New Headway
Pre-Intermediate Tests

Lindsay White

NEW parallel tests

OXFORD
New Headway Pre-Intermediate
Test Booklet

Note to the teacher

This booklet contains:

• **14 Unit Tests** which revise the corresponding unit in *New Headway Pre-Intermediate* Student’s Book. There are two versions (A and B) of each test. They cover the same material, but have been reorganized to allow easier administration of the tests in the classroom. Each test has a total score of 100.

• **A Review Test** (Units 1–7) and an **Exit Test** (Units 1–14), each with a total score of 100.

• **An optional listening test** at the back of the booklet for each unit, using original recordings.

• **An Answer Key** for all the exercises.

• **Tapescripts** for all the listening exercises.

*There is a separate audio CD (40NEWHWTESTCD.03/GB) containing the recordings for the optional listening tests.*

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*If you do not have the audio CD, please use the tapescripts.*

*These tests may be photocopied freely for classroom use. They may not be adapted, printed or sold without the permission of Oxford University Press.*
1 Circle the correct form of the verb.
1 He _______ (travels/’s travelling) a lot for his job.
2 When did you come / came to New York?
3 She can swim / swims 5 kilometres.
4 We don’t see / aren’t seeing them this evening.
5 They move in / moved in two weeks ago.
6 He’s going to marry / married her next summer.
7 I enjoy / ’m enjoying this party!
8 Where is / does your brother live now?
9 Why is the policeman talking / talk to him?

1 point for each correct answer

2 Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box.

bought come comes are studying Did ... buy did ... meet is staying went studies was

1 My mother _______ in our house while we are on holiday.
2 Paul _______ French four times a week.
3 Anna _______ to the cinema last weekend.
4 My mother _______ from Poland.
5 My brothers _______ modern languages in Paris.
6 When I was ten, my parents _______ me a bicycle.
7 _______ Simon _______ you a present?
8 Where _______ your father born?
9 Who _______ you _______ last night?
10 Where does he _______ from?

1 point for each correct answer

3 Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the verbs in the box.

be be come go live not enjoy study

My name (1) _______ Natalia. I (2) _______ from Málaga, in the south of Spain. I (3) _______ a student at a language school in London. I (4) _______ English. I (5) _______ with an English family for three months. The course is hard work and I (6) _______ it very much. Next week, I (7) _______ home to Málaga for a holiday.

2 points for each correct answer

4 Write the question words then match 1–8 with a–h.

1 _______ this in English? a It’s his.
2 _______ is your teacher? b A month ago.
3 _______ book is it? c Thirty-five pounds.
4 _______ did you park? d The small blue one.
5 _______ did you go on holiday? e It’s 12 o’clock.
6 _______ much were your jeans? f Marie Evans.
7 _______ bag is yours? g It’s a bicycle.
8 _______ ’s the time, please? h Near the station.

2 points for each correct answer
(l per question word, 1 for matching)

5 Read Gino’s answers. Complete the questions.

A Hello, (1) _______ your name?
G It’s Gino.
A (2) _______ come from?
G I’m from Naples.
A (3) _______ live now?
G I live in Memphis now.
A (4) _______ move to Memphis?
G A year ago.
A (5) _______ do?
G I’m a student. I’m studying music.
A (6) _______ married?
G No, I’m not, but I’ve got a girlfriend.
A (7) _______ name?
G Belinda.
A (8) _______ Belinda do?
G She’s an architect.

1 point for each correct answer

6 Write noun, verb, adjective, adverb, or preposition.

1 bread ______
2 deliver ______
3 hot ______
4 never ______
5 on ______
6 van ______

1 point for each correct answer
7 Complete the sentences with the words in the box. There is one extra word.

book flat mean ring train

1 The east of England is ______.
2 Did the phone ______?
3 He’s a runner and he wants to ______ for the next Olympics.
4 He wears a wedding ______.
5 She wants to live in a ______ near her office.
6 She’s very ______ – she never buys a drink.
7 We are getting the ______ to London.
8 What do you ______?

1 point for each correct answer

8 Read the article. Circle the correct answer.

Some people are better communicators than others and this helps us to choose our jobs. People who work alone, for example, artists or postmen, don’t need good communication skills. Musicians communicate with the other players through their music. However, workers who speak to the public all day, for example, hotel receptionists, need to enjoy meeting and helping people.

One profession that needs good communications skills (but does not always have them) is medicine. A clever doctor may not be very good at talking to his or her patients. Some teaching hospitals now train their medical students to have a good bed-side manner. This means the medical students learn to be kind and friendly when they are talking to sick people who are frightened or unhappy.

Another profession that needs good communication skills is the police force. The police learn to look carefully at faces and bodies so they can ‘read’ if a person is dangerous or not telling the truth.

1 All / Some people are good communicators.
2 A good receptionist likes working in a hotel / meeting people.
3 Most / Some doctors are bad communicators.
4 Doctors can’t / can learn to communicate with ordinary people.
5 A ‘good bed-side manner’ means you can talk about science / kindly to patients.
6 Medical students are student doctors / sick students.
7 Patients are dangerous / sick people.
8 You can’t / can learn to read body language.

2 points for each correct answer

9 Complete the table with information about you.

| where/live? | ____________________________ |
| who/live with? | ____________________________ |
| what/do? | ____________________________ |
| hobbies | ____________________________ |
| why/learning English? | ____________________________ |

Use your notes to write an informal letter to a new penfriend. Write your address and the date. Start:

Dear Hans,
I’m very pleased that we are ...

10 Translate the social expressions.

1 Make yourself at home. ____________
2 Pleased to meet you. ____________
3 See you tomorrow. ____________
4 Sleep well. ____________
5 That’s very kind. ____________

1 point for each correct answer

11 Complete the short conversations.

Conversation 1
A (1) Hello______, Jack!
B Hi, Suzy!

Conversation 2
A (2) Ex______ m______ .
B Yes. (3) Ca______ I he______ y______ ?

Conversation 3
A How are you?
B (4) I______ f______ , th______ .

Conversation 4
A Have a good holiday!
B (5) Sa______ t______ you!

Conversation 5
A (6) S______ you to______ !
B Bye!

1 point for each correct answer

TOTAL 100
1 Write the question words then match 1–8 with a–h.

1. What's this in English?  __
2. _______ is the time, please?  __
3. _______ did you go on holiday?  __
4. _______ much were your shoes?  __
5. _______ did you stay?  __
6. _______ car is yours?  __
7. _______ coat is this?  __
8. _______ is your boss?  __

a. It's his.  
b. A month ago.  
c. Thirty-five pounds.  
d. The 4-door Mercedes.  

2 points for each correct answer

2 Circle the correct form of the verb.

1. He (travels) / is travelling a lot for his job.
2. He can (swims) / swim 10 kilometres.
3. We don't see / aren't seeing them this weekend.
4. I move in / moved in two weeks ago.
5. When did they (come) / came to Paris?
6. She's going to marry / married him next May.
7. I enjoy / I'm enjoying this meal!
8. Why is he (talking) / talk to the policeman?
9. Where is / does your uncle work now?

1 point for each correct answer

3 Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the verbs in the box.

be be come go live enjoy study

My name (1) _______ is Natalia. I (2) _______ from Koszalin, in the north of Poland. I (3) _______ with an English family for three months. I (4) _______ a student at a language school in London. I (5) _______ English. The course is hard and I (6) _______ it very much. Next week, I (7) _______ home to Koszalin for a holiday.

2 points for each correct answer

4 Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box.

bought come comes are studying Did ... buy
did ... meet is staying went studies was

1. My mother  _______ in our house while we are on holiday.
3. When I was eighteen, my parents _______ me a car.
4. _______ your father _______ you a present?
5. Colleen _______ Spanish twice a week.
6. My parents _______ to the cinema last weekend.
7. Anna _______ from Poland.
8. Who _______ you _______ last night?
9. Where does he _______ from?
10. Where _______ Simon born?

1 point for each correct answer

5 Read Gina's answers. Complete the questions.

A. Hello, (1) _______ your name?  
G. It's Gina.

A. (2) _______ come from?  
G. I'm from Tuscany.

A. (3) _______ live now?  
G. I live in Sydney now.

A. (4) _______ move to Sydney?  
G. 2 years ago.

A. (5) _______ do?  
G. I'm an architect. I'm working in the city.

A. (6) _______ married?  
G. No, I'm not but I've got a boyfriend.

A. (7) _______ name?  
G. Mario.

A. (8) _______ Mario do?  
G. He's a student.

1 point for each correct answer
6. Complete the sentences with the words in the box. There is one extra word.

book flat mean ring train

1. The east of England is **flat**.
2. He’s a swimmer and he wants to **ring** for the next Olympics.
3. Did the telephone **mean**?
4. What does it **mean**?
5. He’s very **mean** – he never buys a drink.
6. She wears a gold **flat**.
7. They want to live in a **flat** near the centre.
8. Joe is getting the **train** to Glasgow.

1 point for each correct answer

7. Write noun, verb, adjective, adverb, or preposition.

1. bread **nouns**
2. van **deliver**
3. never **on**
4. hot **mean**
5. deliver **to**
6. on **mean**

1 point for each correct answer

8. Read the article. Circle the correct answers.

Some people are better communicators than others and this helps us to choose our jobs. People who work alone, for example, artists or postmen, don’t need good communication skills. Musicians communicate with the other players through their music. However, workers who speak to the public all day, for example, hotel receptionists, need to enjoy meeting and helping people.

One profession that needs good communication skills (but does not always have them) is medicine. A clever doctor may not be very good at talking to his or her patients. Some teaching hospitals now train their medical students to have a good bed-side manner. This means the medical students learn to be kind and friendly when they are talking to sick people who are frightened or unhappy.

Another profession that needs good communication skills is the police force. The police learn to look carefully at faces and bodies so they can ‘read’ if a person is dangerous or not telling the truth.

1. Some / All people are good communicators.
2. A good receptionist likes **meeting people / working in a hotel**.
3. Some / Most doctors are bad communicators.
4. Doctors **can / can’t** learn to communicate with ordinary people.
5. A ‘good bed-side manner’ means talk **kindly to patients / about science**.

6. Medical students are sick / student doctors.
7. Patients are sick / dangerous people.
8. You **can / can’t** learn to read body language.

2 points for each correct answer

9. Complete the table with information about you.

| where/live? | ____________________________ |
| who/live with? | ____________________________ |
| what/do? | ____________________________ |
| hobbies | ____________________________ |
| why/learning English? | ____________________________ |

Use your notes to write an informal letter to a new penfriend. Write your address and the date. Start:

**Dear Hans,**

I’m very pleased that we are...

10 points divided between accuracy and content + 2 for layout and salutations

10. Complete the short conversations.

A. (1) **Hello**, Jack!
   B. Hi, Suzy!
A. Have a good holiday!
   B. (2) **See** you to tomorrow!
A. (3) **See** you to tomorrow!
   B. Bye!
A. (4) Excuse me.
   B. Yes. (5) Can I have your name, please?
A. How are you?
   B. (6) I feel fine, thank you.

1 point for each correct answer

11. Translate the social expressions.

1. **Make yourself at home.**
2. **Sleep well.**
3. **That’s very kind.**
4. **Pleased to meet you.**
5. **See you tomorrow.**

1 point for each correct answer

TOTAL

100
1 Circle the correct letter.  
1 We … two computers.  
   a has got  b 've got  c don't have got  
2 She is sick so she … this week.  
   a isn't working  b doesn't work  c is working  
3 It's very hot today. Why … you … a coat?  
   a do … wear  b are … wearing  c don’t … wear  
4 Lydia … with her mum and two children.  
   a lives  b live  c is living  
5 In Latin America, the north … hotter than the south.  
   a be  b is being  c is  
6 Do you … a bicycle?  
   a have  b have got  c 've  
7 Vegetarians … meat.  
   a are eating  b eats  c don’t eat  
8 Are you going home?  
   a Yes, I'm.  b Yes, I am.  c Yes, going.  
9 Australia … a big population.  
   a have not  b doesn't have  c haven't got  
10 Does he smoke?  
   a No, he does.  b Yes, do.  c Yes, he does.  
11 He can't come to the phone, he … a shower.  
   a has  b 's having  c hasn't got  

1 point for each correct answer  10

2 Complete the sentences with the Present Simple or Present Continuous form of drive, wear, or have.  
1 He … drives … to work every morning.  
2 He never … a jacket and tie.  
3 She … to work today because she is late.  
4 They … their best clothes today.  
5 No, you can't go out. We … lunch soon.  
6 They … four children.  

1 point for each correct answer  5

3 Complete the short answers.  
1 Have you got a holiday home? No, … haven't.  
2 Do they like skiing? Yes, … .  
3 Does she have a summer holiday? No, … .  
4 Is he tidy? Yes, … .  
5 Are you going? Yes, I … .  
6 Are they working today? No, … .  

1 point for each correct answer  5

4 Circle the correct form.  
1 He … got / (has) … coffee in the morning.  
2 When do you … have / have got your holiday?  
3 Did you … got / have a nice teacher at school?  
4 They … have never got / never have wine with dinner.  
5 They don't have / no have lots of money.  

1 point for each correct answer  4

5 Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the verbs.  
Iceland (1 have) … has … quite a small population. The people (2 be) … mainly of European descent. In the winter, it (3 be) … dark for nearly 24 hours a day so the people (4 not go) … outside much. However, in the summer, the people like (5 spend) … a lot of time outside so they can (6 enjoy) … the sunlight. A lot of tourists (7 go) … to Iceland to see the unusual countryside. They can (8 swim) … in the naturally hot water and (9 watch) … the wildlife, including puffins and whales.  

2 points for each correct answer  16

6 Match the nouns with verbs 1–10 to make phrases.  
my hair  make-up  a shower  a magazine  to the toilet  
the washing-up  to my friends  an a meal  coffee  

1 cook … a meal  6 put on …  
2 do …  7 read …  
3 go …  8 relax …  
4 have …  9 talk …  
5 make …  10 wash …  

1 point for each correct answer  9

7 Read the text. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?  
Jake and Gaby are Americans. They moved from Ohio to London five years ago. Jake works for a bank and Gaby is a nurse at a big hospital in the city.  
When asked why they moved to London, Jake says, 'Gaby got a job and I followed her. I didn't work for the first three months – I was looking for a flat to buy and looking after things at home. I started my job the day after we moved to this flat. Of course we speak the language but we had some problems at first. Just small things like the different words for food – and the different British accents can be difficult to understand.'  
What do they like best? Gaby speaks for both of them, 'We love London, there's always something interesting to do. The parks, 

NAME:
museums, and theatres are great. We like to go walking in the country at the weekends so we drive to Essex early on Sunday morning and walk all day. We’re never going to live in Ohio again, we’d miss London too much.’

1 Gaby and Jake are an English couple in America. __
2 Gaby and Jake work in London. __
3 Gaby and Jake work together. __
4 They moved to London because Jake got a job. __
5 British and American food words are the same. __
6 Jake thinks London is boring. __
7 They like going to the countryside at weekends. __
8 They want to go home to Ohio. __

2 points for each correct answer  16

8 Join the pairs of sentences with but/h owever, so, or because.

1 I like cars. I don’t like driving.
   I like cars, but I don’t like driving.
_________________________

2 She telephoned me. I went to see her.
_________________________

3 I went shopping. We didn’t have any food.
_________________________

4 He is moving to the USA. He is starting a new job.
_________________________

5 We can ski. We don’t like snow and cold weather!
_________________________

6 I am sociable. My brother is quiet.
_________________________

1 point for each correct answer  5

9 Complete the information about you and a friend.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>you</th>
<th>friend</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Are you married?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What’s your job?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What do you like doing?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What do you look like?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Where do you live?</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Where do you go on holiday?</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>What are you doing at the moment?</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Use the information to write a paragraph. Use but, so, and because.

