A. that he take
   B. his taking
   C. him to take
   D. him take

4. The lecturer said he’d like ____ down everything he said.
   A. that the students must to write
   B. the students to write
   C. the students writing
   D. the students write
5. Oh, no! You made _____ late for work again! It’s the second time this month. I can lose my job.
A. that I come
B. me to come
C. me coming
D. me come

6. He ordered _____ because they hadn’t managed to find a proper hall to play their music.
A. the concert be cancelled
B. the concert cancelled
C. that the concert was cancelled
D. the concert to be cancelled

7. They reported the famous actor _____ Africa to help poor children.
A. that he is visiting
B. to be visiting
C. to visit
D. him to be visiting

8. Do you see _____ there in the dark? I am scared.
A. someone to stand
B. that someone stand
C. someone standing
D. someone be standing

9. They say Allie _____ a very nice girl.
A. that she is
B. that she to be
C. to be
D. be

10. Is it too late for _____?
A. that we help you
B. us helping you
C. us to help you
D. us help you

11. This creepy sound made _____.
A. that I shiver
B. me shivering
C. me shiver
D. me to shiver

12. She didn’t let _____ what was in the parcel.
A. that I see
B. me seeing
C. me see
D. me to see
13. I know ______ a reliable person.
A. that he to be
B. him being
C. him be
D. him to be

14. The coach encouraged ______ before the championship.
A. that they train more
B. them train more
C. them training more
D. them to train

15. I had no choice. They made ______ a lie.
A. that I tell
B. me tell
C. me telling
D. me to tell

16. They considered ______ a coward.
A. that he be
B. him be
C. him being
D. him to be

17. I rely on ______ us in this matter.
A. that he will help
B. him help
C. him helping
D. him to help

18. He announced ______ an heir to the fortune.
A. that she was
B. her be
C. her being
D. her to be

19. I didn’t see ______ the room.
A. that you entered
B. you enter
C. your entering
D. you to enter

20. I thought ______.
A. him very clever
B. him be very clever
C. that he be very clever
D. him being very clever
Exercise 25. Find the mistakes.
Упражнение 25. Найдите ошибки.
1. I saw him to buy a diamond ring. I think he wants to propose to you!
2. I heard you cried. What has happened?
3. I’d like my son work in the bank.
4. They made I touch a snake.
5. Rob wanted that she goes to Africa with him.
6. The policemen announced they to be the robbers.
7. I heard you buy a new house.
8. Not many people know Abraham Lincoln be the only American president who had a patent.
9. Liz found he a very pleasant young man.
10. The clients expect the order to deliver by the next week.
11. The patient wanted his family visit him.
12. I hate you talk like that.
13. I won’t have you to ruin my life.
14. Don’t let him to fall asleep.
15. She desired him apologize to her.
16. I watched them to jump from the cliff into the water.
17. I didn’t mean your to do this instead of me.
18. Kelly waited him call her.
19. The lawyer made him to sign the contract.
20. Have him to do what you want!
Конструкция "have something done"

Конструкция "have something + Past Participle" используется, чтобы показать, что говорящий не сам совершил действие, а кто-то сделал это для него.

**Например:**
- I had my hair cut. — Я подстригся (не сам, кто-то подстриг меня).
- I had my car washed. — Я помыл машину (не сам, кто-то помыл её за меня).

**Сравните:**
- I washed my car. — Я помыл машину (сам).
- I cut my hair. — Я подстригся (сам).

Данная конструкция может использоваться в различных временных формах английского языка. В таблице представлены примеры с данной конструкцией в самых распространённых временах.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Время</th>
<th>Форма</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Present Simple** | He has his house cleaned every day.  
                              He doesn't have his house cleaned every day.  
                              Does he have his house cleaned every day?  |
| **Past Simple**   | He had his house cleaned yesterday.  
                              He didn't have his house cleaned yesterday.  
                              Did he have his house cleaned yesterday?  |
| **Future Simple** | He will have his house cleaned tomorrow.  
                              He won't have his house cleaned tomorrow.  
                              Will he have his house cleaned tomorrow?  |
| **Present Continuous** | He is having his house cleaned now.  
                              He isn't having his house cleaned now.  
                              Is he having his house cleaned now?  |
| **Past Continuous** | He was having his house cleaned at 5 o'clock yesterday.  
                              He wasn't having his house cleaned at 5 o'clock yesterday.  
                              Was he having his house cleaned at 5 o'clock yesterday?  |
| **Future Continuous** | He will be having his house cleaned at 5 o'clock tomorrow.  
                              He won't be having his house cleaned at 5 o'clock tomorrow.  
                              Will he be having his house cleaned at 5 o'clock tomorrow?  |
| **Present Perfect** | He has already had his house cleaned.  
                              He hasn't had his house cleaned yet.  
                              Has he had his house cleaned yet?  |

3 Третья форма глагола.
| Past Perfect                      | He had had his house cleaned by 5 o’clock yesterday.  
                                        | He hadn’t had his house cleaned by 5 o’clock yesterday.  
                                        | Had he had his house cleaned by 5 o’clock yesterday?  
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Present Perfect Continuous        | He has been having his house cleaned for 5 hours.  
                                        | He hasn’t been having his house cleaned for 5 hours.  
                                        | Has he been having his house cleaned for 5 hours?  
| Past Perfect Continuous          | He had been having his house cleaned for 5 hours.  
                                        | He hadn’t been having his house cleaned for 5 hours.  
                                        | Had he been having his house cleaned for 5 hours?  
| After a modal verb               | He must have his house cleaned.  
                                        | He doesn’t have to have his house cleaned.  
                                        | Can he have his house cleaned?  
| After “be going to”              | He is going to have his house cleaned.  
                                        | He isn’t going to have his house cleaned.  
                                        | Is he going to have his house cleaned?  
| After “like, love, hate, dislike”, etc. | He likes having his house cleaned.  
                                        | He doesn’t like having his house cleaned.  
                                        | Does he like having his house cleaned?  

Конструкция “have something done” иногда используется для описания неприятных событий:
She had her money stolen. — У нее украли деньги.
She had her car broken. — Её разбили машину.

**Exercise 26. Change the following sentences according to the model.**
**Упражнение 26. Измените следующие предложения согласно модели.**

*For example:*
John Brown washed his car yesterday. — Prince Roland had his cars washed yesterday.

1. John Brown cooked his dinner yesterday. 2. John Brown irons his shirts every day. 3. John Brown has just fixed his computer. 4. John Brown will clean his shoes tomorrow morning. 5. John Brown is washing his fish tank at the moment. 6. The Browns aren’t planting the flowers in their garden now. 7. John Brown has been painting the walls in his room for two hours. 8. John Brown had tidied up his flat by 3 o’clock yesterday. 9. The Browns do the shopping every Saturday. 10. John Brown was constructing a summer house at 4 o’clock yesterday. 11. John Brown is painting his wife’s portrait now. 12. John Brown likes decorating the Christmas tree. 13. John Brown is making a table for his son. 14. John Brown must take a dog for a walk every morning. 15. John Brown pays the bills in the bank every month. 16. John Brown checks
Exercise 27. Translate into English.
Упражнение 27. Переведите на английский язык.
1. Машина Майка у механика. Он её чинит. 2. Я думаю, что тебе нужно почистить пальто в химчистке. 3. Извините за неудобства. Мы уже позвонили в компанию и починим интернет вечером. 4. — Вы уже вызывали водопроводчика? — Конечно, мы починим трубы вечером. 5. — У тебя новая стрижка? — Да, я подстриглась вчера. 6. Я не могу сейчас разговаривать, мне вырывают зуб! 7. Я не покупаю платья, я шью их. Хочешь, я дам тебе адрес ателье? 8. Мы сейчас живём в Лондоне у родителей, в нашей квартире в Оксфорде сейчас ремонт. 9. Джону делают свежевыжатый сок. Сейчас официант его принесет. 10. Мы поехали к ветеринару и сделали собаке прививку. 11. Мэри поехала к программисту. Она должна переустановить антивирус. 12. Я сейчас с профессором, проверяю диплом. 13. Джон напечатал книгу в прошлом месяце. 14. Она красила волосы три часа, но результат получился ужасным. 15. У нее украли сумку. 16. Мы подключаем высокоскоростной интернет в нашем доме за городом. 17. Я напечатала наши детские фотографии и заплатила всего 20 долларов. 18. Он сделал анализ крови и выяснил, что совершенно здоров. 19. Анджела сделала себе очки и теперь всё видит. 20. Я покрасил машину, чтобы не было видно царапин.

Exercise 28. Choose the correct variant.
Упражнение 28. Выберите правильный вариант.
1. Where is Steve now? He is sleeping. He _______ after the storm for 6 hours and got exhausted.
   A. had been fixing the roof
   B. had been having the roof fixed

2. Peter ______ yesterday and was shocked. He hadn’t imagined it would be so expensive.
   A. fixed his car
   B. had his car fixed

3. Jeremy hates doing the housework. That’s why he _______ every Saturday.
   A. cleans his house
   B. has his house cleaned
4. Jane hates when people touch her things or come into her house. That’s one of the reasons she _____ herself every Saturday.
   A. cleans her house
   B. has her house cleaned

5. He is trying to save money for a trip. That’s why he ____ once a fortnight.
   A. washes his car
   B. has his car washed

6. He is a very busy man and he ____ while having a business meeting in the restaurant nearby.
   A. washes his car
   B. has his car washed

7. Smile and look at me! I ____.
   A. will take a photo of you
   B. will have a photo of you taken

8. Tomorrow morning she goes to the hair stylist because she ____ for a magazine tomorrow afternoon.
   A. will take a photo
   B. will have her photo taken

9. I must call the police immediately! I ____.
   A. have stolen my car
   B. have had my car stolen.

10. I have already called the gardener. I will ______.
    A. have the hedge cut tomorrow
    B. cut the hedge tomorrow
The Complex Subject

Сложное подлежащее — это особая конструкция английского языка. Она состоит из существительного в общем падеже или местоимения в именительном падеже (I, you, he, she, it, we, they) и сказуемого, в состав которого входит инфинитив. Инфинитив в сложном подлежащем может использоваться в любой из своих шести форм.

Формы инфинитива:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Active Активный</th>
<th>Passive Пассивный</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Simple Простой</td>
<td>to bring</td>
<td>to be brought</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous Длительный</td>
<td>to be bringing</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perfect Перфектный</td>
<td>to have brought</td>
<td>to have been brought</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perfect Continuous Длительный перфектный</td>
<td>to have been bringing</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Предложения со сложным подлежащим обычно переводятся на русский язык при помощи слов «говорят, думают, сообщают, видели, слышали, оказалось, случилось» и т. п.

Exercise 29. Translate the sentences into Russian.
Pay attention to Complex Subject.
Упражнение 29. Переведите предложения на русский язык. Обратите внимание на употребление сложного подлежащего.

1. The famous actor was seen to turn round the corner. 2. He is known to have a unique collection of rare gemstones. 3. They seemed to have met before. 4. She was made to tell the truth. 5. She is sure to be late again. 6. He was said to speak French very well. 7. It was considered to be a secret but you let the cat out of the bag as usual. 8. This film is said to be a work of art. 9. We happened to bump into our old friend in the street. 10. The project proved to be a failure. 11. Jack was heard to call his ex-girlfriend. 12. He was allowed to take a puppy home provided he took good care of it. 13. He seemed to be an honest man. 14. The dog was heard to bark in the street. 15. They were not allowed to play computer games in their mother’s absence. 16. The president is believed to stay secretly in this hotel. 17. Katherine is very strong. She is not likely to cry. 18. The ship was seen to leave the harbour. 19. Are you sure to marry her? 20. He happened to arrive first.
Сложное подлежащее с глаголами чувственного восприятия

Сложное подлежащее часто употребляется с глаголами чувственного восприятия пассивного залога. К данной группе можно отнести следующие глаголы:

to see — видеть

to hear — слышать

to feel — чувствовать

to notice — замечать

и т. д.

Инфинитив в данной конструкции употребляется с частицей “to”.

Например:
He was seen to leave the building.

Видели, как он покинул здание.

Если речь идет о процессе, то используется причастие вместо инфинитива.
He was seen walking in the park.

Видели, как он прогуливается в парке.

Exercise 30. Paraphrase the following sentences using the complex subject.
Упражнение 30. Перепрразируйте следующие предложения, используя сложное подлежащее.

For example: Tom was reading his boss’s personal messages, and some of his colleagues saw it. — Tom was seen to read his boss’s personal messages.

1. Somebody heard that he was telling a lie. 2. We saw that this boy stole a chocolate from the shop. 3. We saw that this man hit the boy on the bicycle. 4. He was talking about quitting his job and somebody heard it. 5. He was impolite to the customers and his colleagues heard it. 6. John entered the wrong password and we saw it. 7. Somebody heard how he was threatening a little boy. 8. Somebody saw that he was walking in the forest. 9. We heard that the music was playing in the park. 10. Somebody saw that the bear was walking near the village. 11. Somebody saw how your parrot flew out of the window. 12. We heard that the nightingale was singing at night. 13. Somebody saw that the students left the lecture earlier. 14. Somebody saw how you smiled at him. 15. Somebody heard that you gossiped about my private life. 16. Somebody saw how he was buying a box of chocolates. 17. Somebody saw that he left the office at 5 pm. 18. We saw that she went to the doctor. 19. I heard that they
were talking about love. 20. Somebody saw that the children went to the roller-coaster.

**Exercise 31. Translate into English.**
**Упражнение 31. Переведите на английский язык.**
1. Слышали, что Джек пел в душе. 2. Видели, что Эла купила котенка. 3. Слышали, как завели машину где-то около часа ночи. 4. Видели, что Том готовился к экзамену в библиотеке. 5. Слышали, как мистер Смит стучал в кабинет начальника. 6. Видели, как лошадь преодолела все препятствия. 7. Видели, как шеф готовил это экзлюзивное блюдо. 8. Видели, что парашютист приземлился на поле. 9. Видели, как Генри читал книгу по астрономии. 10. Слышно было, что музыка играла до полуночи. 11. Слышали, что Тони шептал что-то Грейс. 12. Видели, что Кейт вышла из дома в два часа дня. 13. Видели, что Майк начал драку с Томом. 14. Его часто видели прогуливающимся вдоль набережной. 15. Видели, как он взял документы из стола начальника. 16. Слышали, как соседи ругались всю ночь. 17. Видели, как эта собака напала на человека. 18. Слышали, как он угрожал ограбить банк. 19. Видели, как дерево упало на дом. 20. Слышали, как дети кричали на улице.
Сложное подлежащее с глаголами умственной активности

Сложное подлежащее часто употребляется с глаголами умственной активности пассивного залога. К данной группе можно отнести следующие глаголы:

- to think — думать
- to consider — считать
- to know — знать
- to expect — ожидать
- to believe — верить, считать
- to suppose — предполагать, полагать

**Например:**

He is known to be a diligent student. — Известно, что он прилежный студент.

The cathedral is believed to have been built in the 13th century. — Полагают, что собор был построен в 13 веке.

Luke was thought to be guilty. — Думали, что Люк был виновен.

The delegation was not expected to arrive so early. — Не ожидали, что делегация прибудет так рано.

He was supposed to support you. — Предполагалось, что он будет поддерживать тебя.

Mr. White is considered to be the best doctor in the town. — Мистер Уайт считается лучшим доктором в городе.

**Exercise 32. Paraphrase the following sentences using the complex subject.**

Упражнение 32. Перепhrазируйте следующие предложения, используя сложное подлежащее.

**For example:** It is believed that Stephen got a new job offer. — Stephen is believed to get a new job offer.

1. It is known that this fruit grows only in tropical countries. 2. It is known that this city was destroyed during the Second World War. 3. It is supposed that the meeting will finish in 2 hours. 4. It was expected that he would take his girlfriend with him. 5. It is believed that Helen is an adopted child. 6. It is known that this company provides only the best goods. 7. It is considered that this is the best solution of the problem. 8. It was considered that this hockey team was going to win. 9. It was supposed that the police would protect the witness. 10. It was believed that Alex was at home. 11. It was thought that Thomas was visiting his Granny in York. 12. It was supposed that the house would be constructed in two weeks. 13. It is supposed that he is a very stubborn person. 14. It was known that he had failed to prove his innocence. 15. It was expected that the plane would land in London. 16. It was thought that the storm would not be dangerous. 17. It was supposed that Bob would start work on Monday. 18. It was considered that this university was very good.
19. It was considered that he was my best friend. 20. It is known that this building is the oldest in the town.

Exercise 33. Translate into English.
Упражнение 33. Переведите на английский язык.
1. Известно, что Джон хорошо рисует. 2. Считают, что он умный.
3. Полагают, что он будет следующим, кто получит повышение.
4. Известно, что римляне начали первыми строить многочисленные каменные мосты.
5. Считают, что Черепахий остров — один из самых красивых в мире.
6. Известно, что врач — одна из самых престижных работ в мире.
7. Верят, что в озере Лох-Несс живет монстр.
8. Известно, что Мишель работает очень много.
9. Полагают, что это лето будет жарким.
10. Считают, что Энн получит премию.
11. Предполагается, что смех продлевает жизнь.
12. Водопад Анхель считается самым высоким в мире.
13. Известно, что Дэн оказал существенную помощь компании.
14. Полагают, что глобальное потепление — это одна из самых больших угроз человечеству.
15. Думают, что брат придет завтра.
16. Известно, что мистер Браун превосходный специалист.
17. Считают, что Марк сделал научное открытие.
18. Считается, что женщины говорят больше мужчин.
19. Считают, что Энн и Том поженятся.
20. Рокси считается самой красивой девушкой в деревне.
Сложное подлежащее с глаголом to make

Сложное подлежащее часто употребляется с глаголом to make пассивного залога. Важно не перепутать сложное дополнение и сложное подлежащее, чтобы определить, нужна ли частица to перед инфинитивом.

Сравните:

He made me cry. — Он заставил меня плакать.
I was made to cry. — Меня заставили плакать.

Exercise 34. Insert "to" where needed.
Упражнение 34. Вставьте частицу "to" там, где необходимо.

1. He was made ___ tell the truth. 2. The students were made ___ retake their tests. 3. My boss made me ___ work overtime and didn’t pay. 4. She was made ___ change her decision. 5. He made me ___ dance. 6. They were made ___ leave the room. 7. The employees were made ___ gather in the hall. 8. Why did you make me ___ clean up your mess? 9. John was made ___ go to university. 10. The dog was made ___ sleep outside. 11. I was made ___ sing in a choir. 12. The teacher made me ___ stay at school after the classes. 13. I was made ___ help him with the project. 14. The child was made ___ eat the porridge. 15. He made Jane ___ close the door. 16. Who made you ___ cook? 17. The librarian made Paul ___ give the books back. 18. Kevin made me ___ play chess with him. 19. I was made ___ quit. 20. Rose made Nick ___ buy her a new bag.