14 points divided between content and accuracy  14

10 Read 1–6 and match them with a reply and a comment.

1 What do you do? __  __
2 It’s raining again. __  __
3 What do you like doing at the weekends? __  __
4 Where did you go for your holiday last summer? __  __
5 I like your haircut. __  __
6 Did you see the film on TV last night? __  __

REPLY
7 We went to Sicily.
8 Thank you.
9 I’m a teacher.
10 No, I didn’t.
11 Yes, it’s horrible isn’t it?
12 I usually go to the cinema and have dinner with friends.

COMMENT
a Would you like to come with us next time?
b Was it good?
c Makes you miserable, doesn’t it?
d It’s a beautiful place – do you know it?
e I tried that new place in town.
f I teach maths and science in a secondary school. What about you?

2 points for each correct answer  10

11 Read the questions. Write true answers and add a comment.

1 Do you like learning English?
   Yes, I do. I want to study in England when I go to university.
2 What are you doing after this lesson?
   I __________________________________________
3 What did you do last weekend?
   I __________________________________________
4 How are you today?
   I __________________________________________

2 points for each correct answer  6

TOTAL  100
1 **Circle the correct form of the verb.**

1 He **has got** / (**has**) coffee in the morning.
2 When do you **have** / **have got** your holiday?
3 Did you **have** / **have got** a nice class at school?
4 They **haven't got** / **never have** wine with dinner.
5 They **don't have** / **no have** lots of friends.

*1 point for each correct answer 4*

2 **Circle the correct letter.**

1 We … two computers.
   a has got  **b** 've got  c don't have got
2 She … this week because she is sick.
   a doesn't work  b isn't working  c is working
3 It's very cold today. Why … you only … a T-shirt?
   a are … wearing  b do … wear  c don't … wear
4 Joseph … with his wife and children.
   a lives  b live  c is living
5 In Latin America, the south … hotter than the north.
   a isn't  b isn't being  c not be
6 Do you … a camera?
   a have  **b** have got  c 've
7 Vegetarians … meat.
   a are eating  b eats  c don't eat
8 Are you going out tonight?
   a Yes, I am.  **b** Yes, going.  c Yes, I'm.
9 Australia … a big population.
   a don't have  b have not  c hasn't got
10 Does he smoke?
   a No, he does.  **b** Yes, do.  c Yes, he does.
11 He … a shower, he can't come to the phone.
   a 's having  **b** hasn't got  c has

*1 point for each correct answer 10*

3 **Complete the sentences with the Present Simple or Present Continuous form of have, drive, or wear.**

1 He **drives** to work every morning.
2 We ______ dinner soon so, you can't go out.
3 They ______ a black cat.
4 She ______ to work today because she is late.
5 He ______ his school uniform today.
6 Her son never ______ his coat.

*1 point for each correct answer 5*

4 **Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.**

Iceland (**I have**) _______ quite a small population. The people (2 be) _______ mainly of European descent. In the summer, the people like (3 spend) _______ a lot of time outside so they can (4 enjoy) _______ the sunlight. However, in the winter it (5 be) _______ dark for nearly 24 hours a day so the people (6 not go) _______ outside much.

Lots of visitors (7 go) _______ to Iceland's unusual countryside. They can (8 watch) _______ the wildlife including puffins and whales, and (9 swim) _______ in the naturally hot water.

*2 points for each correct answer 16*

5 **Complete the short answers.**

1 Have you got a holiday home? No, **I haven't** _______.
2 Is she working today? No, ____________ .
3 Do they like skiing? Yes, ____________ .
4 Are you tidy? Yes, I ____________ .
5 Do they have a summer holiday? No, ____________ .
6 Is he going? Yes, ____________ .

*1 point for each correct answer 5*

6 **Read the text. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?**

Jake and Gaby are Americans. They moved from Ohio to London five years ago. Jake works for a bank and Gaby is a nurse at a big hospital in the city.

What do they like best? Gaby speaks for both of them, ‘We love London, there’s always something interesting to do. The parks, museums, and theatres are great. We like to go walking in the country at the weekends so we drive to Essex early on Sunday morning and walk all day. We’re never going to live in Ohio again, we'd miss London too much.’

When asked why they moved to London, Jake says, ‘Gaby got a job and I followed her. I didn’t work for the first three months – I was looking for a flat to buy and looking after things at home. I started my job the day after we moved to this flat. Of course we speak the language but we had some problems at first. Just small things like the different words for food – and the different British accents can be difficult to understand.’

1 Gaby and Jake are an English couple in America. __
2 Jake thinks London is boring. __
3 They like going to the countryside at weekends. __
4 They want to go home to Ohio. __
5 Gaby and Jake work in London. __
6 Gaby and Jake work together. __
7 They moved to London because Jake got a job. __
8 British and American food words are the same. __

2 points for each correct answer

7 Match the nouns with verbs 1–10 to make phrases.

my hair  make-up  a shower  a magazine  to the toilet
on the sofa  the washing-up  to my friends  a meal  coffee

1 cook ____________  6 make ____________
2 go ____________  7 relax ____________
3 do ____________  8 read ____________
4 talk ____________  9 have ____________
5 put on ____________  10 wash ____________

1 point for each correct answer

8 Join the pairs of sentences with but/h owever, so, or because.

1 I like cars. I don’t like driving.
   I like cars, but I don’t like driving.

2 I didn’t go shopping. There was food in the fridge.

3 They can swim. They don’t like getting their hair wet!

4 My brother is sociable. I am quiet.

5 She is moving house. She’s starting a new job.

1 point for each correct answer

9 Complete the information about you and a friend.

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<td>What are you doing at the moment?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Use the information to write a paragraph. Use but, so, and because.

14 points divided between content and accuracy

10 Read the questions. Write true answers and add a comment.

1 Do you like learning English?
   Yes, I do. I want to study in England when I go to university.

2 What are you doing after this lesson?
   I __________________________ .

3 What did you do last weekend?
   I __________________________ .

4 How are you today?
   I __________________________ .

2 points for each correct answer

11 Read 1–6 and match them with a reply and a comment.

9f
1 What do you do? __ __
2 I like your haircut. __ __
3 What do you like doing on Friday nights? __ __
4 It’s snowing again. __ __
5 Where did you go on holiday last week? __ __
6 Did you see the film on TV last night? __ __

REPLY
7 No, I didn’t.
8 Yes, it’s horrible isn’t it?
9 I’m a teacher.
10 We went to Sicily.
11 Thank you.
12 I usually go to the cinema and have dinner with friends.

COMMENT
a Would you like to come with us next time?
b It’s a beautiful place – do you know it?
c I tried that new place in town.
d Was it good?
e Makes you miserable, doesn’t it?
f I teach maths and science in a secondary school. What about you?

2 points for each correct answer

TOTAL 100
1 Complete the conversations with the Past Simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Conversation 1
A (1 leave) I _____ my teenage sons at home last weekend.
B (2 have) ______ they ______ a party?
A No, they didn’t, but they (3 eat) ______ everything that (4 be) ______ in the fridge. They (5 not wash up) ______ and they (6 forget) ______ to walk the dog.

Conversation 2
A (7 see) ______ you ______ the news on TV last night?
B I (8 see) ______ the local news but I (9 not watch) ______ the national news. Why?
A A reporter (10 speak) _______ to me at the station – (11 be) ______ I on TV?

1 point for each correct answer

2 Complete the sentences with the Past Continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

What (do) ______ you ______ at 9 o’clock last night?
We (watch) ____________ TV.
I (not eat) _______ dinner, I (read) _______ the paper.
(dance) ______ Lily _______ with Greg at the party?

1 point for each correct answer

3 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple or Past Continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

I (not speak) _______ to my neighbours until they (introduce) _______ themselves.
He (make) _______ lunch before I (arrive) _______.
She (have) _______ a shower when I (ring) _______ her.
He (not live) _______ there when I (meet) _______ him.
It (rain) _______ so they (not want) _______ to take the dog for a walk.
My boss (wait) _______ in my office when I (get) _______ to work two hours late.

2 points for each correct answer

4 Complete the paragraph with the Past Simple form of the verbs in brackets.

When Mr and Mrs Bell (1) _______ away for the weekend, they (2) _______ their sons at home. The two boys (3) _______ some pizzas and (4) _______ their friends to the house to watch videos. Unfortunately, their friends (5) _______ some beer and things quickly (6) _______ to go wrong. When Mr Bell (7) _______ his sons to check they (8) _______ OK, he (9) _______ loud music and shouting. He and Mrs Bell (10) _______ home immediately and (11) _______ the boys’ friends to leave.

1 point for each correct answer

5 Complete the verbs, adjectives, and nouns in the sentences.

1 Did they invit__ you to their wedding?
2 Email has changed how we communicat__ with people.
3 His desk is very __tidy so he can’t find anything.
4 I am very ambitio__ – I want to be the boss one day.
5 I __like her because she’s rude and unhelpful.
6 It’s __legal for a child to drive a car.
7 It’s __possible to put your ear in your mouth.
8 Mountain climbing is a dang__ sport.
9 Sea food is a special__ in the south west.
10 The men earn more than the women, and that’s __fair.
11 There’s an industr__ area near the airport.

1 point for each correct answer

6 Say the words. Underline the stressed syllables.

develop
discuss
improve
organization

1 point for each correct answer

7 Read the articles and answer the questions.

A Hundreds of homes in the south west have no electricity after the recent strong winds and heavy rain. In Bournemouth, a three hundred-year-old tree fell on two houses. Fortunately, nobody was at home.
B Last night thieves broke into the city’s art gallery and stole two small Van Gogh paintings. Police say that the thieves knew the building and that they were professionals. The night watchman told police that he was watching TV when the robbery took place and that he didn’t hear or see anything unusual.

C People in a Norfolk village woke up to a surprise this morning. While they were sleeping, students from the local university painted all the grass in the village red. The post office manager said, ‘I couldn’t believe my eyes when I looked out of the window at 5.30 this morning. I think it is funny, but a lot people don’t.’ The postman said, ‘It was dark when I went to work so I was walking on it before I saw it – there is red paint on my shoes. I was very angry at the time, but now I can see the funny side of it.’

Write A, B, or C.
Which story is about …
1 a joke? ___ 2 a robbery? ___ 3 bad weather? ___

Write short answers.
4 Why is there no electricity in the south west? _____________
5 Was anyone hurt in Bournemouth? _____________
6 Were the art thieves good at their job? _____________
7 What was the night watchman doing when the thieves stole the Van Goghs? _____________
8 What were the people doing while the students were painting the grass red? _____________
9 Was the post office manager surprised? _____________
10 Did everyone think it was funny? _____________
11 Could the postman see the grass when he went to work? _____________

1 point for each correct answer 11

8 Complete the sentences with during, while, or for.
1 I went sailing ____ my holiday.
2 We got married ____ we were on holiday.
3 We lived in Zimbabwe ____ five years.
4 We’re going on holiday ____ a month this year.
5 It is very hot ____ the day.
6 ____ we were waiting, we saw some old friends.

1 point for each correct answer 5

9 Write a paragraph about a good day in your life. Use your own idea or one of these:
   • your best birthday ever
   • getting a good job
   • passing your exams

Use these words in your paragraph: fortunately, while, during, for.

10 Write the dates in two ways.
1 1/3/98 _______ March the first, nineteen ninety-eight
2 11/8/02 _______
3 12/10/88 _______
4 6/2/00 _______
5 9/7/03 _______

2 points for each correct answer 8

11 Write at, on, in, or X (nothing).
1 I get up ____ 6.30 a.m.
2 His birthday’s ____ Tuesday.
3 We’re seeing them ____ next weekend.
4 The meeting’s ____ 7th July.
5 Why didn’t you come to my party ____ last week?
6 Let’s go on holiday ____ the summer.
7 I’m going home early ____ Friday afternoon.

1 point for each correct answer 6

12 Read the questions and write true answers.
1 When were you born? ________________.
2 When did you start learning English? ________________.
3 When do you usually go on holiday? ________________.
4 What time do you get up? ________________.
5 When did you last see a film? ________________.

2 points for each correct answer 10

TOTAL 100
1 Complete the paragraph with the Past Simple form of the verbs in the box.

be bring buy drive go hear
invite leave ring start tell

When Mr and Mrs Wilson (1) went away for the week, they (2) _______ their daughters at home. The two girls (3) _______ some pizzas and (4) _______ their friends to stay. Unfortunately, their friends (5) _______ some wine and things quickly (6) _______ to go wrong. When Mrs Wilson (7) _______ her daughters to check they (8) _______ OK, she (9) _______ loud music and shouting. She and Mr Wilson (10) _______ home immediately and (11) _______ the girls’ friends to leave.

1 point for each correct answer 10

2 Complete the sentences with the Past Continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

1 What (do) _______ you _______ at 9 o’clock last night?
2 We (not live) _______ together last year.
3 (dance) _______ Jim _______ with Helen at the party?
4 I (not read) _______ the paper, I (eat) _______ dinner.

1 point for each correct answer 4

3 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple or Past Continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

1 I (not speak) _______ to my neighbours until they (introduce) _______ themselves.
2 She (not live) _______ there when I first (meet) _______ her.
3 I (not want) _______ to go out because it (rain) _______.
4 They (make) _______ lunch before I (arrive) _______.
5 The Company Director (wait) _______ in my office when I (get) _______ to work yesterday.
6 He (have) _______ a shower when I (ring) _______.

2 points for each correct answer 10

4 Complete the conversations with the Past Simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Conversation 1
A (1) _______ I _______ my teenage girls at home last weekend.
B (2) _______ they _______ a party?
A No, they didn’t, but they (3) _______ _______ to walk the dog. They (4) _______ _______ everything that (5) _______ _______ in the fridge and they (6) _______ _______ to wash up.

Conversation 2
A (7) _______ you _______ the news last night?
B I (8) _______ _______ the national news but I (9) _______ _______ the local news. Why?
A A reporter (10) _______ _______ to me at the station – (11) _______ _______ I on TV?

1 point for each correct answer 10

5 Say the words. Underline the stressed syllables.

1 develop 4 discussion 7 improve
2 development 5 organization 8 improvement
3 discuss 6 organize

1 point for each correct answer 7

6 Complete the verbs, adjectives, and nouns in the sentences.

1 Did they invit__ you to their wedding?
2 It’s ___legal for a child to buy cigarettes.
3 It’s ___possible to put your nose in your ear.
4 Formula 1 racing is a dang__ sport.
5 Seafood is a special__ in the south west.
6 Many men get paid more than women. That’s ___fair.
7 Texting has changed how we communicat__ with other people.
8 Her room is very ___tidy so she can’t find anything.
9 I am not very ambitio__ – I love working in a shop.
10 I ___like him because he’s rude and unhelpful.
11 There’s an industr__ area near the airport.

1 point for each correct answer 10
7 Read the articles and answer the questions.

A Hundreds of homes in the south west have no electricity after the recent strong winds and heavy rain. In Bournemouth, a three hundred-year-old tree fell on two houses. Fortunately, nobody was at home.

B People in a Norfolk village woke up to a surprise this morning. While they were sleeping, students from the local university painted all the grass in the village red. The post office manager said, ‘I couldn’t believe my eyes when I looked out of the window at 5.30 this morning. I think it is funny, but a lot of people don’t’. The postman said, ‘It was dark when I went to work so I was walking on it before I saw it – there is red paint on my shoes. I was very angry at the time, but now I can see the funny side of it.’

C Last night thieves broke into the city’s art gallery and stole two small Van Gogh paintings. Police say that the thieves knew the building and that they were professionals. The night watchman told police that he was watching TV when the robbery took place and that he didn’t hear or see anything unusual.

Write A, B, or C.

Which story is about …
1 a robbery? ___ 2 bad weather? ___ 3 a joke? ___

Write short answers.
4 Why is there no electricity in the south west?