Exercise 35. Translate into English.
Упражнение 35. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Его заставили принять участие в конференции. 2. Директор школы заставил всех школьников сдать тест. 3. Меня заставили солгать. 4. Фред заставил её отдать свою книгу. 5. Их заставили убрать в комнате. 6. Мэра города заставили идти в отставку. 7. Чувство вины заставило его признаться во всем. 8. Меня заставили купить новый компьютер. 9. Рон заставил меня надеть лыжи. 10. Нас заставили предать друга. 11. Джастин заставил нас выкинуть остатки пищи и придерживаться диеты. 12. Их заставили сдаться. 13. Детей заставили отпустить котенка. 14. Его заставили пропустить машину. 15. Он заставил нас пойти на забастовку. 16. Владельца завода заставили поднять зарплату. 17. Вы заставили нас ждать. 18. Почему вы заставили меня сомневаться в вас? 19. Грея заставили купить эту недвижимость. 20. Ее заставили подписать этот контракт.
Сложное подлежащее также часто используется с глаголами to say и to report.

Например:
The Prime Minister was reported to leave the country.
Сообщили, что премьер-министр покинул страну.
She is said to be a real beauty.
Говорят, что она настоящая красавица.

Exercise 36. Paraphrase the following sentences using the complex subject.
Упражнение 36. Переписаните следующие предложения, используя сложное подлежащее.

For example: They say that Mr Walt is a very intelligent man. —
Mr Walt is said to be a very intelligent man.
1. They say that this task is very important. 2. They report that the kidnappers have been arrested. 3. They say that Ryan has a very strong character. 4. They reported that the fire had been extinguished. 5. They say that the exam is very difficult. 6. They say that the Arctic Ice is melting. 7. They say that English is easier than Chinese. 8. They say physical exercise can actually make us feel happier. 9. They reported that the tornado was approaching the city. 10. They say that Mr Howard had invested into this company. 11. They say Mary to be Theresa’s step-daughter. 12. They say that Lola speaks five languages. 13. They say that Norman is a space engineer. 14. They say that Mary is pregnant. 15. They say that he is accused of murder. 16. They reported that no people had died in the avalanche. 17. They say we are friends. 18. They say that Rob has stolen the money. 19. They say she is a princess. 20. They reported that a dangerous criminal escaped from prison.

Exercise 37. Translate into English.
Упражнение 37. Переведите на английский язык.
1. Говорят, что зимы в Сибири очень суровые. 2. Сообщили, что лекарство от этой болезни было найдено. 3. Говорят, что Элиса поет очень хорошо. 4. Говорят, что он пишет новую книгу. 5. Сообщают, что цены на общественный транспорт поднялись. 6. Говорят, что уровень инфляции снова повысился. 7. Говорят, что Джек вышел на пенсию очень рано. 8. Говорят, что Гарри купил новую машину. 9. Говорят, что улыбка решает все проблемы. 10. Сообщают, что трое пострадавших были найдены. 11. Говорят, что фрукты очень полезны для здоровья. 12. Сообщают, что рейс откладывается на два часа. 13. Говорят, что ты очень смелый. 14. Говорят, что раньше
здесь жили племена майя. 15. Говорят, что Виктор и Лили уехали жить в другой город. 16. Говорят, что он прибудет завтра. 17. Гово-
рят, что они заняли у миссис Томсон денег и так их и не вернули.
18. Говорят, что фильм начнется в восемь часов. 19. Сообщают, что ветер очень сильный. 20. Говорят, что дом нашего соседа сгорел.
Сложное подлежащее с глаголами со значением «казаться»

Сложное подлежащее также часто употребляется с глаголами данной группы. К ним можно отнести следующие слова:

to seem — казаться
to happen — оказаться, случиться
to appear — казаться, оказаться
to chance — в значении "оказаться"
to prove — оказаться
to turn out — оказаться

This story proved to be a lie.
Оказалось, что эта история была ложью.
He seemed to be anxious about the matter.
Он, кажется, был очень обеспокоен по этому поводу.
She appeared to be right.
Оказались, что она была права.

Exercise 38. Paraphrase the following sentences using the complex subject.
Упражнение 38. Перепишите следующие предложения, используя сложное подлежащее.

1. It seems that he speaks French well. 2. It turned out that the explosion had been caused by a gas leak. 3. It was proved that the method under discussion was effective. 4. It happened that we met again at the party. 5. It seems that George disapproves the decisions of his partners. 6. It turned out that he was a liar. 7. It seemed that she was sleeping. 8. It seems that he has gained some weight. 9. It seems that you are very busy. I will call you back later. 10. It turned out that this sport was quite dangerous. 11. It proved that she was a very good friend. 12. It turned out that that dress was a real bargain and she couldn’t refuse it. 13. It turned out that Jose was Maria’s stepbrother. 14. It turned out that the fridge was empty. 15. It turned out that the students were late. 16. It turned out that she had made this dress herself. 17. It happened that we first met in the kindergarten. 18. It happened that I met a famous actor in the street. 19. It seems that your husband does all the work about the house. 20. It turned out that his threats were real.

Exercise 39. Translate into English.
Упражнение 39. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Оказалось, что его исключили из университета два месяца назад. 2. Так случилось, что я встретил их в кинотеатре. 3. Казалось, что он был очень взволнован последними новостями. 4. Казалось, что все слушали лекцию очень внимательно. 5. Это путешествие
оказалось плохой идей. 6. Оказалось, что новый повар готовил не так вкусно, как старый. 7. Оказалось, что у компании больше не было денег. 8. Оказалось, что документы были подделкой. 9. Этот магазин показался мне очень дорогим. 10. Это исследование оказалось слишком дорогостоящим. 11. Маленький котенок казался совсем беззащитным. 12. Оказалось, что было слишком много людей на площади, и мы отправились в парк. 13. Оказалось, что он купил билет на балет, а не на мюзикл. 14. Казалось, что Эндрю злился на нее за что-то. 15. Казалось, это была самая прекрасная ночь в моей жизни. 16. Оказалось, что мы ехали слишком быстро и нарушили скоростной режим. 17. Оказалось, что Джейсон обманул всех. 18. Оказалось, что он был единственным другом, готовым прийти на помощь в беде. 19. Казалось, что погода ухудшилась. 20. Мы, казалось, попали в ловушку.
Сложное подлежащее с выражениями
*to be likely, to be sure, to be certain*

Сложное подлежащее также может использоваться после выражений *to be likely* — возможно, вероятно; *to be unlikely* — вряд ли; *to be sure* — бесспорно, несомненно; *to be certain* — обязательно, несомненно.

_for example:_
He is likely to follow in his father’s footsteps.
Он, вероятно, пойдет по стопам отца.
They are unlikely to meet again.
Вряд ли они встретятся снова.
Alison is sure to get angry when she finds out about your lie.
Элисон наверняка разозлится, когда узнает о твоей лжи.
It is certain to happen.
Это обязательно произойдет.

Exercise 40. Paraphrase the following sentences using the complex subject.
Упражнение 40. Перепреразуйте следующие предложения, используя сложное подлежащее.

1. It’s probable that it will rain tomorrow. 2. It is sure that Mike will run his father’s business. 3. It is sure that you will enjoy the sightseeing tour in Petersburg. 4. It’s probable that he will get a fine for having parked here. 5. It is sure that Granny will make a pie when her grandchildren come. 6. If you wash this T-shirt in hot water, it is sure that the colour will run. 7. It is certain that you will have some rest on the farm. 8. It is sure that he will win the game. 9. It is certain that Mike will be a good father. 10. It is possible that Sam and Sue will invite me to their wedding party. 11. It is sure that she is going to enjoy this boat trip. 12. It is certain that Annabel is going to be a great writer. 13. It is sure that the police are going to find the criminal. 14. It is likely that we will not finish work before deadline. 15. It is likely that there will be no parking places near the office. 16. It is likely that he will make a good impression on everybody. 17. It is sure that you will need a raincoat. It often rains in England in autumn. 18. It is likely that he will go to the gym tomorrow. 19. It is certain the party will be cancelled. 20. It is certain that you will lose weight if you follow this diet.
Exercise 41. Translate into English.
Упражнение 41. Переведите на английский язык.
1. Вероятно, что он спрятал документы в доме своей сестры.
2. Вряд ли он придет.
3. Вряд ли они поженятся.
4. Вероятно, мы опоздаем на встречу.
5. Он обязательно поддержит нас.
6. Завтра непременно будет дождь.
7. Вряд ли эта компания будет успешной.
8. Мы непременно навестим тебя на следующей неделе.
9. Слухи о банкротстве наверняка вызовут панику.
10. Вы наверняка подружитесь.
11. Он непременно победит в соревнованиях.
12. Вероятно, она закончит университет с красным дипломом.
13. Вряд ли начальник будет доволен результатом.
14. Школа, скорее всего, закупит новые книги.
15. Экспедиция, вероятно, вернется через два месяца.
16. Он обязательно полюбит тебя.
17. Ты непременно поможешь другу в беде.
18. Эта собака непременно перевернет все вверх дном.
19. Вряд ли я выучу китайский.
20. Они похожи как две капли воды. Вряд ли ты поймешь, кто из них Джек, а кто Джон.
Exercise 42. Choose the correct variant.
Упражнение 42. Выберите правильный вариант.

1. He was seen _____ the house with his luggage. He must have gone on a trip.
   A. leave  B. to leave  C. to have left  D. have left

2. All the passengers are believed ______ safely yesterday.
   A. arrive  B. to arrive  C. to have arrived  D. arriving

3. He is likely ____ at the moment. He always plays the guitar in the afternoon.
   A. to play  B. to be playing  C. to have played  D. play

4. The sculpture is believed ____ in the 18th century.
   A. be made  B. to be made  C. to have been made  D. to have made

5. Lisa seemed ___ very interested in the problem.
   A. be  B. being  C. to be  D. to have been

6. The construction of this skyscraper is supposed ______ in 2020.
   A. finish  B. finishing  C. to finish  D. to have finished

7. You are _____ to catch a train. It’s too late now.
   A. likely  B. certain  C. sure  D. unlikely

8. All our efforts proved _____ in vain.
   A. be  B. to be  C. being  D. to have been

9. I saw Mike _____ the room quietly.
   A. enter  B. to enter  C. to have entered  D. have entered

10. He is considered ____ the greatest writer of this period.
    A. to be  B. be  C. being  D. to have been

Exercise 43. Translate into English.
Упражнение 43. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Говорят, что Элиза говорит на пяти языках. 2. Считают, что он хорошо рисует картины. 3. Вероятно, проект закончат к сроку. 4. Говорят, что ваш сосед — талантливый художник. 5. Сообщают, что многие люди остались без дома после урагана. 6. Известно, что Стив очень богатый холостяк. 7. Предполагалось, что ты поедешь за покупками, а не будешь спать целый день! 8. Ожидается, что новую школу построят в следующем году. 9. Вряд ли они пригласят меня
на свадьбу. Мы не общались на протяжении трех лет. 10. Слышино было, как открылась дверь гаража. 11. Случилось так, что мы остались в одном и том же отеле. 12. Он, кажется, готовит романтический ужин сейчас. 13. Он, кажется, набрал неправильный номер. 14. Оказалось, что работать учителем трудно. 15. Предполагалось, что друзья встретятся около кинотеатра. 16. По-видимому, погода скоро наладится. 17. Он наверняка очень устал. 18. Слышили, как он кричал на жену. 19. Нам разрешили присутствовать на собрании. 20. Его заставили изменить проект.

Exercise 44. Find the infinitive construction and tell if it is complex object or complex subject.

Упражнение 44. Найдите инфинитивные конструкции и определите, какие из них являются сложным дополнением, а какие — сложным подлежащим.

1. If we don’t stay out of sight, someone is likely to recognize us (Lemony Snicket. The Carnivorous Carnival). 2. The Regency Council is said to have been absent from the city when the enemy struck (Walter M. Miller, Jr. A Canticle For Leibowitz). 3. “Remy freed me.” “As I ordered him to do. I am only sorry you had to endure captivity for so long.” (Dan Brown. The Da Vinci Code). 4. No one seems to care that he’s a candidate in psych, not Russian lit — they’re just short copy editors, so he’s mine (Lauren Weisberger. The Devil Wears Prada). 5. The ironic part was that I didn’t even care who she was, but Emily was clearly not going to give this up until she’d made me look like a complete and total loser (Lauren Weisberger. The Devil Wears Prada). 6. Now, I imagine you have something for me to sign? (Dan Brown. The Da Vinci Code). 7. If that is the truth, then let us come in and ask our questions (Michael Connelly. City Of Bones). 8. Well, nobody on the perimeter saw her leave either (Dan Brown. The Da Vinci Code). 9. Dad and I were made to wait on a bench in the police Station for two hours last night (Helen Fielding. Bridget Jones’s Diary). 10. Roger bumped, fumbled with a hiss of breath, and passed onwards. He heard them whispering, “Can you see anything?” (William Golding. Lord of the Flies). 11. No one would dare attack a bunch of fierce lions, so the diamonds are sure to arrive safely (Lemony Snicket. The Carnivorous Carnival). 12. I hadn’t known his full name, and believed him to be what he was said to be, a new gardener working for Buildings and Grounds (Kurt Vonnegut. Hocus Pocus). 13. I think it’s time for you to meet Miranda (Lauren Weisberger. The Devil Wears Prada). 14. Cried for days, and made me promise not to tell anyone what she’d discovered (Lauren Weisberger. The Devil Wears Prada). 15. The room was a grotto — a coarse chamber that appeared to have been hollowed from the granite of the hillside (Dan Brown. The Da Vinci Code). 16. Anything that bothers you is certain to bother me (Erle Stanley Gardner. The Case of the Daring Divorcee). 17. It was
impossible now to venture out of the shelter of the buildings. After a few minutes the men were seen to be running in all directions. Then there was a deafening roar (George Orwell. Animal Farm). 18. “You must be Ilana,” I said, sensing that I somehow had seniority in the situation and was expected to take charge (Lauren Weisberger. The Devil Wears Prada). 19. Tightening the rope-tie around his waist, he raised the hood over his head and allowed his red eyes to admire his reflection in the mirror (Dan Brown. The Da Vinci Code). 20. As though we knew which nylon bags were all the rage among ten-year-olds or at which one of four hundred antique stores in the seventies — east or west, by the way? — she happened to spot something she liked at some point in the past fifteen years (Lauren Weisberger. The Devil Wears Prada).

Exercise 45. Translate into English. Упражнение 45. Переведите на английский язык.

1. Мэри дала мне номер телефона своего парикмахера. Завтра я подстригу волосы. 2. Я слышал, как собака лаяла на улице. 3. Мальш видел, как обезьяна взяла банан со стола. 4. Видели, как Лайэм выходил из магазина с большим пакетом. 5. Дети видели, как фокусник достал из пляшки кролика. 6. Слышали, как она громко смеялась. 7. Мы непременно отправимся на медовый месяц. 8. Родители хотели, чтобы сын поступил в университет. 9. Его заставили продать акцию. 10. Они не позволили ему ответить на телефонный звонок. 11. Случилось так, что мы опоздали на поезд. 12. Предполагалось, что это наш секрет. 13. Верил, что Земля была плоская. 14. Меня заставили есть шоколадку. 15. Известно, что он всегда помогает Тине. 16. Она поехала в сервис и поменяла шины. 17. Слишком поздно тебе спорить. 18. Было слышно, как кто-то говорил в соседней комнате. 19. Вильям не хотел, чтобы мы переживали, и не сказал нам всей правды. 20. Я видела, как ты поливал цветы в саду.

Exercise 46. Insert the particle “to” where necessary. Упражнение 46. Вставьте частицу “to”, где необходимо.

1. I won’t have you ___ skip the classes. 2. Mrs. Kent was heard ___ laugh loudly. 3. The villagers watched the fire ___ destroy their houses. 4. I didn’t mean him ___ drive a car. 5. The officer ordered the soldiers to march. 6. He was supposed ___ pick me up at 4 pm but he never showed up. 7. The politician was heard ___ tell a lie. 8. He is sure ___ marry her. 9. Nobody saw the squirrel ___ jump into the house. 10. I felt my cheeks ___ blush. 11. He made me ___ lie. 12. Don’t let us ___ lose hope. 13. The parents allowed the child ___ go camping. 14. He was made ___ tidy up his room. 15. I saw you ___ cry. What has happened? 16. My brother happened ___ be in the city just when I needed him. 17. Elisabeth didn’t want him ___ give up on his dream.
18. Ruth is likely ____ fight for the cause. 19. I just wish all the people ____ be happy. 20. He made me ____ pay back the money immediately.

Exercise 47. Find mistakes in the following sentences. There are two correct sentences.
Упражнение 47. Найдите ошибки в следующих предложениях. Здесь есть два правильных предложения.
1. No parking is likely be free in the city center.
2. I was waiting for your to invite me to the party.
3. Don't let his go.
4. Have him to tell you all the truth.
5. He said Kerry be very boring.
6. The patient wanted his family visiting him.
7. All the passengers are believed to arrive safely yesterday.
8. Granny wants us visit her more often.
9. He had had his house cleaned for 5 hours.
10. He has his car wash once a fortnight.
11. He was allowed to have taken a puppy home provided he took good care of it.
12. I didn’t know Eddie Murphy singing so well.
13. I didn’t want you fight.
14. I hate the tourist companies change the price of the holiday at the last moment.
15. I rely on he to help us in this matter.
16. I saw him to misunderstand the matter.
17. Helen is believed be an adopted child.
18. It proved that she was a very good friend.
19. He has his fish tank washed at the moment.
20. She didn’t hear the orchestra played the music.
21. The customer required the package get a shipment number.
22. The employees were made gather in the hall.
23. The rain made us going home.
24. The weathermen announced the weather be windy.
25. Physical exercise say to make us feel happier.
26. I heard them to talking quietly.
27. Tina chose her son to go to the maths school.
28. We heard the nightingale to sing at night.
29. Wendy saw Tom to hugging a stranger girl.
30. Jack is said to have went on pension very early.
31. Bob’s friends never knew him be so romantic.
32. I don’t like the children go out so late.
33. We watched the sun to set over the horizon.
34. Nobody wanted I to get the main part.
35. We went aside to let her to pass.
36. Let me to congratulate you on your marriage.
37. The professor saw her not to know the right answer.
38. Parents usually expect the children be obedient.
39. The neighbours were to hear quarrelling all the night.
40. The garage door was heard open.
41. — Do you have a new hair-cut? — Yes, I had my hair cut yesterday.
42. The feeling of guilt made him to confess everything.
43. This research was turned out to be too expensive.
44. I won’t let the company go bankrupted.
Keys

Exercise 1.
1. We expect the trip to be exciting. 2. We were watching the fish swim in the tank. 3. The books made me see this world differently. 4. The hikers didn’t notice the bear come close to fire. 5. Her parents want her to stay with them. 6. People hope this politician to help them. 7. Have you ever seen the eagle catch his prey? 8. I consider this writer to be very talented. 9. I felt somebody touch my hand. 10. The teacher wanted the students to stay after class to prepare for the exam better. 11. I heard the music play in the hall. 12. I didn’t want you to fight. 13. The children noticed the teacher to be distracted. 14. I hope that problem to be resolved soon. 15. Rose knew Lee to be a reliable person. 16. The coach didn’t let football players take a minute of rest. 17. I don’t believe him to have stolen that jewellery. 18. I hate them to interfere. 19. Mom couldn’t get the son to tidy his room. 20. Steward wanted her to go on a trip with him.