5 Was anyone hurt in Bournemouth? __________

6 What were the people doing while the students were painting the grass red? __________

7 Was the post office manager surprised? __________

8 Did everyone think it was funny? __________

9 Could the postman see the grass when he went to work? __________

10 Were the art thieves good at their job? __________

11 What was the night watchman doing when the thieves stole the Van Goghs? __________

1 point for each correct answer [11]

8 Complete the sentences with during, while, or for.
1 I went sailing during my holiday.
2 We met ______ we were at university.
3 We lived in Zanzibar ______ two years.
4 We’re going away ______ two months this year.
5 It is very hot ______ the day.
6 ______ we were waiting, we saw some old friends.

1 point for each correct answer [5]

9 Write a paragraph about a good day in your life. Use your own idea or one of these:
• your best birthday ever
• getting a good job
• passing your exams

Use these words in your paragraph: fortunately, while, during, for.

10 points divided between accuracy and content [10]

10 Read the questions and write true answers.
1 When were you born?
____________

2 When did you start learning English?
____________

3 When do you usually go on holiday?
____________

4 What time do you get up?
____________

5 When did you last see a film?
____________

2 points for each correct answer [10]

11 Write at, on, in, or ✓ (nothing).
1 I get up __ 6.30 a.m.
2 The meeting’s __ Monday.
3 Why didn’t you come to visit me __ last year?
4 We’re seeing them __ next week.
5 Let’s go on holiday __ August.
6 My birthday’s __ 5th March.

1 point for each correct answer [5]

12 Write the dates in two ways.
1 1/3/98 ___________________________________
   March the first, nineteen ninety-eight

2 2/6/03 ___________________________________

3 7/9/00 ___________________________________

4 8/11/02 ___________________________________

5 10/12/88 ___________________________________

2 points for each correct answer [8]

TOTAL [100]
1) Circle the correct word(s) in each sentence.

1) How much / many money have you got?
2) I’d like any / some sugar.
3) Have you got a few / a little time?
4) Can you give me some / any cake, please?
5) He’s got anything / something for you.
6) How many / much students are in your class?
7) I hate this town. There is nothing / something to do.
8) The milks are / milk is cold.
9) Have you got some / any chocolate?
10) There are a few / a little flowers in the garden.
11) There isn’t some / any coffee in the cupboard.

1 point for each correct answer 10

2) Complete the sentences.

some or any?
1) There are ______ new students in my class.
2) Is there ______ tea?
3) I don’t think there is ______ red wine.
4) We need ______ fruit.
much or many?
5) How ______ brothers have you got?
6) How ______ were your jeans?
7) Were there ______ people in the cinema?
8) Fifty pence isn’t ______ for a cup of coffee.
a little, a few, or a lot of?
9) There’s ______ milk in the fridge – but not much.
10) I have ______ friends in Athens because I worked there for ten years.
11) The drive to Nice takes ______ hours. Two or three.

1 point for each correct answer 10

3) Complete the words in the sentences.

no, any, or every?
1) It was a delicious meal – ______ one enjoyed it.
2) I can’t find ______ one to answer my question.
3) ______ one likes getting bad news.
4) I’m bored. There's ______ thing to do.
5) She told ______ one my secret. I was angry with her.

thing, where, or one?
6) Are you going some ______ nice for your holiday?
7) No ______ wants to go out with me tonight.
8) Did you buy any ______ at the shops?
9) I looked every ______, but I didn’t find it.
10) Every ______ knows Kylie Minogue.
11) There’s no ______ on TV tonight.

1 point for each correct answer 10

4) Complete the conversation with the words in the box.

a lot of  any (x2)  anything  everyone  many  some  something  nothing

A How (1) ______ people are coming to the party?
B Well, there are (2) ______ my friends from work – about twenty-five.
A Have we got (3) ______ for them to drink?
B There’s (4) ______ wine and beer in the fridge.
A That isn’t enough. I’ll go to the supermarket. Have you got (5) ______ money?
B Have a look in my purse.
A There’s (6) ______ in your purse! I’ll use my credit card. Do we need (7) ______ bags of crisps?
B No, we don’t. There are twelve bags in the cupboard.
A OK, I’ll go to the supermarket now.
B I’ve just remembered (8) ______ – (9) ______ is arriving at 6.00 so you need to hurry.

1 point for each correct answer 8

5) Correct the sentences.

1) They’ve got two children, a girl and the boy.
   They’ve got two children, a girl and a boy.

2) That’s their house. A one with the pretty garden.

3) My aunt has shop in Cambridge.

4) Money can’t buy you the love.

5) I’d like loaf of bread, please.

6) I’m driving one VW this week.

1 point for each correct answer 5
6 Where can you buy these things? Put the words in the correct columns.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>carrot cake</th>
<th>doughnuts</th>
<th>dress</th>
<th>espresso</th>
<th>jumper</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>make-up</td>
<td>shampoo</td>
<td>soap</td>
<td>tie</td>
<td>tissues</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>a chemist’s</th>
<th>a café</th>
<th>a clothes shop</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 _________</td>
<td>5 _________</td>
<td>8 _________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 _________</td>
<td>6 _________</td>
<td>9 _________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 _________</td>
<td>7 _________</td>
<td>10 _________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 _________</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 point for each correct answer  9

7 Write the plurals.

1 boy _______ boys
2 glass _______ size
3 city _______ potato
4 key _______ 10 tooth
5 fish _______ 11 woman
6 person _______ persons

1 point for each correct answer  10

8 Read the information. Write OS (Oxford Street), CM (Camden Market), or CS (Carnaby Street).

Carnaby Street was a famous London street in the 1960s when the Beatles were young and Britain was the centre of pop and fashion. Unfortunately, it is now a place for tourists where there isn’t much to buy except postcards and badly-made souvenirs.

Oxford Street in central London is world-famous for its shops. However, many tourists find it isn’t very interesting; the shops near Marble Arch are large department stores selling mass-produced things and at the other end of the street there are smaller shops selling cheap clothes and electrical goods.

Camden Market is in a fashionable area of north London. More than 9 million visitors go there every year. The market is open all week but it is busiest at the weekends. If you don’t mind being with lots of people, it’s great walking along the streets looking at the jewellery, clothes, and antique stalls. There are lots of small specialist shops and stalls selling interesting things from all over the world, so make sure you have lots of time to look around.

Which shopping area(s) …

1 was fashionable forty years ago? ___________

9 Complete the form with information about you.

Mr./Mrs./Ms. (delete where not applicable)

PLEASE WRITE IN CAPITAL LETTERS

Family name  ___________
First name/s  ___________
Date of birth  ___________
Occupation  ___________
Nationality  ___________
Languages  ___________
Marital status  ___________
Signature  ___________

1 point for each correct piece of information, 2 for following the instructions correctly  12

10 Put the two conversations in the correct order.

**In a clothes shop**

1. __ Hello, can I help you?
   2. __ Here you are.
   3. __ What size are you?
   4. __ That’s great. Can I try it on, please?
   5. __ Yes, I’m looking for a dress like this in red, please.
   6. __ Small.
   7. __ Of course. The changing rooms are over there.

**In a chemist’s**

1. __ I wonder if you could help me. I’ve got a cold.
   2. __ Thank you. And I need some tissues, please.
   3. __ Of course. You should take two of these three times a day.
   4. __ Sure. Do you need anything for your throat?
   5. __ No, nothing else, thanks.

1 point for each correct answer  8

TOTAL 100
1 Circle the correct words in each sentence.
   1 How much / many money have you got?
   2 The milk is / milks are cold.
   3 Has he got some / any coffee?
   4 There are a little / a few cakes in the cupboard.
   5 There isn’t some / any chocolate in the fridge.
   6 How much / many people work in your office?
   7 This town is so boring! There is nowhere / somewhere
to go in the evenings.
   8 I’d like some / any wine.
   9 Have you got a few / a little time?
   10 Can you give me some / any sugar, please?
   11 They’ve got anything / something for you.

   1 point for each correct answer  10

2 Use the words in the box to complete the conversation.
   a lot of any (x2) anyone
   many some something nothing

   A How (1) _____ people are coming to the party?
   B Well, there are (2) _____ my friends – about thirty.
   A Have we got (3) _____ to drink?
   B There’s (4) _____ wine and beer in the fridge.
   A We need orange juice, too. I’ll go and buy some. Have
you got (5) _____ money?
   B Have a look in my purse.
   A There’s (6) _____ in your purse! I’ll use my credit
 card. Do we need (7) _____ bags of crisps?
   B No, we don’t. There are twelve bags in the cupboard.
   A OK, I’ll go to the shop now.
   B I’ve just remembered (8) _____ – (9) _____ is
arriving at 6.00 so you need to hurry.

   1 point for each correct answer  8

3 Complete the sentences.
   some or any?
   1 There are _____ new students in my class.
   2 I don’t think there is _____ fruit.
   3 Is there _____ red wine?
   4 We need _____ tea.
      a little, a few, or a lot of?
   5 The journey to London takes _____ hours. Three
      or four.
   6 He has _____ friends in Rome because he worked
      there for ten years.
   7 There’s _____ milk in the fridge so we can have a
coffee.
      much or many?
   8 How _____ sisters have you got?
   9 Are there _____ students in your class?
   10 How _____ were your shoes?
   11 Eighty pence isn’t _____ for an orange juice.

   1 point for each correct answer  10

4 Complete the words in the sentences.
   no, any, or every?
   1 It was a delicious meal – ___________ one enjoyed it.
   2 He told ___________ it was my birthday!
   3 I’m bored. There’s ___________ thing to do.
   4 ___________ one likes getting up early.
   5 Can ___________ one answer my question?
   thing, where, or one?
   6 Every __________ knows Madonna.
   7 There’s no __________ on the television tonight.
   8 Are you going some __________ nice for your holiday?
   9 No __________ likes me.
   10 Did you buy any __________ in Athens?
   11 She looked every __________ , but she didn’t find it.

   1 point for each correct answer  10

5 Correct the sentences.
   1 They’ve got two children, a girl and the boy.
      They’ve got two children, a girl and a boy.

   2 Money can’t buy you the love.

   3 My mum has house in Cambridge.

   4 That’s their house. A one with the red door.

   5 I’m driving one BMW this week.

   6 I’d like loaf of bread, please.

   1 point for each correct answer  5
6 Write the plurals.

1. boy ________ boys
2. key ________ keys
3. fish ________ fish
4. glass ________ glasses
5. city ________ cities
6. sandwich ________ sandwiches
7. person ________ persons
8. potato ________ potatoes
9. size ________ sizes
10. woman ________ women

1 point for each correct answer  [10]

7 Where can you buy these things? Write chemist’s, café, or clothes shop.

1. carrot cake ________ café
2. doughnuts ________ cafe
3. dress ________ clothes shop
4. espresso ________ café
5. jumper ________ clothes shop
6. make-up ________ clothes shop
7. soap ________ chemist’s
8. shampoo ________ chemist’s
9. tie ________ clothes shop
10. tissues ________ clothes shop

1 point for each correct answer  [9]

8 Read the information. Write OS (Oxford Street), CM (Camden Market), or CS (Carnaby Street).

Carnaby Street was a famous London street in the 1960s when the Beatles were young and Britain was the centre of pop and fashion. Unfortunately, it is now a place for tourists where there isn’t much to buy except postcards and badly-made souvenirs.

Camden Market is in a fashionable area of north London. More than 9 million visitors go there every year. The market is open all week but it is busiest at the weekends. If you don’t mind being with lots of people, it’s great walking along the streets looking at the jewellery, clothes, and antique stalls. There are lots of small specialist shops and stalls selling interesting things from all over the world, so make sure you have lots of time to look around.

Oxford Street in central London is world-famous for its shops. However, many tourists find it isn’t very interesting; the shops near Marble Arch are large department stores selling mass-produced things and at the other end of the street there are smaller shops selling cheap clothes and electrical goods.

Which shopping area(s) …

1. was fashionable forty years ago? ________
2. sells things for tourists? ________
3. has lots of big shops? ________
4. is very busy on Saturday and Sunday? ________
5. sells cheap clothes and CD players? ________

6. has things for sale in the streets? ________
7. are disappointing for visitors? ________
8. sells more unusual things? ________
9. is fashionable now? ________

2 points for each correct answer  [18]

9 Complete the form with information about you.

PLEASE WRITE IN CAPITAL LETTERS

Mr/Mrs/Ms (delete where not applicable)

Family name ________________________________________
First name/s ________________________________________
Date of birth ________________________________________
Nationality ________________________________________
Marital status ________________________________________
Home address ________________________________________
Occupation ________________________________________
Languages ________________________________________
Signature ________________________________________

1 point for each correct piece of information,
2 for following the instructions correctly  [12]

10 Put the two conversations in the correct order.

In a clothes shop
1. Hello, can I help you?
   2. Small.
   3. Yes. I’m looking for a dress like this in red, please.
   4. That’s great. Can I try it on, please?
   5. What size are you?
   6. Here you are.
   7. Of course. The changing rooms are over there.

In a chemist’s
1. I wonder if you could help me. I’ve got a cold.
   2. Yes. Do you need anything for your throat?
   3. Of course. You can take two of these three times a day.
   4. Thank you. And I need some tissues, please.
   5. No, nothing else, thanks.

1 point for each correct answer  [8]

TOTAL  [100]
1 Circle the correct verb form.

1. They like to (like) swimming.
2. I decided to (decide) take the job.
3. We’d like / We like dancing.
4. He’s looking forward to (see) / seeing his grandchildren.
5. Do you want / want to have a party?
6. I’d like / I like to live in Spain when I retire.
7. Would you like learning / to learn another language?
8. We hope / hoping to get married next year.
9. She’s thinking of to buy / buying a new car.
10. He can’t read / reading – he’s only a baby.

1 point for each correct answer: 9

2 Circle the correct letter.

1. a) Do you like mineral water?
   b) Would you like some mineral water?
   Yes, please. I’m very thirsty.
2. a) What sort of films do you like?
   b) Which film would you like to see?
   Romances and comedies.
3. a) Where do you like going on holiday?
   b) Would you like to go on holiday next month?
   I’d love to but I’m too busy.
4. a) I’d like to visit Australia one day.
   b) I like Australia.
   Yes, I would too.

1 point for each correct answer: 3

3 Complete the sentences with the correct will or going to form of the verbs in brackets.

1. ‘I’ve got a lot of cleaning to do.’ ‘Don’t worry, I (help) __________ you.’
2. They moved house because they (have) __________ another baby.
3. ‘I must give Henry his present.’ ‘I (take) __________ it, I (see) __________ him later today.
4. ‘What time is the supermarket open on Sunday?’ ‘I don’t know. I (do) __________ the shopping later so I (ask) __________.’
5. Don’t come and meet me – I (not get) __________ lost.

6 ‘Sally got a new job yesterday.’ ‘That’s good news – I (ring) __________ and congratulate her.’
7. ‘Are you free this evening?’ ‘No, we (visit) __________ Jon’s parents.’
8. Keith went to work in Asia last month so I (not see) __________ him for a long time.
9. (telephone) __________ you __________ a friend after this lesson?

1 point for each correct answer: 10

4 Complete the words in the paragraph.

We (1) are going to Australia next January. We both (2) love diving so we plan to spend the first two weeks at the Barrier Reef. After that, we (3) are flying to Sydney (4) to visit my cousins. We (5) have some old friends in Perth and we are going to see them too. We (6) want to travel by train from one side of the country to the other. I (7) am going to lo on the Internet to (8) find out how long the journey takes.

2 points for each correct answer: 14

5 Complete the phrases with have, go, or come.

1. __________ a party
2. __________ a sore throat
3. __________ out shopping
4. __________ to your English lesson
5. __________ and see us
6. __________ far

1 point for each correct answer: 10

6 Complete the conversation with the correct form of have, go, or come.

A. We’re (1) having a party at the end of term. Do you want to (2) __________?
B. Yes, great. Who is (3) __________ to bring the music?
A. Gina. She’s a DJ so she (4) __________ all the equipment.
B. That’s good. Are the students in other classes (5) __________?
A. No, they’re not. I was (6) __________ to invite them but they are (7) __________ a meal together.
B. That’s unfortunate. I like (8) __________ to parties with lots of people – I think you can (9) __________ more fun.