Exercise 2.
1. I know very well him to be right. 2. Everybody knew him to be a brave man. 3. Everybody knows her to read poems very well. 4. Do you know him to be a reliable partner? 5. We expected them to arrive early. 6. She noticed it to be torn. 7. Bill never heard him speak about his life in Canada. 8. I saw it chew your shoe. 9. I wanted him to help me with repairs. 10. Sophie heard them talk about business. 11. There are some documents I want him/her to prepare for me. 12. What I want is him to come and see me. 13. I didn’t know him to sing so well. 14. I didn’t know them to get on so well. 15. It was impossible not to notice her take after her mother. 16. We didn’t expect him/her to come out so fast. 17. The king ordered them to be saddled. 18. I didn’t mean her to do all the work. 19. I expected him to be more responsible. 20. I don’t want them to watch TV so much.

Exercise 3.

Exercise 4.
1. I saw him fall. 2. This director is known to make good films. 3. I felt somebody pull my bag in a crowded bus. 4. Love to chocolate made me cuddly. 5. We didn’t expect the parents to come so fast. 6. Mister and Missis Blackely wanted their son to work in an international company. 7. Nick seems to be ill. I heard him sneeze. 8. I consider this to be a wonderful decision. 9. The teacher wanted the children to draw winter. 10. Don’t let fear stop you. 11. This old film always makes me smile. 12. I have never seen anyone laugh so sincerely. 13. I saw our competitor to speak our client. 14. Bob’s friends didn’t know him to be such a romantic. 15. Do you consider such behaviour acceptable? 16. Professor found your work quite banal. 17. We expected the weather to be sunny. 18. You can’t make me change my flat. 19. I heard them discuss a new girlfriend of the boss. 20. Don’t let the others hurt you.

Exercise 5.
1. I didn’t know Thomas to be so tall. 2. Maggie didn’t know her neighbour to be married. 3. I consider Mr Jenkins to be a very good teacher. 4. The doctors didn’t think this virus to be so dangerous. 5. Tom didn’t realise me to be your sister. 6. Not many people know Abraham Lincoln to be the only American president who has
a patent. 7. Nobody in the town knew him to be the criminal. 8. Ann didn’t believe him to be such a scoundrel. 9. I imagined you to be my wife. 10. Rob knew you to be my only friend. 11. We didn’t expect the storm to begin. 12. I didn’t think her to have such a beautiful voice. 13. When I saw you, I realised to have missed you so much. 14. Will didn’t imagine baseball to be such a difficult kind of sport. 15. I didn’t know our mayor to be such a coward. 16. Everybody supposed the new student to be a little genius. 17. I found our new boss to be quite an irritable person. 18. I didn’t realise you to be my age. 19. Nobody expected him to win the competition. 20. I know him to be an experienced traveller.

Exercise 6.

1. Parents usually expect their children to be obedient. 2. The inspector doesn’t think him to have an alibi. 3. We consider this to be the best way out of this situation. 4. Everybody in the city knew him to be a very talented artist. 5. Jennifer thought him to be a highly-qualified specialist. 6. He found her to be a very beautiful and nice girl. 7. I didn’t believe you to be such a loyal friend. 8. Ted didn’t realise her to be so important for him. 9. I didn’t think the car to be so big. 10. Elisa didn’t think Arabic to be so difficult. 11. The financial specialist didn’t consider this investment to be advantageous. 12. We didn’t expect Victor to be so stubborn. 13. I didn’t realise you to be under such pressure. 14. Nobody suspected him to be a secret agent. 15. The child didn’t expect it to be so painful. 16. I supposed her to be the reason of all our troubles. 17. We didn’t expect the contract to be signed on Saturday. 18. They considered him to be a liar. 19. The judge considered the evidence to be insufficient for a guilty verdict. 20. Did you know Sam to move to New Zealand?

Exercise 7.

1. The company announced all the new models of the phone to be sold out. 2. The Indians declared him to be their chief. 3. Elisabeth proclaimed him to have stolen her purse. 4. The policemen announced them to be the robbers. 5. The professor announced the conference to be postponed. 6. The committee pronounced her to be the winner of the university project. 7. The doctor declared the child to be out of danger. 8. The professor reported the students to cheat at the exam. 9. She proclaimed the whole story to be only a lie. 10. They reported the delegation to arrive at 12 o’clock. 11. The airline officers announced the flight to be delayed. 12. The police officers reported the robbers to be arrested. 13. The teacher announced the exam to be cancelled. 14. The weathermen announced the weather to be windy. 15. They declared the ship to arrive at the port. 16. The CEO declared the meeting to take place at 8 pm. 17. The grandfather pronounced her to be an heir to all his property. 18. The surgeon announced the surgery to have been successful. 19. The magazines announced this book to be a bestseller. 20. The committee announced Mr Green to be elected as a new mayor.

Exercise 8.

1. They declared John to be a suitable candidate for this post. 2. The director announced the company to be bankrupted. 3. The teacher announced him to be the best student in the class. 4. Our partner declared the price to be too low. 5. His representative declared him to be seriously ill. 6. Kate declared the neighbour to be guilty in the bank robbery. 7. The reporters declared this sportsman to come to finish the first. 8. Will declared her to be rude and ill-bred. 9. The company announced the new employees to be hired soon. 10. The detective reported Linda to be very worried. 11. The rescuers informed the danger to be past now. 12. Helen declared John to be in love with her. 13. The secretary announced the meeting to
14. He declared Flo to be very boring. 15. He declared the road traffic to be very heavy. 16. The judge pronounced the accused to be guilty. 17. The students declared the task to be too difficult. 18. He declared you not to get on well with my mom. 19. Mr. Johnson declared his TV to be stolen. 20. Tom declared me to be the reason of it all.

**Exercise 9.**

1. I won’t have you skip the classes! 2. He won’t permit you to put your feet up. 3. I won’t allow the children to stay out for so long. 4. I won’t have you be impolite to my new girlfriend. 5. I require the goods to be delivered immediately! 6. He ordered the money to be paid back immediately. 7. The father suffered his daughter to move to a bigger city. 8. I forbid Jackie to become an actress. 9. Mary asked her colleagues to help her. 10. I won’t have them laugh at you. 11. He ordered the taxi to be by the gate by 5 o’clock. 12. People required the cabinet to be dismissed. 13. The customer required the package to get a shipment number. 14. The father forbade the children to play with the new boy. 15. Jack didn’t allow me to help him with his work. 16. The policeman commanded everybody to leave the building at once. 17. I ordered the dress to be taken in. 18. The shop-assistant asked the customers to leave the shop as it was time to close. 19. The boss required all the emails to be forwarded to his secretary. 20. The mayor of the town required all the people to come to the square that day.

**Exercise 10.**

1. He ordered the room to be ready by 2 o’clock. 2. I won’t have her work so much. 3. Mrs. Smith ordered the duck to be served for dinner. 4. Tom ordered everyone to be at work at five. 5. Designer ordered the flowers to be bought. 6. John suffered his wife to drive a car. 7. Luke ordered the driver to take Alice home. 8. I won’t have the company bankrupted. 9. The librarian ordered the books to be given back in two weeks. 10. The captain ordered the seamen to wash the deck. 11. The aircompany requested the delayed passengers to buy a new ticket. 12. I won’t have Nick shout at you. 13. The doctor ordered the patient to be operated immediately. 14. He required the contract to be attentively read. 15. Frank ordered the repairs to be done. 16. Mary asked her sister to look after the children. 17. Clark requested the meeting to be delayed. 18. Harry ordered his owl to be fed well. 19. The client ordered the company to refund him all the loss. 20. Rose required all the story to be told her.

**Exercise 11.**

1. My Granny didn’t want me to lose any weight. 2. The doctor didn’t want the patient to get ill again. 3. Jeremy didn’t want her to get upset because of his present. 4. Tina chose her son to go to the maths school. 5. I don’t wish you to lag behind the group. 6. I think Emily wishes you to take her out. 7. He didn’t intend this question to be discussed at the meeting. 8. They didn’t want the factory to be built in this place. 9. Rob wanted her to go to Africa with him. 10. The patient wanted his family to visit him. 11. She meant the colour of the dress to be green. 12. The coach doesn’t want Jess to leave sport. 13. I would like you to give up smoking. 14. I wish you to come to visit me for a week or two. 15. They didn’t intend him to be sent for a business trip to the USA. 16. Did your parents mean you to go to the medical institute? 17. The teacher didn’t want the children to learn the text by heart. 18. Peter didn’t want me to see his paintings. 19. The editor chose that article to be published in the magazine. 20. Betty doesn’t want him to get her telephone number.
Exercise 12.
1. They didn’t want me to go to the cinema with them. 2. Police didn’t want the traffic to slow down because of the accident. 3. The teacher wished all the students to pass the exam. 4. The writer didn’t intend his book to be published. 5. I wanted so much the weather to be good on my wedding day. 6. I didn’t mean you to cook dinner right now. 7. The government didn’t want people to be unhappy. 8. I would like him to give me an air-ticket to Brazil. 9. The company didn’t want him to go to another company. 10. The director wanted his film to be translated into other languages. 11. Nobody wanted me to get the main part. 12. Maria didn’t want them to move to the suburbs. 13. The teacher didn’t want this talented student to be expelled from the university because of the illness. 14. Rony didn’t want her to go with him to the match. 15. The chef didn’t intend the soup to be salty. 16. Adám didn’t want anyone to worry about him. 17. Lucy wished him to invite her to dances. 18. The child wanted Father Frost to give him the present personally. 19. Emily wished the coach to praise her. 20. Tom wanted the dog to bring him the ball.

Exercise 13.
1. I like people to tell the truth. 2. I hate the tourist companies to change the price of the holiday at the last moment. 3. I hate him to say he doesn’t like the food I cook. 4. I love them to help each other. 5. Professor Norman hates students to skip his lectures. 6. The teacher loves the children to be creative. 7. We love him to have so much confidence speaking in front of large groups. 8. I like my teacher to help me with pronunciation. 9. I can’t stand people to abandon their animals on the streets. 10. His mom hates him to break the driving rules. 11. I can’t stand them to quarrel. 12. I don’t like young people to throw litter in the streets. 13. She likes her friend to make surprises for her. 14. Mary likes him to have many hobbies. 15. He loves her to sing for him. 16. Passengers like the driver to be careful. 17. Eve doesn’t like him to eat so much. 18. I hate the books to be torn. 19. Luke likes her to wake him up in the morning. 20. I can’t bear the children to be noisy.

Exercise 14.
1. I love them to laugh. 2. Vicky can’t stand people to say stupid things. 3. The teacher loves children to do their homework well. 4. I can’t bear him to gossip. 5. Tom hates her to take food from his plate. 6. They hate her to say them what to do. 7. Sara hates them to be late. 8. I love the children to play with each other quietly. 9. I like my husband to cook dinner. 10. He likes mom to sing songs before sleeping. 11. We like young scientists to get new opportunities. 12. I like my friend to phone me. 13. I can’t stand her to cry. 14. I don’t like the children to go out so late. 15. My sister loves me to play the guitar. 16. I love him to solve all the problems himself. 17. Mom hates you to watch TV loudly. 18. He can’t bear them to touch his documents. 19. They love us to take care of them. 20. Sam loves her to tell him the truth.

Exercise 15.
1. I saw some man knock at our door. 2. I saw her put sugar to the soup instead of salt. 3. We saw the robber climb over the fence. 4. We watched the children play in the garden. 5. I noticed her to lose a lot of weight. 6. She didn’t hear the orchestra play the music. 7. She felt her heart beat fast. 8. Did you see him put something in his pocket? 9. I heard you mention my name. 10. I saw you take the document from the table. 11. They saw the dog attack me but didn’t come to help me. 12. I noticed Mary cry but didn’t know what had happened. 13. I saw the car cross the street with the red light. 14. Tom heard them whisper but couldn’t make
out the words. 15. The neighbours heard Henry shout at his wife. 16. The doctor felt the patient's hands shake. 17. I saw the light in the window go off. 18. We saw Luke get into the car. 19. I noticed her blush when he looked at her. 20. Ben saw Kate throw his present away.

**Exercise 16.**

1. I heard your phone ring. 2. Fransis saw the star fall. 3. Wendy saw Tom hug a stranger girl. 4. The policeman noticed the driver break the rules. 5. We didn't notice the time pass. 6. Iris heard the motor start. 7. We saw the jokey overcome the obstacle. 8. We watched the sun set over the horizon. 9. I noticed you watch this girl with interest. 10. We saw the thunder hit the tree. 11. He watched with attention the football player play. 12. I saw him leave the house late at night. 13. The Browns didn't hear the dog bark. 14. I heard her speak without an accent. 15. The teacher saw the students copy. 16. Tom saw Elisabeth read a book. 17. I heard the door close behind him. 18. Did you see Jack pour coffee on me? 19. Harry saw the children play computer games. 20. Mary noticed Greg's voice tremble.

**Exercise 17.**

1. I saw that Tom was wrong. 2. I saw Rob leave the phone on the table. 3. I heard that Lea found a new job. 4. I heard him prepare/preparing his speech. 5. I noticed that he was embarrassed. 6. She saw that they had met each other before. 7. I heard them talk/talking quietly. 8. I heard that you bought a new car. 9. I saw the children break the vase. 10. Harry saw the car crash into the tree. 11. I heard that Steve is ill. 12. We heard the music play/playing in the hall. 13. I heard that you got married. 14. I noticed that your brother was unusually polite. 15. The policemen saw the robber escape through the window. 16. Tom's friends saw him slip on the ice and fall down. 17. Doris heard that Nick travelled to Africa last year. 18. I saw him cook/cooking the dinner. 19. I saw that you were sad. 20. I saw the students dance/dancing.

**Exercise 18.**

1. She noticed that one seat was vacant. 2. I saw them eat the sweets. 3. Pam looked away and I saw that she was lying. 4. The children saw the kitten catch a butterfly. 5. I saw that he got tired. 6. We heard that you had bought a new house. 7. We heard the neighbours quarrel loudly. 8. I noticed that Sara was frightened. 9. We saw that the weather wouldn't be nice. 10. I noticed that the room was in a mess. 11. Norman heard that the café near his house was closing down. 12. We saw him eat all the pizza alone. 13. I heard that you have a new girlfriend. 14. He saw me carry heavy bags and didn't help me. 15. I saw that he was wrong but I agreed. 16. The maid noticed that he was very weak. 17. I saw that someone had used my computer. 18. We heard that the new school would be built in that district. 19. We saw the squirrel run to the tree. 20. The professor saw that she didn't know the right answer.

**Exercise 19.**

1. The doctor made him do some sports. 2. The patient was made to do some sports. 3. The policeman heard the woman cry. 4. The woman was heard to cry. 5. The rain made us go home. 6. The students were made to stay after the classes. 7. Why did you make me come at such an early hour? 8. He was made to leave the palace. 9. The company was made to reduce the level of production. 10. We heard Thomas sing in the shower. 11. My sister made me accompany her to the party. 12. Luke was made to help the old lady. 13. The witnesses saw this man steal the jewel. 14. He was made to quit his job. 15. The teacher made the student prepare the presentation. 16. The patient was made to take an additional examination before
the surgery. 17. The minister was made to leave the conference hall. 18. Bob made me meet him at the train station. 19. Who made you cry? 20. What makes you doubt me?

Exercise 20.

1. They made me lie. 2. Mom made her son clean his teeth. 3. This music makes me think of Christmas. 4. I won’t let you scatter things around. 5. Get them to come to our terms. 6. The boss ordered the salary to be necessarily paid on time. 7. Get my dependents to work well in a team. 8. The teacher made everybody write a test. 9. Don’t let them use the phone during the exam. 10. These words made her think. 11. You made me cry. 12. Mom let the children go to the park alone. 13. I didn’t let you take my things. 14. I won’t have you expelled from the university. 15. He was made to work overtime. 16. What made you come here? 17. Children make me smile. 18. He let the criminal flee the scene. 19. Don’t make me get up from the sofa. 20. Have him tell you all the truth.

Exercise 21.

1. The boss asked for the papers to be brought. 2. I am very anxious for Mary to get everything she wants. 3. The family was impatient for guests to leave. 4. It’s important for children to be loved by their parents. 5. Nicky waited for you to call her. 6. I was waiting for you to invite me to the party. 7. The lady asked for the dinner to be served. 8. The client asked for the wine to be brought. 9. I rely on him to do everything as it should be done. 10. I am not paying for him to spend a night here. 11. It’s too late for us to stop the investigation. 12. I have a lot of important things for you to do. 13. It’s good for him to be out of town. 14. It is too complicated for me to understand. 15. It might be easier for you to give up than to fight. 16. Don’t wait for him to spend all your money. 17. It’s time for us to go. 18. I wasn’t there for him to help. 19. There is nothing for us to do here. 20. I am waiting for you to tell me the truth.

Exercise 22.

1. I was waiting for you to give me an answer. 2. I can’t wait for you to see my dress. 3. It’s important for you to study a foreign language. 4. It’s impossible for her to trust someone. 5. It’s time for us to do something with it. 6. He went aside for her to pass. 7. The only solution is for Tom to change his plan. 8. It’s easy for her to learn a new language because she already speaks two foreign languages. 9. It’s not for you to decide. 10. I rely on you to prepare the project properly. 11. I was waiting for you to admit your mistakes. 12. There is nothing for you to worry about. 13. Mike asked for the contract to be sent immediately. 14. It’s too late for you to go home alone. 15. I was waiting for him to invite me for dinner. 16. It’s important for you to pass this exam. 17. It’s too late for us to go fishing. 18. I relied on you to help me. 19. I won’t give money for him to give everything to his girlfriend. 20. It’s easy for you to say.

Exercise 23.

1. He sat down and made me sit next to him. 2. She is often heard to sing when she is working. 3. I’ve never seen anyone smile so sincerely. 4. He claims Harry to have finished the university with honours. 5. I can’t wait for you to come. 6. I won’t let you talk to me like that. 7. He made me cry. 8. It’s too early for you to call the boss. 9. I can’t stand him to lie to me. 10. She heard him say he was leaving. 11. Tom was made to leave the project. 12. He was made to sign the papers. 13. I want him to disappear from my life. 14. Let me congratulate you on your marriage. 15. Lina hates her husband to snore. 16. We expect the profit to grow twice next year. 17. He noticed that Mark was nervous. 18. I consider him to
be a good leader. 19. We saw the monkey eat a banana. 20. I heard that you got a promotion. Congratulations.

**Exercise 24.**


**Exercise 25.**

1. I saw him to buy a diamond ring. I think he wants to propose to you!
2. I heard you cried cry/crying. What has happened?
3. I’d like my son to work in the bank.
4. They made me touch a snake.
5. Rob wanted that she goes her to go to Africa with him.
6. The policemen announced they them to be the robbers.
7. I heard that you buy have bought a new house.
8. Not many people know Abraham Lincoln to be the only American president who had a patent.
9. Liz found he him a very pleasant young man.
10. The clients expect the order to be delivered by the next week.
11. The patient wanted his family to visit him.
12. I hate you to talk like that.
13. I won’t have you to ruin my life.
14. Don’t let him to fall asleep.
15. She desired him to apologize to her.
16. I watched them to jump from the cliff into the water.
17. I didn’t mean your you to do this instead of me
18. Kelly waited for him to call her.
19. The lawyer made him to sign the contract.
20. Have him to do what you want!