1 point for each correct answer: 8
7 Read what Janey and Silvio write about their parents. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

My parents are great. They are very fair and they always discuss things with us. Dad worries about his little girls but Mum likes to give us enough freedom to learn from our mistakes. The only rule is that I must tell them where I’m going and who I am with. I think my parents have got it right: they are interested in us but they don’t want to control us.

Janey 16

My parents were too careful – they worried about me and my two brothers all the time. Our parents both had terrible childhoods so they wanted ours to be perfect. Every minute of our lives was spent doing expensive things – we never got time to be kids just playing on our bikes in the street. What they don’t understand is that we didn’t want our childhood to be perfect – we wanted it to be normal. We were spoilt and I don’t think they taught us the value of working for things. I learned that when I left home and started to spend my own money!

Silvio 21

1 Janey likes her parents. __
2 She’s got a brother. __
3 Her parents listen to her ideas. __
4 Her mother worries a lot about her daughters. __
5 Her parents have lots of rules. __
6 Her parents give her enough freedom. __
7 Silvio’s parents gave him enough freedom. __
8 He’s got brothers. __
9 His parents had happy childhoods. __
10 His childhood was always busy. __
11 His parents spent a lot of money on their children. __
12 His childhood was perfect. __
13 His parents didn’t teach him the value of things. __

2 points for each correct answer

8 Imagine you are on holiday. Make notes in the table.

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<tr>
<td>What did you do yesterday?</td>
<td>__________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What are you going to do later today?</td>
<td>__________</td>
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</table>

Use your notes to write a postcard about your holiday. Use some of these adjectives: lovely, terrible, comfortable, small, old.

12 points divided between accuracy and content

9 Read 1–5. Match them with a comment and a reply.

1 I feel very nervous. __ __
2 I think that fish was bad. __ __
3 He’s fed up with his job. __ __
4 I’m very tired. __ __
5 How are you feeling? __ __

COMMENT
6 I’m working every evening because I’ve got an exam on Friday.
7 You look much better.
8 I don’t feel very well.
9 I’m getting married tomorrow.
10 It’s really boring.

REPLY
a Poor you. Why don’t you go to bed?
b Why doesn’t he look for a new one?
c Congratulations! I’m sure you’ll have a lovely day.
d Yes, I am thanks. I stayed in bed for two days and it helped.
e Good luck!

1 point for each correct answer

TOTAL 100
1 Circle the correct letter.

1 a Do you like mineral water?
   b Would you like some mineral water?
   Yes, please. I'm very thirsty.
2 a Which books would you like to read?
   b What sort of books do you like?
   Romances and comedies.
3 a Would you like to go out later?
   b Where do you like going out?
   I'd love to but I'm too busy.
4 a I'd like to live in the US one day.
   b I like the US.
   Yes, I would too.

1 point for each correct answer  3

2 Circle the correct verb form.

1 They like to / (like) swimming.
2 We'd like / We like travelling.
3 I decided / decided to take the job.
4 He can't read / reading – he's only a baby.
5 She's looking forward to see / seeing her grandchildren.
6 Do you want / want to have a party?
7 I'd like / I like to learn another language.
8 We hope / hoping to have a child next year.
9 Would you like living / to live in Spain?
10 He's thinking of to buy / buying a house.

1 point for each correct answer  9

3 Complete the words in the paragraph.

We [1] [re going to] go Australia next January. We both [2] (la) looking forward to see diving so we plan to spend the first two weeks at the Barrier Reef. After that, we [3] [a] fly ___ to Sydney [4] to visit my cousins. We [5] having some old friends in Perth and we are going to see them too. We [6] want to travel by train from one side of the country to the other. I [7] _ go ___ time ___ on the Internet to [8] find out how long the journey takes.

2 points for each correct answer  14

4 Complete the sentences with the correct will or going to form of the verbs in brackets.

1 'I've got a lot of cleaning to do.' 'Don't worry, I (help) [will help] you.'
2 'I must give Sally her present.' 'I (take) [will take] it, I (see) [will see] her later today.
3 She moved house because she (have) [had] another baby.
4 'Is the supermarket open on Sunday?' 'I don't know. I (do) [will do] the shopping later so I (ask) [will ask].'
5 'Are you free this weekend?' 'No, we (visit) [will visit] Keith's parents.'
6 Jon went to work in Australia last month so I (not see) [won't see] him for a long time.
7 Don't come and meet me – I (not get) [can't get] lost.
8 'Henry got a new job yesterday.' 'That's good news – I (ring) [will ring] and congratulate him.'
9 (telephone) ______ you ______ Paola after this lesson?

1 point for each correct answer  10

5 Complete the conversation with the correct form of have, go, or come.

A We're (1) having a party at the end of term. Do you want to (2) ___ ?
B Yes, great. Are the students in other classes (3) ___ ?
A No, they're not. I was (4) ___ to invite them but they are (5) ___ a meal together.
B That's unfortunate. I like (6) ___ to parties with lots of people – I think you can (7) ___ more fun. Who is (8) ___ to bring the music?
A Gina. She's a DJ so she (9) ___ all the equipment.

1 point for each correct answer  8

6 Complete the phrases with have, go, or come.

1 ___ a party
2 ___ far
3 ___ on holiday
4 ___ out shopping
5 ___ to your English lesson
6 ___ and see us
7 ______ a sore throat
8 ______ no time
9 ______ here and speak to me
10 ______ news for you
11 dreams ______ true

1 point for each correct answer 10

7 Read what Silvio and Janey write about their parents. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

My parents were too careful – they worried about me and my two brothers all the time. Our parents both had terrible childhoods so they wanted ours to be perfect. Every minute of our lives was spent doing expensive things – we never got time to be kids just playing on our bikes in the street. What they don’t understand is that we didn’t want our childhood to be perfect – we wanted it to be normal. We were spoilt and I don’t think they taught us the value of working for things. I learned that when I left home and started to spend my own money!

Silvio 21

My parents are great. They are very fair and they always discuss things with us. Dad worries about his little girls but Mum likes to give us enough freedom to learn from our mistakes. The only rule is that I must tell them where I’m going and who I am with. I think my parents have got it right: they are interested in us but they don’t want to control us.

Janey 16

1 Silvio’s parents gave him enough freedom. __
2 He’s got brothers. __
3 His parents had happy childhoods. __
4 His childhood was always busy. __
5 His parents spent a lot of money on their children. __
6 His childhood was perfect. __
7 His parents didn’t teach him the value of things. __
8 Janey likes her parents. __
9 She’s got a brother. __
10 Her parents listen to her ideas. __
11 Her mother worries a lot about her daughters. __
12 Her parents have lots of rules. __
13 Her parents give her enough freedom. __

2 points for each correct answer 26

8 Imagine you are on holiday. Make notes in the table.

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Use your notes to write a postcard about your holiday. Use some of these adjectives: lovely, small, terrible, comfortable, old.

12 points divided between accuracy and content 12

9 Read 1–5. Match them with a comment and a reply.

1 I feel very nervous. __ __
2 I think that fish was bad. __ __
3 He’s fed up with his job. __ __
4 I’m very tired. __ __
5 How are you feeling? __ __

COMMENT
6 You look much better.
7 It’s really boring.
8 I don’t feel very well.
9 I’m getting married tomorrow.

10 I’m working every evening because I’ve got an exam on Friday.

REPLY
a Yes, I am thanks. I stayed in bed for two days and it helped.
b Good luck!
c Congratulations! I’m sure you’ll have a lovely day.
d Poor you. Why don’t you go to bed?
e Why doesn’t he look for a new one?

1 point for each correct answer 8

TOTAL 100
1 Match the questions and answers.

1 What are her paintings like? ___
2 Did you like the play? ___
3 What does your boyfriend like? ___
4 What was the play like? ___
5 What’s your boyfriend like? ___
6 Does anyone like her paintings? ___

a Yes, they are very popular.
b It was OK but it was a bit sad.
c No, I didn’t. It was boring.
d He’s very kind and he’s got a sense of humour.
e The ones in the National Gallery are interesting.
f Cars and motorbikes.

1 point for each correct answer 5

2 Write the questions. Use What ... like? / like.

A (1) _______ you _______ Amsterdam?
B Yes, we liked it very much.

A (2) _______ Amsterdam _______?
B It’s smaller than London so it’s easy to find places.

A (3) _______ it _______?
B Yes, I did, but I like Spanish and Italian food more.

A (4) _______ it _______?
B It’s a bit like British and German food – meat, potatoes, and vegetables. And lots of cheese!

A (5) _______ the countryside _______?
B It’s flat! It’s the flattest place I’ve ever been to.

A Where did you stay? (6) _______ your hotel _______?
B It was quite small but nice and very central.

1 point for each correct answer 5

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjectives in brackets.

1 She is (heavy) _______ her brother.
2 It’s (beautiful) _______ building in Paris.
3 He’s (good) _______ student in the class.
4 This is (bad) _______ meal I’ve ever had.
5 She was born in May and he was born in June 1988 so he’s not (old) _______ her.
6 Of course £100 is (expensive) _______ $100!
7 The girls are noisy, but the boys are (noisy) _______

8 It’s 35°C in Milan and Athens. Milan is (hot) _______ Athens.
10 ‘How’s your cold?’ ‘I’m (good) _______ now, thank you.’
11 His second wife is (bad) _______ than the first!

1 point for each correct answer 5

4 Complete the verbs in the phrases.

1 buy_________ stocks and shares
2 make_________ a will
3 in_________ a lot of money from someone
4 in_________ money in stocks and shares
5 arise_________ a thief
6 amputate_________ a leg
7 lie_________ in poverty
8 open_________ a bank account
9 spoil_________ a child
10 wear_________ ragged clothes

1 point for each correct answer 10

5 Match the words in A with a synonym in B and an antonym in C.

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</tr>
<tr>
<td>modern</td>
<td>messy</td>
<td>interested</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 point for each correct answer 8

6 Correct the sentences.

1 She is more clever than her sister. _______
2 It’s the most good city in the world. _______
3 Bologna is the older university in Europe. _______
4 A car is most expensive than a bicycle. _______
5 London is more wet than Rome. _______

1 point for each correct answer 4
7 Write polite replies.
1 His wife is so boring! Yes, she's not very interesting.
2 That cat's stupid. Yes, ____________________.
3 Their house is dirty. Yes, ____________________.
4 They are very mean. Yes, ____________________.
5 It was a horrible present. Yes, ____________________.
6 She's always rude. Yes, ____________________.

1 point for each correct answer 5

8 Read the letter. Circle the correct answers.

Dear All,
As you can see from the address, we are now in our new home! We got the keys last Thursday and moved in on Friday. It was the coldest day of the year, so we didn't enjoy it very much.

The new house has got five bedrooms, so it's a lot bigger than the old one. All our furniture looks very small and we keep losing the kids. We moved so the boys can have a bedroom each now they are getting older, and it's great having a spare room for visitors. Mike's parents very generously gave us some money when we moved so I think they will be our first guests.

One thing that is worse than the old place is the garden – the new one is smaller and it is very untidy. However, there's a park across the road so the boys can play football there. I can see the park from the front windows so I won't worry about them. We're having a house warming party.

1 This is a(n) formal / informal letter.
2 It is a letter to lots of people / one person.
3 The letter is about moving house / the children.
4 The writer is married with children / single with no family.
5 The old house was bigger / smaller.
6 The old house had more / fewer bedrooms.
7 Mike's parents are going to visit / live with them.
8 The old garden was worse / better.
9 She will / won't send the boys to the park alone.
10 They had / are going to have a party.

2 points for each correct answer 20

9 Join the sentences with who, that, or which.
1 I know a woman. She lives on a boat.
   ____________________________________________________________
2 I stayed in a hotel. It was in the centre of the city.
   ____________________________________________________________
3 Ken is a teacher. He lives in Barcelona.
   ____________________________________________________________
4 I bought some shoes. They were in a sale.
   ____________________________________________________________
5 Katy knows my sister. My sister works in a bank.
   ____________________________________________________________

1 point for each correct answer 4

10 Make some notes about a town or village you know well.
Answer these questions:
What's it called and where is it? What's it like? What's the countryside like? Where do people work? Are there any famous buildings?
Write a paragraph about the town or village.

10 points divided between accuracy and content 10

11 Complete the directions.
Go (1) ___________________________ the road and walk (2) __________ the post office. At the end of the road, go (3) _______ the bridge and walk (4) across the main road to the pub. Turn left (5) _______ the pub and the bookshop, walk (6) _______ the station car park and you're there.

2 points for each correct answer 10

12 Translate the sentences.
1 Go along this road. The greengrocer's is opposite the chemist's.
   ____________________________________________________________
2 'Where's the pond?' 'It's in the park behind the library.'
   ____________________________________________________________
3 The pub is between the baker's and the bank.
   ____________________________________________________________
4 There's a bridge over the river.
   ____________________________________________________________
5 Go across the road, the station is on the corner.
   ____________________________________________________________

2 points for each correct answer 10

TOTAL 100
1 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjectives in brackets.

1 She is (heavy) ____________ her brother.
2 It’s 40°C in Seville and Rome. Seville is (hot) ____________ Rome.
4 ‘How’s your mum?’ ‘She’s (good) ____________ now, thanks.’
5 His second wife is (bad) ____________ than the first!
6 It’s (beautiful) ____________ town in France.
7 He’s (bad) ____________ student in the class.
8 This is (good) ____________ meal I’ve ever had!
9 He was born in May and she was born in June 1988, so she isn’t (old) ____________ him.
10 Of course £100 is (expensive) ____________ $100!
11 The girls are noisy but the boys are (noisy) ____________ .

1 point for each correct answer  

2 Correct the sentences.

1 She is more clever than her sister. ____________
2 The older university in Europe is Bologna. ____________
3 London is more wet than Rome. ____________
4 It’s the most good museum in the world. ____________
5 A coffee is most expensive than a tea. ____________

1 point for each correct answer  

3 Match the questions and answers.

1 What are her paintings like? ____________
2 Did you like the play? ____________
3 What does your boyfriend like? ____________
4 What was the play like? ____________
5 What’s your boyfriend like? ____________
6 Does anyone like her paintings? ____________

a He’s very kind and he’s got a sense of humour. ____________
b Cars and motorbikes. ____________
c It was OK but it was a bit miserable. ____________
d No, I didn’t. It was boring. ____________
e The ones in the National Gallery are interesting. ____________
f Yes, they are very popular. ____________

1 point for each correct answer  

4 Write the questions. Use What … like? / like.

A (1) ____________ you ____________ Amsterdam?
B Yes, we liked it very much.
A (2) ____________ Amsterdam ____________ ?
B It’s smaller than London, so it’s easy to find places.
A Where did you stay? (3) ____________ your hotel ____________ ?
B It was quite small, but central.
A (4) ____________ the countryside ____________ ?
B It’s flat! It’s the flattest place I’ve ever been to.
A (5) ____________ the food?
B Yes, I did, but I like Spanish and Italian food more.
A (6) ____________ it ____________ ?
B It’s a bit like British and German food – meat, potatoes, and vegetables. And lots of cheese!

1 point for each correct answer  

5 Match the words in A with a synonym in B and an antonym in C.

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1 point for each correct answer  

6 Complete the verbs in the phrases.

1 b________ stocks and shares
2 in________ money in stocks and shares
3 ar________ a thief
4 m________ a will
5 in________ a lot of money from someone
6 amp________ a leg
7 sp________ a child
8 we________ ragged clothes
9 li________ in poverty
10 op________ a bank account

1 point for each correct answer
7 Write polite replies.

1. His wife is so boring! Yes, **she's not very interesting**.
2. That dog's stupid. Yes, **__________**.
3. Their car is dirty. Yes, **__________**.
4. He is very mean. Yes, **__________**.
5. It was a really horrible day. Yes, **__________**.
6. They're always rude. Yes, **__________**.

1 point for each correct answer 5

8 Read the letter. Circle the correct answers.

Dear All,

As you can see from the address, we are now in our new home! We got the keys last Thursday and moved in on Friday. It was the hottest day of the year, so we didn't enjoy it very much.

The new house has got five bedrooms, so it's a lot bigger than the old one. All our furniture looks very small and we keep losing the kids. We moved so the girls can have a bedroom each now they are getting older, and it's great having a spare room for visitors. Jack's brother very generously gave us some money when we moved so I think he will be our first guest.

One thing that is worse than the old place is the garden – the new one is smaller and it is very untidy. However, there's a park across the road so the girls can play there on their bikes. I can see the park from the front windows so I won't worry about them.

We're having a house warming party on the 22nd of next month.

1. This is a(n) **formal** / informal letter.
2. It is a letter to lots of people / one person.
3. The letter is about moving house / the children.
4. The writer is married with children / single with no family.
5. The old house was bigger / smaller.
6. The old house had more / fewer bedrooms.
7. Jack's brother is going to visit / live with them.
8. The old garden was worse / better.
9. She will / won't send the girls to the park alone.
10. They had / are going to have a party.

2 points for each correct answer 20

9 Join the sentences with **who**, **that**, or **which**.

1. I know a woman. She lives on a boat.
   **I know a woman who lives on a boat.**
   **Susi knows my sister that lives in Barcelona.**
3. I stayed in a hotel. It was out of the city.
   **I stayed in a hotel which was out of the city.**
4. Ken is a doctor. He works in Barcelona.
   **Ken, who is a doctor, works in Barcelona.**
5. I bought some shoes. They were in a sale.
   **I bought some shoes that were in a sale.**

1 point for each correct answer 4

10 Make some notes about a town or village you know well. Answer these questions.

What's it called and where is it? What's it like? What's the countryside like? Where do people work? Are there any famous buildings?

Write a paragraph about the town or village.

10 points divided between accuracy and content 10

11 Translate the sentences.

1. Go along this road. The greengrocer's is opposite the chemist's.
   ___________________________________________
2. The pub is between the baker's and the bank.
   ___________________________________________
3. 'Where's the pond?' 'It's in the park behind the library.'
   ___________________________________________
4. Go across the road, the station is on the corner.
   ___________________________________________
5. There's a bridge over the river.
   ___________________________________________

1 point for each correct answer 5

12 Complete the directions.

Go (1) **down** the road. Turn left (2) bet______ the pub and the bookshop and walk (3) p_______ the post office. At the end of the road, go (4) o_______ the bridge and walk (5) ac_______ the main road to the bank. Walk (6) t_______ the station car park and you're there.

2 points for each correct answer 10

TOTAL 100
1. Circle the correct verb forms.
   1 I didn’t live/haven’t lived with my parents since 1992.
   2 Did / Have you ever written a short story?
   3 It’s the world’s biggest selling record. Sixty million people bought / have bought it.
   4 Titanic only sailed / has sailed once.
   5 Have you been / go to Peru?
   6 ‘Did you meet / Have you met my wife?’ ‘No, I didn’t.’

   1 point for each correct answer  

2. Complete the conversations with the Present Simple, Present Perfect, or Past Simple form of the verbs in brackets.
   Conversation 1
   A (I eat) ______ you ever _______ Thai food?
   B Yes, I have.
   A (2 like) _______ you _______ it?
   B Yes, I did. I (3 like) _______ it a lot because it was spicy.

   Conversation 2
   A Where (4 live) _______ you and your wife _______?
   B We have a flat near the station.
   A How long (5 live) _______ you _______ there?
   B Since we (6 get) _______ married in 2002. Before that, we both (7 live) _______ at home with our parents.

   Conversation 3
   A (8 read) _______ you _______ novels?
   B Yes, I do.
   A (9 read) _______ you ever _______ an American novel?
   B Yes, I (10 read) _______ The Great Gatsby at school.

   Conversation 4
   A (11 climb) _______ you ever _______ a mountain?
   B No, I haven’t. Have you?
   A Yes, I have. I (12 climb) _______ Ben Nevis last year.

   Conversation 5
   A (13 fly) _______ you ever _______ in a balloon?
   B Yes, I have. I (14 fly) _______ in one on my 21st birthday.
   A What (15 be) _______ it like?
   B I loved it, but I (16 not do) _______ it since.

   1 point for each correct answer  

3. Complete the idioms.
   1 fish and chips
   2 lad and gent
   3 n and th
   4 u and do
   5 sa and pep
   6 pea and qu

   1 point for each correct answer  

4. Complete the paragraph with the Present Perfect form of the verbs in the box.

   (1) _______ you ever _______ about the people behind songs we hear every day? Ned Harris has. He (2) _______ a song writer for more than 30 years. In his career he (3) _______ more than 300 songs and he (4) _______ with some of the world’s most famous vocalists.

   We asked Ned some questions.
   Q ‘People (5) _______ your name. Why is that?’
   A ‘I love writing songs, but I (6) _______ never _______ to be famous. That’s the superstar’s job.’
   Q ‘(7) _______ you _______ any gold discs?’
   A ‘Yes, I have. I’ve got twenty – but I (8) _______ them on my office wall.’
   Q ‘How long (9) _______ you _______ married?’
   A ‘Suzie and I (10) _______ together since the day we met in a recording studio twenty years ago. We got married two weeks after we met – and we (11) _______ in twenty years.’

   2 points for each correct answer  

5. Complete the sentences with the adverbs in the box.

   carefully just of course only still together

   1 Hold the baby _______.
   2 They danced _______ all night.
   3 They are _______ in love after forty years together.
   4 They have _______ celebrated their anniversary.
   5 _______ I have a job – I need the money.
   6 He _______ works for six months a year.

   1 point for each correct answer  

28  UNIT 7 Test A

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PHOTOCOPIABLE
6 Put the nouns in the correct columns.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>women</th>
<th>men</th>
<th>both</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) <em>aunt</em></td>
<td>(5) _____</td>
<td>(9) _____</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) _____</td>
<td>(6) _____</td>
<td>(10) _____</td>
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<td>(3) _____</td>
<td>(7) _____</td>
<td>(11) _____</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4) _____</td>
<td>(8) _____</td>
<td>(13) _____</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 point for each correct answer 12

7 Read the review. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

Our reporter asked Julia Jenkins about her favourite magazine, Hiya!

What is Hiya! magazine about?

Julia Jenkins (JJ) The magazine has all the latest celebrity news. If you need to know who has married who, who has been on holiday, and who has made a new film, this is the magazine for you. It also has TV listings, a crossword, recipes, and competitions.

Who is the magazine for?
JJ It’s for everyone! People from ten to one hundred years old can enjoy it.

What is the best part of the magazine?
JJ The pictures are great. There are lots of photographs taken inside famous people’s homes – you can see what their furniture and curtains are like. The other thing I like is that there isn’t too much to read – the articles are very short.

What is the worst part of the magazine?
JJ There are sometimes very boring articles about people from European royal families that I have never heard of! The recipes look very difficult and expensive so I’ve never cooked one of their recipes.

How much does the magazine cost?
JJ It costs £1.50 which is cheaper than most magazines – I think it is good value. I have bought it every week since it started five years ago and the price has gone up 10% in that time.

1 Hiya! isn’t about serious political news. __
2 Only people in their twenties and thirties can enjoy the magazine. __
3 JJ enjoys looking at the pictures of stars’ homes. __
4 JJ prefers to read long articles. __
5 JJ has read about European royal families in Hiya! __
6 JJ has never read the recipes in Hiya! __
7 JJ has bought Hiya! for a week. __

2 points for each correct answer 14

8 Use these notes to write Constanza’s biography.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CONSTANZA</th>
<th>Glasgow, 5 June 1960, father an Italian ice-cream maker, mother factory worker</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>born</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>early career</td>
<td>left school at 16, moved to London and became a model and film actor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>later career</td>
<td>1983–1985 studied Italian language and art in Florence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>life now</td>
<td>1986–today has a shop and gallery in London’s Bond Street married with three children, Coriander, Theo, and Hermione homes in London, Milan, and New York</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Start:
Constanza … was born in Glasgow on 5th June 1960.

10 points divided between accuracy and content 10

9 Complete the short answers. Write true answers and add a comment.

1 Have you been up the Eiffel Tower? No, I _haven’t_.
2 Do you like reading novels? Yes, I ___________.
3 Are you a good cook? No, I ___________.
4 Can she ski? No, ___________.
5 Is it sunny outside? No, ___________.
6 Is the dog in the garden? Yes, ___________.

1 point for each correct answer 10

10 Read the questions. Write true answers and add a comment.

1 Do you like hip hop?  
No, I don’t. I prefer house music.  
___________________________________________

2 Are you going home after this test?  
___________________________________________

3 Have you ever lost something important?  
___________________________________________

4 Did you like your primary school?  
___________________________________________

5 Can you lend me £10?  
___________________________________________

6 Is the weather good today?  
___________________________________________

2 points for each correct answer (one for short answer, one for comment) 10

TOTAL 100
1 Circle the correct verbs.

1 I didn’t live / haven’t lived with my parents since 1992.
2 It’s the world’s biggest selling CD. Sixty million people have bought / bought it.
3 Titanic only has sailed / sailed once.
4 Have you been / go to Peru?
5 Did / Have you ever written a poem?
6 Have you met / Did you meet George? No, I didn’t.

1 point for each correct answer 5

2 Complete the paragraph with the Present Perfect form of the verbs in the box.

be (x2) not argue not hear live not put

think not want win work write

(1) Have you ever thought about the people behind songs we hear every day? Ned Harris is one of them. He (2) ________ a song writer for more than 30 years. In his career he (3) ________ more than 300 songs and he (4) ________ with some of the world’s most famous vocalists.

We asked Ned some questions.

Q ‘(5) ______ you ______ any gold discs?’
A ‘Yes, I have. I’ve got twenty – but I (6) ________ them on my office wall.’

Q ‘How long (7) ______ you ______ married?’
A ‘Suzie and I (8) ________ together since the day we met in a recording studio twenty years ago. We got married two weeks after we met – and we (9) ________ in twenty years.’

Q ‘People (10) ________ your name. Why is that?’
A ‘I love writing songs but I (11) ________ never ________ to be famous. That’s the superstar’s job.’

2 points for each correct answer 20

3 Complete the conversations with the Present Simple, Present Perfect or Past Simple form of the verbs in brackets.

**Conversation 1**
A (1 eat) ______ you ever _______ Thai food?
B Yes, I have.
A (2 like) ______ you ______ like _______ it?
B Yes, I did. I (3 like) _______ it a lot because it was spicy.

**Conversation 2**
A (4 read) ______ you ______ novels?
B Yes, I do.
A (5 read) ______ you ever ______ anything by an American?
B Yes, I (6 read) _______ The Great Gatsby at school.

**Conversation 3**
A (7 climb) ______ you ever ______ a mountain?
B No, I haven’t. Have you?
A Yes, I have. I (8 climb) ______ Ben Nevis last year.

**Conversation 4**
A (9 fly) ______ you ever ______ in a balloon?
B Yes, I have. I (10 fly) ______ in one on my 21st birthday.
A What (11 be) ______ it like?
B I loved it but I (12 not do) ______ it since.

**Conversation 5**
A Where (13 live) ______ you and your wife ______?
B We have a flat near the station.
A How long (14 live) ______ you ______ there?
B Since we (15 get) ______ married in 2002. Before that, we both (16 live) _______ at home with our parents.

1 point for each correct answer 14

4 Complete the sentences with the adverbs in the box.

carefully just of course only still together

1 Hold the baby ________.
2 They have ________ got divorced.
3 ________ she has a job – she needs the money.
4 He ________ visits when he wants something.
5 We talked and laughed ________ all night.
6 We are ________ married after forty years.

1 point for each correct answer 5

5 Put the nouns in the correct columns.

athlete aunt bride bridegroom
cousin madam model nephew niece
professor sir teenager uncle
NAME:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>men</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 point for each correct answer

6 Complete the idioms.

1. fish____ and chips____
2. peas____ and qu____
3. un____ and do____
4. n____ and th____
5. sa____ and pep____
6. lad____ and gent____

1 point for each correct answer

7 Read the review. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

Our reporter asked Julia Jenkins about her favourite magazine, *Hiya!*

**What is *Hiya!* magazine about?**

*Julia Jenkins (JJ)* The magazine has all the latest celebrity news. If you need to know who has married who, who has been on holiday, and who has made a new film, this is the magazine for you. It also has TV listings, a crossword, recipes, and competitions.

**Who is the magazine for?**

JJ It’s for everyone! People from ten to one hundred years old can enjoy it.

**What is the best part of the magazine?**

JJ The pictures are great. There are lots of photographs taken inside famous people’s homes — you can see what their furniture and curtains are like. The other thing I like is that there isn’t too much to read — the articles are very short.

**What is the worst part of the magazine?**

JJ There are sometimes very boring articles about people from European royal families that I have never heard of! The recipes look very difficult and expensive so I’ve never cooked one of their recipes.

**How much does the magazine cost?**

JJ It costs £1.50 which is cheaper than most magazines — I think it is good value. I have bought it every week since it started five years ago and the price has gone up 10% in that time.

1. *Hiya!* isn’t about serious political news. __
2. Only people in their twenties and thirties can enjoy the magazine. __
3. JJ enjoys looking at the pictures of stars’ homes. __
4. JJ prefers to read long articles. __
5. JJ has read about European royal families in *Hiya!* __
6. JJ has never read the recipes. __
7. JJ has bought *Hiya!* for a week. __

2 points for each correct answer

8 Use these notes to write Constanza’s biography.

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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>life now</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Start:**

*Constanza … was born in Glasgow on 5th June 1960.*

10 points divided between accuracy and content

9 Read the questions. Write true answers and add a comment.

1. Do you like hip hop? **No, I don’t. I prefer house music.**
2. Are you going home after this test? **__________**
3. Have you ever lost something important? **__________**
4. Can you lend me £10? **__________**
5. Did you like your primary school? **__________**
6. Is the weather good today? **__________**

2 points for each correct answer (one for short answer, one for comment)

10 Complete the short answers.

1. Have you been up the Eiffel Tower? **No, I haven’t**.
2. Is the car in the garage? **Yes, ______.**
3. Do you like reading magazines? **Yes, I ______.**
4. Is it warm inside? **No, ______.**
5. Are you a good skier? **No, I ______.**
6. Can he cook? **No, ______.**

1 point for each correct answer

TOTAL
1 Complete the sentences with the correct form of (not) have to.

1 I ___ didn’t have to ___ make my bed when I lived at home.
   My mum always did it.
2 Bill’s gone home because he ______ get up early.
3 They ______ wait for a long time for the taxi.
   It arrived immediately.
4 You ______ bring your credit card. The
   company will pay for everything.
5 She ______ study hard to become a doctor.
6 _____ your children _______ wear a uniform?
7 _____ you _______ find a new dentist when
   you moved house?
8 Soldiers ________ wear a uniform.
9 ______ Bob ________ start work before 7.00?

1 point for each correct answer

2 Circle the correct modal verbs.

1 ‘I’ve got a temperature and I feel awful. ‘I think you ___
   must / should ___ go to bed.’
2 When you fly to another country, you ___
   must / should ___ take your passport.
3 You ___ mustn’t / shouldn’t ___ steal money.
4 Before you can go to university, you ___
   must / should ___ get the right qualifications.
5 We don’t think you ___
   must / should ___ lie to your boss.
6 I have a dentist’s appointment later today and I ___
   must / should ___ arrive on time.
7 Do you think I ___
   must / should ___ see a doctor?
8 I don’t think you ___
   must / should ___ use your phone now.
9 ‘Must I do this test?’ ‘Yes, you ___
   must / do.’