**Exercise 26.**

1. Prince Roland had his dinner cooked yesterday. 2. Prince Roland has his shirts ironed every day. 3. Prince Roland has just had his computer fixed. 4. Prince Roland will have his shoes cleaned tomorrow morning. 5. Prince Roland is having his fish tank washed at the moment. 6. Prince Roland’s family is not having the flowers planted in their garden now. 7. Prince Roland has been having the walls in his room painted for two hours. 8. Prince Roland had had his flat tidied up by 3 o’clock yesterday. 9. Prince Roland’s family have their shopping done every Saturday. 10. Prince Roland was having a summer house constructed at 4 o’clock yesterday. 11. Prince Roland is having his wife’s portrait painted now. 12. Prince Roland likes having the Christmas tree decorated now. 13. Prince Roland is having a table made for his son. 14. Prince Roland must have his dog taken for a walk every morning. 15. Prince Roland has his bills paid in the bank every month. 16. Prince Roland has his son’s homework checked every day. 17. Prince Roland didn’t have his jacket mended yesterday. 18. Prince Roland will have a present for his wife bought tomorrow. 19. Prince Roland has his coffee made every morning. 20. Does Prince Roland have his hair combed every morning?

**Exercise 27.**

1. Mike’s car is at the mechanic’s. He is having it fixed. 2. I think you should have your coat cleaned at the dry-cleaner’s. 3. Sorry for inconveniences Do you want me to give you the address of the studio?. We have already called the company and we will have the internet fixed in the evening. 4. — Have you already called a plumber? — Of course, we will have the plumbs fixed in the evening. 5. — Do you
have a new haircut? — Yes, I had my hair cut yesterday. 6. I can’t talk now. I am having my tooth pulled out. 7. I don’t buy dresses. I have them sewed for me. Do you want me to give you the address of the studio? 8. We are living in London at our parents’ now as we are having our flat in Oxford repaired. 9. John is having his freshly squeezed juice made. The waiter will bring it soon. 10. We went to the vet and had our dog vaccinated. 11. Mary went to the programmer. She must have an antivirus installed. 12. I am with the professor now, I am having my thesis checked. 13. John had his book published last month. 14. She had been having her hair dyed for three hours, but the result turned out to be terrible. 15. She had her bag stolen. 16. We are having high speed internet connected in our country house. 17. I had our children photos printed and paid only 20 dollars. 18. He had his blood analysis made and found out to be absolutely healthy. 19. Angela had her glasses made and now can see everything. 20. I had my car painted to make the scratches invisible.

**Exercise 28.**


**Exercise 29.**

1. Видели, как известный актер повернул за угол. 2. Известно, что у него есть уникальная коллекция редких драгоценных камней. 3. Казалось, что они уже встречались раньше. 4. Ее заставили рассказать правду. 5. Она непременно снова опоздала. 6. Говорили, что он говорил по-французски очень хорошо. 7. Считалось, что это было секретное, но ты все разболтал, как обычно. 8. Говорят, что этот фильм — произведение искусства. 9. Так случилось, что мы натолкнулись на старого друга на улице. 10. Проект оказался неудачей. 11. Слышили, как Джек звонил своей бывшей девушке. 12. Ему разрешили взять щенка домой при условии, что он будет у них хорошо заботиться. 13. Казалось, он был честным человеком. 14. Слышили, как собака лаяла на улице. 15. Ему не разрешили играть в компьютерные игры, когда мамы не было. 16. Считают, что президент секретно остановился в этом отеле. 17. Катерина очень сильная. Вряд ли она заплакала. 18. Видели, как корабль покинул гавань. 19. Ты точно женешься на ней? 20. Случилось так, как он прибыл первым.

**Exercise 30.**

1. He was heard to tell a lie. 2. This boy was seen to steal a chocolate from the shop. 3. This man was seen to hit the boy on the bicycle. 4. He was heard to talk about quitting his job. 5. He was heard to be impolite to the customers. 6. John was seen to enter the wrong password. 7. He was heard to threaten a little boy. 8. He was seen to walk in the forest. 9. The music was heard to play in the park. 10. The bear was seen to walk near the village. 11. Your parrot was seen to fly out of the window. 12. The nightingale was heard to sing at night. 13. The students were seen to leave the lecture earlier. 14. You were seen to smile at him. 15. You were heard to gossip about my private life. 16. He was seen to buy a box of chocolates. 17. He was seen to leave the office at 5 pm. 18. She was seen to go to the doctor. 19. They were heard to talk about love. 20. The children were seen to go to the roller-coaster.

**Exercise 31.**

1. Jack was heard to sing in the shower. 2. Ella was seen to buy a kitten. 3. The car was heard to start at about 1 am. 4. Tom was seen to prepare for his exam in the library. 5. Mr. Smith was heard to knock on the boss’s door. 6. The horse was seen to overcome all the obstacles. 7. The chef was seen to cook this exquisite dish. 8. The parachute-jumper was seen to land in the field. 9. Henry was seen to read a book on astronomy. 10. The music was heard to play till midnight. 11. Tony was heard to whisper something to Grace. 12. Kate was seen to leave the house
at 2 o'clock. 13. Mike was seen to start a fight with Tom. 14. He was often seen to walk along the embankment. 15. He was seen to take the documents from his boss's drawer. 16. The neighbours were heard quarrelling all the night. 17. This dog was seen to attack a man. 18. He was heard to threaten to rob a bank. 19. The tree was seen to fall on the house. 20. The children were heard to shout in the street.

**Exercise 32.**

1. This fruit is known to grow only in tropical countries. 2. This city is known to be destroyed during the Second World War. 3. The meeting is supposed to finish in 2 hours. 4. He was expected to take his girlfriend with him. 5. Helen is believed to be an adopted child. 6. This company is known to provide only the best goods. 7. This is considered to be the best solution of the problem. 8. This hockey team was considered to win. 9. The police were supposed to protect the witness. 10. Alex was believed to be at home. 11. Thomas was thought to visit his Granny in York. 12. The house was supposed to be constructed in two weeks. 13. He is supposed to be a very stubborn person. 14. He was known to have failed to prove his innocence. 15. The plane was expected to land in London. 16. The storm wasn't thought to be dangerous. 17. Bob was supposed to start work on Monday. 18. This university was considered to be very good. 19. He was considered to be my best friend. 20. This building is known to be the oldest in the town.

**Exercise 33.**

1. John is known to paint well. 2. He is considered to be intelligent. 3. He is supposed to be the next who will get the promotion. 4. The Romans are known to be the first who started to build numerous stone bridges. 5. The Turtle Island is considered to be one of the most beautiful islands in the world. 6. A doctor is known to be one of the most prestigious professions in the world. 7. A monster is believed to live in Loch Ness Lake. 8. Michele is known to work a lot. 9. This summer is supposed to be hot. 10. Ann is believed to get a bonus. 11. Laugh is believed to prolong life. 12. Angel Fall is considered to be the highest in the world. 13. Dan is known to have been of great help for the company. 14. The global warming is supposed to be one of the greatest threats to the humanity. 15. The brother is thought to come tomorrow. 16. Mister Brown is known to be a wonderful specialist. 17. Mark is believed to have made this discovery. 18. Women are believed to speak more than men. 19. Ann and Tom are believed to get married. 20. Roxy is considered to be the most beautiful girl in the village.

**Exercise 34.**

1. He was made to tell the truth. 2. The students were made to retake their tests. 3. My boss made me work overtime and didn't pay. 4. She was made to change her decision. 5. He made me dance. 6. They were made to leave the room. 7. The employees were made to gather in the hall. 8. Why did you make me clean up your mess? 9. John was made to go to university. 10. The dog was made to sleep outside. 11. I was made to sing in a choir. 12. The teacher made me stay at school after the classes. 13. I was made to help him with the project. 14. The child was made to eat the porridge. 15. He made Jane close the door. 16. Who made you cook? 17. The librarian made Paul give the books back. 18. Kevin made me play chess with him. 19. I was made to quit. 20. Rose made Nick buy her a new bag.

**Exercise 35.**

1. He was made to take part in the conference. 2. The school headmaster made all the schoolchildren take a test. 3. I was made to lie. 4. Fred made her give her book. 5. They were made to clean the room. 6. They mayor of the city was made to retire. 7. The feeling of guilt made him confess everything. 8. I was made to buy
a new computer. 9. Ron made me put on the skis. 10. We were made to betray a friend. 11. Justin made us throw the odds of the pizza and keep to a diet. 12. They were made to give up. 13. The children were made to let the kitten go. 14. He was made to give way to the car. 15. He made us go on strike. 16. The owner of the factory was made to raise the salary. 17. You made us wait. 18. Why did you make me doubt you? 19. Grey was made to buy this real estate. 20. She was made to sign this contract.

**Exercise 36.**

1. This task is said to be very important. 2. The kidnappers are reported to have been arrested. 3. Ryan is said to have a very strong character. 4. The fire was reported to have been extinguished. 5. The exam is said to be very difficult. 6. The Arctic Ice is said to be melting. 7. English is said to be easier than Chinese. 8. Physical exercise is said to make us feel happier. 9. The tornado was reported to be approaching the city. 10. Mr Howard was said to have invested into this company. 11. Mary is said to be Theresa’s step-daughter. 12. Lola is said to speak five languages. 13. Norman is said to be a space engineer. 14. Mary is said to be pregnant. 15. He is said to be accused of murder. 16. No people are reported to have died in the avalanche. 17. We are said to be friends. 18. Rob is said to have stolen the money. 19. She is said to be a princess. 20. A dangerous criminal was reported to escape from prison.