1 point for each correct answer

3 Circle the correct letter.

1 Guests … pay their bill before they leave the hotel.
   a don’t have to  b must  c mustn’t
2 Do you … finish this homework today?
   a have to  b must  c should
3 You … bring an alarm clock. There is one in every
   hotel room.
   a mustn’t  b shouldn’t  c don’t have to
4 I … forget to buy him a birthday card.
   a mustn’t  b must  c should

5 He wants to keep fit so he … drive everywhere.
   a doesn’t have to  b should  c shouldn’t
6 You … try to read a map while you are driving.
   a must  b mustn’t  c shouldn’t
7 Do I have to work at the weekend?
   a No, you do.  b Yes, you should.  c Yes, you do.

1 point for each correct answer

4 Complete the sentences with the modal verbs in the box. Use
each one once only.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>don’t have to</th>
<th>have to</th>
<th>must</th>
<th>mustn’t</th>
<th>should</th>
<th>shouldn’t</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

1 You ___
   mustn’t ___ forget to take your antibiotics.
2 My baby has an infection – I ___
   call the doctor.
3 She doesn’t think her husband ___
   buy a new car.
4 If you want to be fit, you ___
   be overweight.
5 Do you ___
   work hard?
6 You ___
   wash up – we’ve got a dishwasher.

1 point for each correct answer

5 Write true sentences.

1 At home, I have to ____________________________ .
2 At work/school, I don’t have to ____________________ .
3 Next week, I must ____________________________ .
4 I don’t think people should ____________________ .
5 If you want to be happy, you should ____________________ .
6 I mustn’t forget to ____________________________ .

1 point for each correct answer

6 Match a noun from the box with 1–11 to make new words.

1 alarm ______  2 book ______  3 car ______  4 cigarette ______  5 ear______
6 earth______  7 rain______  8 rush ______  9 sign______  10 time______  11 traffic ______

1 point for each correct answer
7 Translate these jobs.

1 ambulance driver
2 decorator
3 detective
4 farmer
5 firefighter
6 lawyer
7 mechanic
8 miner
9 plumber
10 soldier

1 point for each correct answer  10

8 Read the letters and advice. Answer the questions.

Letter A  We're having terrible problems with our fifteen-year-old son. He's stopped doing his school work, he won't talk to us, and he stays in his bedroom for hours listening to music. He doesn't have any friends and I think he's very unhappy. What's the best thing to do?
Sue

Letter B  My daughter finished university last year and came back to live at home. I thought she would find herself a flat after a few months but she seems to be very happy living with me again. She has a good job and she gives me money each month. I love my daughter and I enjoy her company but I don't want her living in my house now. Any suggestions?
Jim

Readers' Advice

1 You should be happy that your daughter wants to live with you. Don't complain, you won't like it when she leaves you and you have to live alone.
Helen

2 Get help for your son as quickly as possible. You must speak to his school and take him to see your family doctor. You must try to talk to him even if he is rude or doesn't answer.
Daphne

3 You should ask your daughter to leave. You have a good relationship so you can say this kindly. You must give her enough time to find a new home – and perhaps you can help her.
Norah

4 Why are you worried? Your son is growing up and he has to make his own mistakes. Why shouldn't he stay in his bedroom? You should give your son the freedom to grow up.
Bill

1 Match the letters and the advice.

Letter A: __ __
Letter B: __ __

1 point for each correct answer  4

2 Which letter writer, Sue (S), Jim (J), Helen (H), Daphne (D), Norah (N), or Bill (B) ...

1 is a worried parent? __
2 likes being with their child? __
3 suggests getting help immediately? __
4 wants their child to leave home? __
5 doesn't know how to help their child? __
6 thinks Jim shouldn't complain about his daughter? __
7 thinks Sue's son is normal? __
8 has a successful child? __

2 points for each correct answer  16

9 You want some information about a one-week language course. Write a letter to The Principal, Bennett School of English, Thorpe Road, Norwich, NR2 3FH. Ask about:

- price  
- class size  
- accommodation

5 points for layout and salutations, 6 for body of the letter, 1 for opening/closing comments  12

10 Use the phrases in the box to complete the conversations between a doctor (D) and her patients (P).

a temperature sit-down bad cold poisoning swollen stomach felt well have a look at you diarrhoea stay in bed aspirin

1 D Come in and (1) ___________. What (2) ____________?
P I haven't (3) ____________ for a few days. My whole body (4) ____________ and I've got (5) ____________.
D Mmm let me (6) _____________. Your glands are (7) _____________. Does it hurt when you (8) ____________?
P Yes, it does.
D You've got a (9) _____________. Take an (10) ____________ and drink (11) ____________.

2 D Ah, Mr Jones, what can I do for you?
P I went out for dinner last night, and I've (12) ____________ all night. I've got a terrible (13) ____________ and I've got (14) ____________.
D I think you've got food (15) _____________. Drink lots of water and (16) _____________.

1 point for each correct answer  15

TOTAL  100
1 Circle the correct letter.

1 Guests … pay their bill before they leave the hotel.
   a don’t have to  b must  c mustn’t

2 Do you … finish this today?
   a should  b have to  c must

3 You … bring a hairdryer. There is one in every hotel room.
   a shouldn’t  b mustn’t  c don’t have to

4 You … forget to call me on my birthday.
   a mustn’t  b should  c must

5 He wants to keep fit so he … walk not drive.
   a shouldn’t  b should  c doesn’t have to

6 You … try to read a map while you are driving.
   a shouldn’t  b must  c mustn’t

7 Do I have to work this evening?
   a Yes, you have.  b Yes, you should.
   c No, you don’t.

1 point for each correct answer  6

2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of (not) have to.

1 I … didn’t have to … make my bed when I lived at home.
   My mum always did it.

2 ______ police ________ wear a uniform?

3 ______ you ________ find a new dentist when you moved house?

4 Many nurses ________ work nights.

5 Laura’s gone home early because she ________ get up early.

6 They ________ wait for a long time for a taxi. One arrived immediately.

7 She ________ bring her credit card. The company will pay for everything.

8 You ________ study hard to become a doctor.

9 ______ Mary ________ stay late at work often?

1 point for each correct answer  8

3 Complete the sentences with the modal verbs in the box. Use each one once only.

   don’t have to  have to  must  mustn’t  should  shouldn’t

1 You … mustn’t … forget to take your antibiotics.

2 If you want to be fit, you … smoke.

3 My baby has an infection – I … call the doctor.

4 He doesn’t think his wife … buy a new car.

5 You … do the washing-up, come and sit down!

6 Do you … work late?

1 point for each correct answer  5

4 Circle the correct modal verbs.

1 ‘I’ve got a temperature and I feel awful.’ ‘I think you must/go to bed.’

2 When you go to another country, you should/must take your passport.

3 You shouldn’t/mustn’t steal money.

4 Before you can go to university, you should/must get the right qualifications.

5 We don’t think you must/should use your phone in the cinema.

6 I have a dentist’s appointment later today and I should/must arrive on time.

7 Do you think he must/should see a specialist?

8 I don’t think you must/should lie to your mother.

9 ‘Must I do this test?’ ‘Yes, you must/do.’

1 point for each correct answer  8

5 Write true sentences.

1 At home, I have to …

2 At work/school, I don’t have to …

3 Next week, I must …

4 I don’t think people should …

5 If you want to be happy, you should …

6 I mustn’t forget to …

1 point for each correct answer  6

6 Translate these jobs.

1 ambulance driver …

2 decorator …

3 detective …

4 lawyer …

5 mechanic …

6 farmer …

7 firefighter …

8 miner …

9 soldier …

10 plumber …

1 point for each correct answer  10
7 Match a noun from the box with 1–11 to make new words.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>alarm</td>
<td>clock</td>
<td>time</td>
<td>rain</td>
<td>sign</td>
<td>traffic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>car</td>
<td>lighter</td>
<td>ear</td>
<td>earth</td>
<td>book</td>
<td>table</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 point for each correct answer

10

8 Read the letters and advice. Answer the questions.

**Letter A** My daughter finished university last year and came back to live at home. I thought she would find herself a flat after a few months but she seems to be very happy living with me again. She has a good job and she gives me money each month. I love my daughter and I enjoy her company but I don't want her living in my house now. Any suggestions?  Jim

**Letter B** We're having terrible problems with our fifteen-year-old son. He's stopped doing his school work, he won't talk to me or my husband, and he stays in his bedroom for hours listening to music. He doesn't have any friends and I think he's very unhappy. What's the best thing to do?  Sue

**Readers' Advice**
1. Get help for your son as quickly as possible. You must speak to his school and take him to see your family doctor. You must try to talk to him even if he is rude or doesn't answer.  Daphne
2. You should be happy that your daughter wants to live with you. Don't complain, you won't like it when she leaves you and you have to live alone.  Helen
3. Why are you worried? Your son is growing up and he has to make his own mistakes. Why shouldn't he stay in his bedroom? You should give your son the freedom to grow up.  Bill
4. You should ask your daughter to leave. You have a good relationship so you can say this kindly. You must give her enough time to find a new home – and perhaps you can help her.  Norah

1 Match the letters and the advice.

Letter A: ____  Letter B: ____

1 point for each correct answer

4

9 You want some information about a one-week language course. Write a letter to The Principal, Bennett School of English, Thorpe Road, Norwich, NR2 3FH. Ask about:
- price
- class size
- accommodation

5 points for layout and salutations, 6 for body of the letter, 1 for opening/closing comments

10 Use the phrases in the box to complete the conversations between a doctor (D) and her patients (P).

<table>
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<th>11</th>
<th>12</th>
<th>13</th>
<th>14</th>
<th>15</th>
<th>16</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| a temperature sit down bad cold poisoning swollen | swallow seems to be the matter aches been really sick plenty of fluids stomach felt well have a look at you diarrhoea stay in bed aspirin | sit down | come in and (1) ___________. What (2) ____________?  
P  I went out for dinner last night, and I've (3) ____________ all night. I've got a terrible (4) ____________ ache and I've got (5) ____________ .  
D  I think you've got food (6) ____________ . Drink lots of water and (7) ____________ .

2 D  Ah, Mr Jones, what can I do for you?  
P  I haven't (8) ____________ for a few days. My whole body (9) ____________ and I've got (10) ____________ .  
D  Mmm let me (11) ____________ . Your glands are (12) ____________ . Does it hurt when you (13) ____________ ?  
P  Yes, it does.  
D  You've got a (14) ____________ . Take an (15) ____________ and drink (16) ____________ .

1 point for each correct answer

15

TOTAL 100
1 Circle the correct conjunction of time and write the correct form of the verb in brackets.

1 When/ Before they arrive, (bring) ______ them to me.
2 Let’s not go out while/ until the rain (stop) ______ .
3 As soon as/ While I (arrive) ______ I’ll ring you.
4 I’ll finish this work before/ until I (go) ______ home.
5 Feed the cat as soon as/ while I (be) ______ away.
6 After/ While we (leave) ______ here we’re driving to L.A.

2 points for each correct answer 10

2 Use the information to write first conditional sentences.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If you drive too fast, you have an accident.</th>
<th>I’ll won’t have a gap year. see her new baby. post them to you. keep it. buy a flat. walk. have an accident.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 If you drive too fast, you’ll have an accident.</td>
<td>2 If you drive too fast, you’ll have an accident.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 If you drive too fast, you’ll have an accident.</td>
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<tr>
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<td>6 If you drive too fast, you’ll have an accident.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 If you drive too fast, you’ll have an accident.</td>
<td>8 If you drive too fast, you’ll have an accident.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 point for each correct answer 6

3 Write questions. Use the first conditional.

1 I pass my exam/I work hard? Will I pass my exam if I work hard?

2 you/come and visit/you/have time?

3 you/ring me/they/be late?

4 what/she/say/they/not come?

5 where/he/work/he/stop studying?

6 who/she/ask/she/have a problem?

1 point for each correct answer 5

4 Complete the sentences with when or if.

1 I’ll tell my cousin ______ I see her.
2 ______ England win the World Cup, I’ll be surprised.
3 ______ I get home, I’ll ring you.
4 He’ll cook dinner ______ his wife gets home.
5 She’ll send me the book ______ she can find it.
6 I’ll call ______ I get back from my holiday.

1 point for each correct answer 5

5 Write true sentences.

1 When I get home, ______ I’ll have a beer ______.
2 If I don’t go out tonight, ______
3 ______, I’ll leave a message.
4 ______, I’ll ask my teacher.
5 I’ll stay in a hotel ______.
6 When I go on holiday, ______.

1 point for each correct answer 5

6 Put the words and phrases in the correct columns to make verb phrases.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>take</th>
<th>get</th>
<th>make</th>
<th>do</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 care</td>
<td>3 ______</td>
<td>7 ______</td>
<td>10 ______</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 ______</td>
<td>4 ______</td>
<td>8 ______</td>
<td>11 ______</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 ______</td>
<td>9 ______</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 ______</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

take get make do

1 point for each correct answer 10

7 Complete the sentences. Use the verb phrases from exercise 6 in the correct form.

1 I feel ill – I think I ______ am getting a cold ______.
2 You can’t buy a VW and a Seat, so ______.
3 I like my mother-in-law. I ______.
4 Could you ______ and carry these books?
5 I’d like ______, please. I want a double room for two nights.

1 point for each correct answer 10
6 ‘Did anyone ___________________ at the party?’
   ‘Jan did. She has a new camera.’
1 point for each correct answer  

8 Circle the correct word.
1 Can I have another single / (pillow) please?
2 We drove along the highway / basement.
3 I am pessimism / optimistic about the future.
4 Shenzhen is a shocking / an environment place.
5 There are concrete / vision office blocks everywhere.
6 In the future, we will grow new kidneys / medicine.
7 China is a commute / communist country.
8 The new city has grown at an incredible / ugly speed.
9 There is a megalopolis / microchip in a mobile phone.
1 point for each correct answer  

9 Read the text. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

A few years ago Shenzhen was a small fishing village in the middle of fields. Since then, it has become an enormous industrial city. Millions of Chinese people have moved from the countryside to work in the new factories. The factories in Shenzhen make clothes, toys, and electronic goods for Western countries. One in every three pairs of shoes in the world is made here.

The workers in Shenzhen come from all over China and they work long hours for low pay, because life in the countryside is worse. The workers don’t live with their families; their homes are dormitories where they live and sleep with the other factory workers.

Under Chinese law, people mustn’t work more than eight hours a day, they shouldn’t do more than 40 hours extra work a week, and they must get more than $66 a month. However, the international human rights charity, Amnesty International, says workers often have to work much longer hours, and they are not paid enough money. The charity also estimates that an average of 13 workers a day lose a finger or an arm in an industrial accident.

1 Shenzhen used to be a small village. __
2 The city of Shenzhen has developed quickly. __
3 The workers come from the country near Shenzhen. __
4 People in other countries buy things made there. __
5 The factories only make shoes. __
6 Working in the countryside is better than working in the factories. __
7 The workers don’t take their families to Shenzhen. __
8 Factory working conditions are good. __
9 Some factory owners break the law. __
10 Accidents in the factories are unusual. __
2 points for each correct answer  

10 Make notes about the advantages and disadvantages of travelling by bicycle. Use your notes and the words and phrases in the box to write a text giving your opinions.

First of all  Also for example  However  Firstly  Secondly  Despite the disadvantages

12 points divided between content and accurate use of linkers

11 Complete the conversation between a hotel receptionist (R) and a client (C).

R Good ___________, madam.
C Good morning. I’d like to __________ a room .
R Certainly. __________ is it for?
C It’s for one night, the tenth of this month.
R A __________ or a double?
C A double, please.
R Yes, that’s OK. __________ you have a contact number?
C Cindy Turner. __________ you take me how much it is?
R £105 including breakfast. Can I have a contact number?
C 01865 5356 767.
R And can I have your __________ card number?
C Yes, here you are.
R That’s fine. We __________ to see you then.
C Thanks, I’ll see you then.