**Exercise 37.**

1. Winters in Siberia are said to be very severe. 2. The cure for this illness is said to be found. 3. Elisa is said to sing very well. 4. He is said to be writing a new book. 5. The prices for public transport are said to be raised. 6. The inflation level is said to rise again. 7. Jack is said to have retired very early. 8. Harry is said to have bought a new car. 9. The smile is said to solve all the problems. 10. Three victims are said to be found. 11. Fruit is said to be very useful for health. 12. The flight is said to have a two-hour delay. 13. You are said to be very brave. 14. Maya tribes are said to have lived here before. 15. Victor and Lily are said to have moved to another city. 16. He is said to arrive tomorrow. 17. They are said to have borrowed money from Mrs Thomson and never given back. 18. The film is said to start at 8 o’clock. 19. The wind is reported to be very strong. 20. The house of our neighbour is said to have burnt.

**Exercise 38.**

1. He seems to speak French well. 2. The explosion turned out to have been caused by a gas leak. 3. The method under discussion was proved to be effective. 4. We happened to meet again at the party. 5. George seems to disapprove the decisions of his partners. 6. He turned out to be a liar. 7. She seemed to be sleeping. 8. He seems to have gained some weight. 9. You seem to be very busy. I will call you back later. 10. This sport turned out to be quite dangerous. 11. She proved to be a very good friend. 12. That dress turned out to be a real bargain and she couldn’t refuse it. 13. Jose turned out to be Maria’s stepbrother. 14. The fridge turned out to be empty. 15. The students turned out to be late. 16. She turned out to have made this dress herself. 17. We happened to meet in the kindergarten for the first time. 18. I happened to meet a famous actor in the street. 19. Your husband seems to do all the work about the house. 20. His threats turned out to be real.

**Exercise 39.**

1. He turned out to have been expelled from the university two months before. 2. I happened to meet them in the cinema. 3. He seemed to be very worried by the news. 4. Everybody seemed to be listening to the lecture with great attention.
5. This trip turned out to be a bad idea. 6. The new chef turned out to cook not so well as the old one. 7. The company turned out to have no more money. 8. The documents turned out to be fake. 9. The shop seemed to be too expensive for me. 10. This research turned out to be too expensive. 11. A little kitten seemed to be absolutely helpless. 12. Too many people turned out to be on the square and we went to the park. 13. He turned out to have bought a ticket to ballet and not to the musical. 14. Andrew seemed to be angry with her for something. 15. This night seemed to be the most wonderful night in my life. 16. We turned out to be going too fast to have broken a speed limit. 17. Jason turned out to trick everyone. 18. He turned out to be the only friend ready to help in need. 19. The weather seemed to be getting worse. 20. We seemed to have got into the trap.

**Exercise 40.**

1. It's likely to rain tomorrow. 2. Mike is certain to run his father's business. 3. You are sure to enjoy the sightseeing tour in Petersburg. 4. He is likely to get a fine for having parked here. 5. Granny is certain to make a pie when her grandchildren come. 6. If you wash this T-shirt in hot water, the colour is sure to run. 7. You are certain to have some rest on the farm. 8. He is sure to win the game. 9. Mike is certain to be a good father. 10. Sam and Sue are likely to invite me to their wedding party. 11. She is sure to enjoy this boat trip. 12. Annabel is sure to become a great writer. 13. Police is sure to find the criminal. 14. We aren't likely to finish work before deadline. 15. There are likely to be no parking places near the office. 16. He is likely to make a good impression on everybody. 17. You are sure to need a raincoat. It often rains in England in autumn. 18. He is likely to go to the gym tomorrow. 19. The party is certain to be cancelled. 20. You are certain to lose weight if you follow this diet.

**Exercise 41.**

1. He is likely to have hidden the documents in his sister's house. 2. He is not likely to come. 3. They are not likely to get married. 4. We are likely to be late for the meeting. 5. He is certain to support us. 6. It is certain to rain tomorrow. 7. The company is not likely to be successful. 8. We are sure to visit you next week. 9. The gossips about bankruptcy are sure to arise panic. 10. You are sure to become friends. 11. He is certain to win the competitions. 12. She is likely to graduate with honours. 13. The boss is not likely to be happy about the result. 14. The school is likely to buy new books. 15. The expedition is likely to come back in two months. 16. He is sure to love you. 17. You are certain to help the friend in need. 18. This dog is certain to turn the house upside down. 19. I am not likely to learn Chinese. 20. They are as like as two peas. You are not likely to understand who is Jack and who is John.

**Exercise 42.**


**Exercise 43.**

1. Elisa is said to speak five languages. 2. He is believed to paint well. 3. The project is likely to be finished on time. 4. Your neighbour is said to be a talented painter. 5. Many people are reported to be left homeless after the hurricane. 6. Steve is known to be a very rich bachelor. 7. You were supposed to go shopping and not sleeping all the day! 8. The new school is expected to be built next year. 9. They are not likely to invite me to their wedding. We haven't kept in touch for three years. 10. The garage door was heard open. 11. We happened to stay in the same hotel. 12. He seems to be making a romantic dinner right now. 13. He seems to have dialled a wrong number. 14. It turned out to be difficult to work as a teacher.
15. The friends were supposed to meet by the cinema. 16. The weather is likely to get better soon. 17. He is sure to be very tired. 18. He was heard to shout at his wife. 19. We were allowed to be present at the meeting. 20. He was made to change a project.

Exercise 44.

1. someone is likely to recognize — complex subject 2. The Regency Council is said to have been absent — complex subject 3. I ordered him to do — complex object 4. No one seems to care — complex subject 5. she’d made me look like a loser — complex object 6. something for me to sign — complex object, the for-to construction 7. let us come in and ask — complex object 8. nobody saw her leave — complex object 9. Dad and I were made to wait — complex subject 10. He heard them whispering — complex object 11. the diamonds are sure to arrive — complex subject 12. I believed him to be — complex object, he was said to be — complex subject. 13 it’s time for you to meet — complex object, for-to construction 14. made me promise not to tell — complex object 15. chamber that appeared to have been hollowed — complex subject 16. Anything is certain to bother — complex subject 17. the men were seen to be running — complex subject 18. I was expected to take charge — complex subject 19. he allowed his red eyes to admire — complex object 20. she happened to spot — complex subject

Exercise 45.

1. Mary gave me a telephone number of her hairdresser. Tomorrow I will have my hair cut. 2. I heard the dog bark in the street. 3. The kid saw the monkey take a banana from the table. 4. Liam was seen to leave the shop with a big bag. 5. The children saw the magician take the rabbit out of the hat. 6. She was heard to laugh loudly. 7. We are sure to go on a honeymoon trip. 8. The parents wanted the son to enter the university. 9. He was made to sell the shares. 10. They didn’t allow him to answer a phone call. 11. We happened to be late for a train. 12. It was supposed to be our secret. 13. The Earth was believed to be flat. 14. I was made to eat some chocolate. 15. He is known to always help Tina. 16. She went to the mechanic and had her tyres changed. 17. It’s too late for you to argue. 18. Somebody was heard to talk in the neighbouring room. 19. William didn’t want us to worry and didn’t tell us all the truth. 20. I saw you water the flowers in the garden.

Exercise 46.

1. I won’t have you skip the classes. 2. Mrs. Kent was heard to laugh loudly. 3. The villagers watched the fire destroy their houses. 4. I didn’t mean him to drive a car. 5. The officer ordered the soldiers to march. 6. He was supposed to pick me up at 4 pm but he never showed up. 7. The politician was heard to tell a lie. 8. He is sure to marry her. 9. Nobody saw the squirrel jump into the house. 10. I felt my cheeks blush. 11. He made me lie. 12. Don’t let us lose hope. 13. The parents allowed the child to go camping. 14. He was made to tidy up his room. 15. I saw you cry. What happened? 16. My brother happened to be in the city just when I needed him. 17. Elisabeth didn’t want him to give up on his dream. 18. Ruth is likely to fight for the cause. 19. I just wish all the people to be happy. 20. He made me pay back the money immediately.

Exercise 47.

1. No parking is likely to be free in the city center.
2. I was waiting for your to invite me to the party.
3. Don’t let his him go.
4. Have him to tell you all the truth.
5. He said Kerry to be very boring.
6. The patient wanted his family to visiting him.
7. All the passengers are believed to have arrived safely yesterday.
8. Granny wants us to visit her more often.
9. He had has been having his house cleaned for 5 hours.
10. He has his car washed once a fortnight.
11. He was allowed to have taken a puppy home provided he took good care of it.
12. I didn't know Eddie Murphy singing to sing so well.
13. I didn't want you to fight.
14. I hate the tourist companies to change the price of the holiday at the last moment.
15. I rely on he him to help us in this matter.
16. I saw him to misunderstand the matter that he misunderstood the matter.
17. Helen is believed to be an adopted child.
18. It proved that she was proved to be a very good friend.
19. He has is having his fish tank washed at the moment.
20. She didn't hear the orchestra played the music.
21. The customer required the package to get a shipment number.
22. The employees were made to gather in the hall.
23. The rain made us going home
24. The weathermen announced the weather to be windy.
25. Physical exercise say is said to make us feel happier.
26. I heard them to talking quietly.
27. Tina chose her son to go to the maths school. +
28. We heard the nightingale to sing at night.
29. Wendy saw Tom to hugging a stranger girl.
30. Jack is said to have went gone on pension very early.
31. Bob's friends never knew him to be so romantic.
32. I don't like the children to go out so late.
33. We watched the sun to sit over the horizon.
34. Nobody wanted f me to get the main part.
35. We went aside to let her to pass.
36. Let me to congratulate you on your marriage.
37. The professor saw her not to know the right answer that she didn't know the right answer.
38. Parents usually expect the children to be obedient.
39. The neighbours were to hear heard quarrelling all the night.
40. The garage door was heard to open.
41. — Do you have a new hair-cut? — Yes, I had my hair cut yesterday. +
42. The feeling of guilt made him to confess everything.
43. This research was turned out to be too expensive.
44. I won't let the company go bankrupted.