2 points for each correct answer

TOTAL

100
1 Use the information in the table to write seven first conditional sentences.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If</th>
<th>I’ll won’t</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>you drive too fast, you have enough money, they don’t pass her exams, she I don’t visit my sister this weekend, if she finds your keys, she our new dog bites the children, we it rains, I</td>
<td>have a gap year, see her new baby, post them to you, keep it, buy a flat, walk, have an accident.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. *If you drive too fast, you’ll have an accident.*

2. ___________________________________________

3. ___________________________________________

4. ___________________________________________

5. ___________________________________________

6. ___________________________________________

7. ___________________________________________

1 point for each correct answer

2 Write questions. Use the first conditional.

1. *I* pass my exam/*I* work hard?

2. *you* ring me/*they* be late?

3. Jack/come and visit/he/have time?

4. what/they/do/Mary/not come?

5. where/he/work/he/leave his job?

6. who/you/ask/you/have a problem?

1 point for each correct answer

3 Circle the correct conjunction of time and write the correct form of the verb in brackets.

1. (When) Before they arrive, (bring) ____ them to me.

2. While / After we (leave) ____ San Francisco, we’re driving to L.A.

3. While / As soon as I (arrive) ____ , I’ll ring you.

4. Let’s not got out *while* / *until* the rain (*stop*) ____ .

5. Water the plants *as soon as* / *while* I (be) ____ away.

6. I’ll cook dinner *until* / *before* I (go) ____ out.

2 points for each correct answer

4 Complete the sentences with *when* or *if*.

1. I’ll tell my cousin ____ I see her.

2. He’ll give me the photo ____ he can find it.

3. ____ I get back from my holiday, I’ll stop smoking.

4. I’ll be surprised ____ England win the World Cup.

5. I’ll ring you ____ I get home.

6. He’ll cook dinner ____ his wife gets home.

1 point for each correct answer

5 Write true sentences.

1. *When* I get home, __ I’ll have a beer ____ .

2. *If* I stay at home tonight, __ I’ll leave a message ____ .

3. ________________, I’ll leave a message.

4. ________________, I’ll ask my teacher.

5. ________________, I’ll stay in a hotel.


1 point for each correct answer

6 Circle the correct word.

1. Can I have another *single* / *pillow*, please?

2. There is a *megalopolis* / *microchip* in a mobile phone.

3. The new city has grown at an *ugly* / *incredible* speed.

4. China is a *communist* / *commute* country.

5. In the future, we will grow new *medicine* / *kidneys*.

6. There are *vision* / *concrete* office blocks everywhere.

7. Shenzhen is *an environment* / *a shocking* place.

8. He’s *optimistic* / *pessimism* about the future.

9. We drove along the *basement* / *highway*.

1 point for each correct answer
7 Put the words and phrases in the correct columns.

angry back home care a cold friends me a favour
on well with (somebody) a photograph a reservation
some shopping up your mind

get        do
1 ___ angry ___ 7 ____________
2 ____________ 8 ____________
3 ____________ make
4 ____________ 9 ____________
take      10 ____________
5 ____________ 11 ____________
6 ____________

1 point for each correct answer  10

8 Complete the sentences. Use the verb phrases from exercise 7 in the correct form.

1 I feel ill – I think I ____________________.
2 You can’t buy trousers _______________.
3 They like their aunt. They ________________.
4 Would you ________________ and let me use your phone?
5 I’d like ________________, please. I want a double room for two nights.
6 ‘Who ________________ of the class?’ ‘Jan did with her new camera.’

1 point for each correct answer  5

9 Read the text. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

A few years ago Shenzhen was a small fishing village in the middle of fields. Since then, it has become an enormous industrial city. Millions of Chinese people have moved from the countryside to work in the new factories. The factories in Shenzhen make clothes, toys, and electronic goods for Western countries. One in every three pairs of shoes in the world is made here.

The workers in Shenzhen come from all over China and they work long hours for low pay, because life in the countryside is worse. The workers don’t live with their families; their homes are dormitories where they live and sleep with the other factory workers.

Under Chinese law, people mustn’t work more than eight hours a day, they shouldn’t do more than 40 hours extra work a week and they must get more than $66 a month. However, the international human rights charity, Amnesty International, says workers often have to work much longer hours and they are not paid enough money. The charity also estimates that an average of 13 workers a day lose a finger or an arm in an industrial accident.

1 Shenzhen used to be a small village. __
2 The city of Shenzhen has developed quickly. __
3 The workers are from the countryside near Shenzhen. __
4 People in other countries buy things made in there. __
5 The factories only make shoes. __
6 Working in the countryside is better than working in the factories. __
7 The workers don’t take their families to Shenzhen. __
8 Factory working conditions are good. __
9 Some factory owners break the law. __
10 Accidents in the factories are unusual. __

2 points for each correct answer  20

10 Make notes about the advantages and disadvantages of travelling by bicycle. Use your notes and the words and phrases in the box to write a text giving your opinions.

First of all Also for example However Firstly Secondly Despite the disadvantages

12 points divided between content and accurate use of linkers  12

11 Complete the conversation between a hotel receptionist (R) and a client (C).

R Good _____________, madam.
C Good morning. I’d like to _____________ a r________.
R Certainly. A (3) s________ or a d________?
C A double, please.
R (4) W________ is it for?
C It’s for one night, the tenth of this month.
R Yes, that’s OK. (5) C________ you t________ your n________, please?
C Clare King. (6) C________ you t________ me h________
C____ it is?
R £200 including breakfast. Can I have your (7) c________ card number?
C Yes, here you are.
R Can I have a contact number?
C 01865 353678.
R Thank you. That’s fine. We (8) l________ f________ to s________ you on the tenth.
C Thanks, I’ll see you then.

2 points for each correct answer  14

TOTAL 100
1 Circle the correct verb form in each sentence.

1 I try walk / go walk / walking to work every day.
2 Please let me help / to help / helping you.
3 I need a song that’s easy sing / to sing / singing.
4 I go to sail / sail / sailing every weekend.
5 He’s decided buy / to buy / buying a new car.
6 She’s beginning feel / to feel / feeling nervous about her new job.

1 point for each correct answer  5

2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of swim.

1 They go swimming every morning.
2 My baby learned ________ before he could walk.
3 I used ________ every day when I was younger.
4 My grandmother still enjoys ________ .
5 I tried ________ in the sea but the waves were too big.
6 Their instructor made them ________ for two hours.

1 point for each correct answer  5

3 Write sentences about the changes in Peter’s life. Use used to/didn’t use to.

1 He is married. (single) ________
   He used to be single.
2 He has got three children. (not any)
   ____________________________
3 He drives a family car. (motorbike)
   ____________________________
4 He washes the car on Sunday. (stay in bed until 12.00)
   ____________________________
5 His friends don’t ring him now. (pub every evening)
   ____________________________
6 He works in a bank. (no job)
   ____________________________

1 point for each correct answer  5

4 Write true answers. Use the correct form of used to.

1 What food did you like when you were a child?
   I ________ ________ chips.
   I ________ ________ vegetables.
2 Where did you go on holiday when you were a child?
   I ________ ________ camping.
   I ________ ________ my grandparents.
3 What did you do after school when you were younger?
   I ________ ________ in the park.
   I ________ ________ a friend’s house.

4 What activities did you do when you were a child?
   I ________ ________ football.
   I ________ ________ swimming.
5 What did you wear in summer when you were three?
   I ________ ________ shorts.
   I ________ ________ a jumper and jeans.
6 What games did you play when you were a child?
   I ________ ________ chess.
   I ________ ________ computer games.

1 point for each correct answer  11

5 Write sentences to say why you go to these places.

1 a library ________
2 a bookshop ________
3 a petrol station ________
4 a post office ________
5 a sports centre ________
6 a newsagent’s ________

1 point for each correct answer  5

6 Write true sentences. Use the infinitive.

1 It’s difficult ________ your foot on your head.
2 It’s easy ________ .
3 I’m surprised ________ .
4 It’s impossible ________ .
5 I think it’s important ________ .
6 My friend thinks it’s interesting ________ .

1 point for each correct answer  5

7 Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the verbs.

I (1 do) ________ a charity bike ride from London to Brighton next year so I need (2 get) ________ fit.
I decided (3 join) ________ a gym and now I (4 go) ________ every day. I don’t like (5 get up) ________ early but I manage (6 go) ________ at lunch time. I enjoy (7 swim) ________ but I hate (8 use) ________ the running machines.
I haven’t smoked for six months – I (9 smoke) ________ 40 cigarettes a day. I have started (10 be) ________ careful about what I eat. Before I started training for the bike ride, I (11 eat) ________ lots of pizzas and chips but now I enjoy (12 eat) ________ fish and salad.

1 point for each correct answer  11
8 Complete the adjectives.

1 The children thought Madame Tussaud’s was exciting____ but I was bored_____.
2 Most of the film was in______ but the end was disgusting_____.
3 Please stop worrying, I’m sure you’ll get the job.
4 I’m worried about my grandfather. He is getting very confused_____.
5 The kidnap was a frightening experience for Tom.
6 I was interested in some of the classes but a lot of them were boring_____.
7 ‘I thought The Matrix was a confusing film.’ ‘I’m not surprised, it’s a strange story.’
8 You must finish that book – the ending is surprising_____.

1 point for each correct word

9 Read the text and circle the correct letter.

Aron Ralston, 27, went out for a one-day walk in a US national park
and was trapped when heavy rocks fell on him. An 800 lb (365kg)
rock, or boulder, moved and fell on his right arm. He couldn’t move
his arm because it was trapped between the rock and the mountain.
He stayed in this position for five days. He had very little food with
him and only a few litres of water. After five days, he knew that to
escape he had to cut off his arm. He thought about it carefully and
then managed to amputate it with a small pocket knife. The
operation took about an hour.

Mr Ralston then climbed down the mountain and walked 10
kilometres looking for help. Finally, he found some other walkers
about three kilometres from a town. When he was rescued, he was
very thirsty but calm.

After his ordeal, Mr Ralston said, ‘I did what I had to do’. He also
said that while he was trapped on the mountain, he sometimes felt
at peace and at other times he felt depressed and very frightened.
Surprisingly, he wants to return to the wild when he has recovered.

1 Aron Ralston went for a walk …
   a on his own.  b with friends.  c to have an accident.
2 A heavy rock fell …
   a on the path.  b on his arm.  c on a boulder.
3 He … move because his arm was trapped.
   a didn’t use to  b wouldn’t  c couldn’t
4 He didn’t move …
   a because he had very little food.  b for several days.  c because he was lost.
5 He … to cut off his arm.
   a asked someone  b wanted  c decided
6 He found help …
   a three kilometres away.  b on a cliff.  c ten kilometres away.

7 He was … when he was rescued.
   a angry  b very unhappy  c quiet
8 A boulder (paragraph 1) is …
   a a mountain path.  b a heavy tree.  c a large rock
9 To amputate (paragraph 1) means to cut off …
   a your clothes.  b part of your body.  c a piece of food.

2 points for each correct answer

10 Circle the odd-one-out.

1 frightened terrified footpath scared
2 witness handrail terrorist hunter
3 thin weak starve joke
4 bush crawl berries woods
5 confess kidnap witness amazing

1 point for each correct answer

11 You are going to write an informal thank-you letter to a friend. Make some notes first, then write your letter.

thank you for …  like/enjoy …  next time …

1 point for salutations, 10 points divided between content and accuracy

12 Put words from the box in the correct place in each sentence.

so  so many  so much  such

1 Tom was frightened.
2 I don’t think this was a good idea.
3 Den and Linda are boring people.
4 There was food at the party.
5 People knew, I’m surprised no-one said anything.
6 The book was interesting, I read until 3 a.m.
7 She didn’t go to work for a month because she was ill.
8 Hello! I haven’t seen you for a long time!
9 That was a good meal.
10 You are annoying!
11 I can’t pay €300 for a pair of shoes, it’s money!

1 point for each correct answer

TOTAL

100
1 Write sentences about the changes in Peter's life. Use used to/didn't use to.

1 He is married. (single) ________________
2 He works in a bank. (no job) ________________
3 He cleans the house on Sunday. (go running) ________________
4 He drives a family car. (motorbike) ________________
5 He’s got two dogs. (not any) ________________
6 His friends don’t ring him now. (go out every evening) ________________

1 point for each correct answer 5

2 Write true answers. Use the correct form of used to.

1 What food did you like when you were a child?
   I ________________ chips.
   I ________________ vegetables.
2 What did you do after school when you were younger?
   I ________________ in the park.
   I ________________ a friend’s house.
3 Where did you go on holiday when you were a child?
   I ________________ camping.
   I ________________ my grandparents.
4 What activities did you do when you were a child?
   I ________________ football.
   I ________________ swimming.
5 What games did you play when you were a child?
   I ________________ chess.
   I ________________ computer games.
6 What did you wear in summer when you were three?
   I ________________ shorts.
   I ________________ a jumper and jeans.

1 point for each correct answer 11

3 Circle the correct verb form in each sentence.

1 I try walk / go walk / walking to work every day.
2 I’m never going sail / sailing / to sail with you again.
3 Please let me to help / help / helping you.
4 I need a poem that’s easy learn / to learn / learning.
5 He’s beginning feel / to feel / feeling happier about his new job.
6 She’s decided buying / to buy / buy a new car.

1 point for each correct answer 5

4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of swim.

1 They go swimming every morning.
2 Her grandmother still enjoys ____________ .
3 My baby learned ____________ before he could walk.
4 She used ____________ every day when she was younger.
5 My instructor made me ____________ a mile a day when I was training.
6 He tried ____________ in the sea but it was too cold.

1 point for each correct answer 5

5 Write true sentences. Use the infinitive.

1 It’s difficult to put your foot on your head.
2 It’s impossible ________________ .
3 I’m surprised ________________ .
4 It’s easy ________________ .
5 I think it’s interesting ________________ .
6 My friend thinks it’s important ________________ .

1 point for each correct answer 5

6 Write sentences to say why you go to these places.

You go to a library to borrow books.

1 a library ________________ 
2 a bookshop ________________ 
3 a newsagent’s ________________ 
4 a sports centre ________________ 
5 a post office ________________ 
6 a petrol station ________________

1 point for each correct answer 11

7 Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the verbs.

I (1 do) ____________ am doing ____________ a charity bike ride from London to Brighton next year so I need (2 get) ____________ fit. I decided (3 join) ____________ a gym and now I (4 go) ____________ every day. I don’t like (5 get up) ____________ early but I manage (6 go) ____________ at lunch time. I enjoy (7 swim) ____________ but I hate (8 use) ____________ the running machines.

I haven’t smoked for six months – I (9 smoke) ____________ 40 cigarettes a day. I have started (10 be) ____________ careful about what I eat. Before I started training for the bike ride, I (11 eat) ____________ lots of pizzas and chips but now I enjoy (12 eat) ____________ fish and salad.

1 point for each correct answer 11
8 Circle the odd-one-out.

1 frightened terrified footpath scared
2 hunter handrail terrorist witness
3 weak starve thin joke
4 bush berries crawl woods
5 confess witness amazing kidnap

1 point for each correct answer  4

9 Complete the adjectives.

1 The children thought Madame Tussaud’s was exciting but I was bored.
2 Most of the book was in red but the end was disgusting.
3 Stop wondering, I’m sure you’ll win.
4 She’s wonderful about her father. He is getting very confused.
5 The accident was a frightening experience for Tom.
6 I was interested in some of the classes but a lot of them were boring.
7 ‘I thought The Matrix was a confusing film.’ ‘I’m not surprised, it’s a strange story.’
8 You must watch that film – the ending is surprising!

1 point for each correct answer  10

10 Read the text and circle the correct letter.

Aron Ralston, 27, went out for a one-day walk in a US national park and was trapped when heavy rocks fell on him. An 800 lb (365kg) rock, or boulder, moved and fell on his right arm. He couldn’t move his arm because it was trapped between the rock and the mountain. He stayed in this position for five days. He had very little food with him and only a few litres of water. After five days, he knew that to escape he had to cut off his arm. He thought about it carefully and then managed to amputate it with a small pocket knife. The operation took about an hour.

Mr Ralston then climbed down the mountain and walked 10 kilometres looking for help. Finally, he found some other walkers about three kilometres from a town. When he was rescued, he was very thirsty but calm.

After his ordeal, Mr Ralston said, ‘I did what I had to do’. He also said that while he was trapped on the mountain, he sometimes felt at peace and at other times he felt depressed and very frightened. Surprisingly, he wants to return to the wild when he has recovered.

1 Aron Ralston went for a walk …
   a on his own.
   b with friends.
   c to have an accident.

2 A heavy rock fell …
   a on the path.
   b on his arm.
   c on a boulder.

3 He … move because his arm was trapped.
   a wouldn’t
   b couldn’t
   c didn’t use to

4 He didn’t move …
   a because he was lost.
   b because he had very little food.
   c for several days.

5 He … to cut off his arm.
   a decided
   b asked someone
   c wanted

6 He found help …
   a three kilometres away.
   b ten kilometres away.
   c on a cliff.

7 He was … when he was rescued.
   a angry
   b very unhappy
   c quiet

8 A boulder (paragraph 1) is …
   a a heavy tree.
   b a large rock.
   c a mountain path.

9 To amputate (paragraph 1) means to cut off …
   a a piece of food.
   b your clothes.
   c part of your body.

2 points for each correct answer  18

11 You are going to write an informal thank-you letter to a friend. Make some notes first, then write your letter.

thank you for … like/enjoy … next time …

1 point for salutations, 10 for content
divided between content and accuracy  11

12 Put words from the box in the correct place in each sentence.

so so many so much such

1 Tom was frightened.
2 I can’t pay €200 for a pair of shoes, it’s money!
3 Tom and Mary are interesting people.
4 This is a good idea.
5 You are beautiful!
6 I made a good meal.
7 Hello – I haven’t seen you for a long time!
8 She was ill – she didn’t go to work for a month.
9 The film was long, it didn’t finish until 3 a.m.
10 There was food at the party.
11 I’m surprised no-one said anything, people knew the secret.

1 point for each correct answer  10

TOTAL  100
1 Circle the correct form of the verb.

1 Gum is chewed / be chewed all over the world.
2 Henry Hobhouse wrote / is written ‘Seeds of Change’.
3 Cotton was picked / picked by slaves.
4 Has my camera repaired / been repaired?
5 Tobacco was come / came to Europe in the 16th century.
6 The children won’t be taught / teach Chinese at school.
7 Where are Nikon cameras make / made?
8 Tobacco isn’t grown / don’t grow in Britain.
9 English is spoken / is spoke by our workers.
10 How many BMWs will make / be made in Oxford?
11 Coca-Cola has been made / is made in Texas for more than a hundred years.
12 Was cotton grown / grown in Europe?
13 Chewing gum has been invented / was invented in Sweden.
14 Sugar was taken / is took to the West Indies by Columbus.

1 point for each correct answer

2 Write the sentences and questions in the passive.

1 They make Seat cars in Spain.
   Seat cars are made in Spain.

2 Do they grow rice here?
   rice ________________ ?

3 He will make the film next year.
   The film ________________ .

4 Have American Indians smoked tobacco for a long time?
   tobacco ________________ ?

5 They took slaves to the West Indies.
   Slaves ________________ .

6 They won’t sell the tobacco in the US.
   Their tobacco ________________ .

7 They didn’t invite me to the conference.
   I ________________ .

8 Dr John Pemberton invented Coca-Cola in 1886.
   Coca-Cola ________________ .

9 Vegetarians don’t eat hamburgers.
   Hamburgers ________________ .

10 They haven’t brought the flowers.
    The flowers ________________ .

3 Complete the paragraph with the correct active or passive form of the verbs in brackets.

Jeans (1 make) are made from a material called denim. The material (2 make) _________ first _________ in Europe, and it (3 take) _________ to the USA in the 18th century. The strong material (4 use) _________ to make working men’s clothes, and in the 1870s Levi Strauss (5 make) _________ the first pair of blue Levi jeans.

After the Second World War, the customers for jeans (6 change) _________ from working men to teenagers who (7 want) _________ to wear them as leisure clothes. Since then, they (8 become) _________ the symbol of a more relaxed society, and jeans (9 wear) _________ by people of all ages and in all situations.

2 points for each correct answer

4 Match the nouns and verbs. There are two extra nouns.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>advice</th>
<th>a beard</th>
<th>a gun</th>
<th>information</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>the change</td>
<td>a party</td>
<td>passengers</td>
<td>the peace</td>
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<td>a promise</td>
<td>a story</td>
<td>a suitcase</td>
<td>tobacco</td>
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<tr>
<td>the truth</td>
<td>two centimetres</td>
<td>weight</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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grow  | tell  | carry | give | keep |
<table>
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<th></th>
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<td>3</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 point for each correct answer

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of lose, keep, or tell.

1 ‘Here’s your drink, sir, and 50 pence change.’ ‘That’s all right, ______ the change.’
2 My football team ______ a match for four months.
3 I know when she ______ lies – she doesn’t look at me.
4 When I was young, I always ______ weight before exams.
5 Don’t tell Ulrike. She can’t ______ a secret.
6 Put your money somewhere safe or you will ______ it.

1 point for each correct answer
Read the text and write short answers to the questions.

Fish has been eaten in Britain, an island, for thousands of years. In the 17th century potatoes were brought from Latin America. However, it wasn’t until the 19th century that Mr Marlin had the idea of putting fish and potatoes together and making fish and chips. When he opened his fish and chip shop in London in 1860 it quickly became popular with working people who needed quick, filling meals.

By the 1920s there were 31,000 fish and chip shops in Britain and although this number is now only 8,000, there are eight for every McDonald’s. A recent study found that Britain’s favourite fast food is still fish and chips. Second, third, and fourth positions went to pizza (Italian), duck (Chinese), and curry (Indian). Interestingly, the hamburger wasn’t in the top ten.

The traditional way to eat fish and chips is to buy them wrapped in paper and to eat them with salt and vinegar. They used to be wrapped in newspaper but most are sold in white paper now. People eat their fish and chips in the street or take them home – and some people admit that they eat them in bed!

1 Was fish eaten in Britain two thousand years ago?
   Yes, it was.

2 Were chips eaten in Britain in the 14th century?

3 Who opened the first fish and chip shop?

4 When was the first fish and chip shop opened?

5 How many fish and chip shops are there in Britain?

6 How many McDonald’s are there in Britain?

7 Are fish and chips usually eaten from a plate?

8 Are they usually wrapped in newspaper now?

9 Find words in the text that mean:
   a (Paragraph 1: adj.) enough (food) to stop you feeling hungry _______
   b (Paragraph 2: vb) to decide to tell the truth _______

Write a review of a play, film, or book. Use your own ideas or the notes about Young Frankenstein to help you.

| title | Young Frankenstein |
| play, book, or film? | comedy film |
| characters | Dr Frankenstein’s grandson, Frederick |
| events | The grandson is a doctor in the USA, he goes to his grandfather’s castle and repeats his experiment |
| opinion | funny, clever |

Match the signs 1–8 with the places in the box.

1 Vacant ______
2 Parking for customers only ______
3 This car park is locked from 9.30 p.m. to 6.30 a.m. ______
4 Exact fare only. No change given. ______
5 Emergency access. Do not block. ______
6 Children are not allowed in the bar unless with an adult. ______
7 Back in 10 minutes. ______
8 Do not leave your luggage unattended. ______

Translate the signs.

1 Spanish is spoken here.

2 Please take your rubbish home with you.

3 Part-time waiter wanted.

4 We are looking for a qualified hairdresser.

5 We do not accept credit cards.

TOTAL
1 Circle the correct form of the verb.

1 Gum is chewed / be chewed all over the world.
2 Tobacco isn’t grown / don’t grow in Britain.
3 English is spoken / is spoke by our workers.
4 How many BMWs will make / be made in Oxford?
5 J K Rowling wrote / is written the ‘Harry Potter’ books.
6 Cotton was picked / picked by slaves.
7 Have my shoes repaired / been repaired?
8 Coca-Cola is made / has been made in Texas for more than a hundred years.
9 Sugar is took / was taken to the West Indies by Columbus.
10 Tobacco was come / came to Europe in the 16th century.
11 Chinese won’t be taught / teach at my children’s school.
12 Where are Nikon cameras make / made?

1 point for each correct answer

2 Complete the paragraph with the active or passive form of the verbs in brackets.

Jeans (1 make) are made from a material called denim. The material (2 make) was made first (3 take) to the USA in the 18th century. The strong material (4 use) is used to make working men’s clothes and in the 1870s Levi Strauss (5 make) made the first pair of blue Levi jeans. After the Second World War, the customers for jeans (6 change) ________, from working men to teenagers who (7 want) ________ to wear them as leisure clothes. Since then, they (8 become) ________ the symbol of a more relaxed society and jeans (9 wear) ________ by people of all ages and in all situations.

2 points for each correct answer

3 Write the sentences and questions in the passive.

1 They make Seat cars in Spain.
   Seat cars _____________ are made in Spain.
2 Vegetarians don’t eat hamburgers.
   Hamburgers _____________ don’t eat hamburgers.
3 They haven’t bought the flowers.
   The flowers _____________ bought.
4 Will she clean the windows?
   She _____________ the windows?
5 Have American Indians smoked tobacco for a long time?
   Tobacco _____________ smoked by American Indians?
6 Do they grow tea here?
   Tea _____________ grown by our workers?
7 He will make the film next year.
   The film _____________ made by our workers?
8 They won’t sell their tobacco in the US.
   Their tobacco _____________ sold in the US.
9 They took slaves to the West Indies.
   Slaves _____________ to the West Indies by Columbus.
10 I didn’t invite them to the party.
   They _____________ to the party by me.
11 Dr John Pemberton invented Coca-Cola in 1886.
   Coca-Cola _____________ in 1886.
12 They don’t make Nissans in Mexico.
   Nissans _____________ made in Mexico.

1 point for each correct answer

4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of lose, keep, or tell.

1 ‘Here’s your drink, sir, and 50 pence change.’ ‘That’s all right, ________, the change.’
2 Put your money somewhere safe or you will ________ it.
3 Ulrike can’t ________ a secret so don’t tell her.
4 When I was at school, I always ________ weight before exams.
5 He knows when I ________ a lie – so I don’t do it.
6 My team ________ a game for four months.

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5 Match the nouns and verbs. There are two extra nouns.

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</tr>
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<td>funny, clever</td>
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8 Translate the signs.
1 Spanish is spoken here. __________
2 Please take your rubbish home with you. __________
3 Part-time waiter wanted. __________
4 We are looking for a qualified hairdresser. __________
5 We do not accept credit cards. __________

9 Match the signs 1–8 with the places in the box.

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<th>door</th>
<th>pub</th>
<th>public car park</th>
<th>shop</th>
<th>car park</th>
<th>shop door</th>
<th>toilet door</th>
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1 Vacant __________
2 Emergency access. Do not block. __________
3 Children are not allowed in the bar unless with an adult. __________
4 Back in 10 minutes. __________
5 Do not leave your luggage unattended. __________
6 Exact fare only. No change given. __________
7 This car park is locked from 9.30 p.m. to 6.30 a.m. __________
8 Parking for customers only __________
1 Circle the correct letter.

1 If I had more money, I … a new car.
   a) would buy   b) will buy   c) bought
2 I wouldn’t live in a flat if I … a princess.
   a) am   b) were   c) would be
3 Would she help if we asked her?
   a) Yes, she helps.   b) Yes, she will.   c) Yes, she would.
4 If had a ghost in my house, I … get rid of it.
   a) won’t   b) wouldn’t   c) didn’t
5 The meeting would … early if he stopped talking.
   a) finished   b) be finished   c) finish
6 Where would you go if you … a three-month holiday?
   a) have   b) has   c) had
7 Would you have a servant?
   a) Yes, I will.   b) No, I would.   c) No, I wouldn’t.
8 What … if you met a famous person?
   a) will you say   b) did you say   c) would you say
9 … I’d telephone the police.
   a) When I am you,   b) If I were you,   c) If you were me,
   1 point for each correct answer  

2 Complete the second conditional sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

1 If she (work) _______ harder, she (earn) _______ more money.
   2 (tidy) _______ you _______ your bedroom if I (pay) _______ you?
   3 If he (eat) _______ all his birthday cake, he (be) _______ ill.
   4 They (not be) _______ unhealthy if they (exercise) _______ more.
   5 If they (leave) _______ earlier, they (can) _______ catch the bus.
   6 You (save) _______ some money if you (take) _______ fewer taxis.
   7 If I (hit) _______ a parked car, I (not stop) _______.
   8 If she (ask) _______ you, _______ you (marry) _______ her?
   9 What (say) _______ you _______ if you _______ (meet) your favourite film star?
   10 If I _______ (be) you, I _______ _______ (see) a doctor.
   2 points for each correct verb 

3 Write true answers. Use the second conditional.

What would you …

1 do if you found an expensive watch?
   If I found an expensive watch, I’d take it to the police.
2 say if your boss asked you to work seven days a week?
3 take if your house was on fire?
4 buy if you won a lot of money?
5 wear if you went to a princess’s wedding?
   2 points for each correct answer (one per clause) 

4 Circle the correct form of the verbs.

1 We _______ / might come _______ to the party. We’re not sure.
2 Sophia _______ / might see / sees them tomorrow.
3 England will win / might win but I would be surprised.
4 I’ve got a new job and I am starting / might start today.
5 We _______ / are going on holiday. We have bought our tickets and packed our bags.
6 It isn’t raining / might not rain next weekend.
   1 point for each correct answer 

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the phrasal verbs in the box.

take off  ask out  break down  fall out with  give up  get on with
put on  try on

1 I like it when the plane _______.
2 Phil ______ me ______ to the cinema yesterday.
3 My mum _______ her job when we were born.
4 We _______ each other ten years ago.
5 Their children have all _______ and left home.
6 My daughter never _______ warm clothes.
7 Can you come and get me? My car has _______ on the motorway.
8 I don’t _______ my father. We haven’t spoken for ten years.
9 I like those shoes. Can I _______ them _______, please?
   1 point for each correct answer (5 correct verbs, .5 for correct form)
6 Read the text and answer the questions.

Bill Murray, Dan Ackroyd, and Harold Ramis starred in the 1984 film, Ghostbusters. This comedy film tells the story of three men who open a ghostbuster office. They are paid to go into haunted homes and offices to get rid of unwanted spirits and ghosts. The film won prizes for the title song and the special effects.

When the 1972 film The Exorcist was shown it caused a lot of arguments between people who thought it was entertainment and others who said it was dangerous. The film tells the story of a young girl who has a bad spirit living inside her. Her mother asked a vicar to help her cure the girl. This frightening horror film won lots of awards including best picture, best actress, best sound, and best screenplay from a book.

A more recent film with a supernatural story is Bruce Willis’s 1999 film, The Sixth Sense. In this film, Bruce Willis plays the part of a doctor who looks after a young boy with behavioural problems. The boy ‘sees’ terrible things and in the end he tells his doctor, Willis, about his supernatural secret: he is visited by ghosts. A thrilling and frightening film, it was nominated for six awards but won nothing.

1 Circle the correct letter. The three films . . .
   a are comedies.    b are about spirits.
   c have won awards.

   2 Which film Ghostbusters (G), The Exorcist (E), or The Sixth Sense (S) . . .
   1 won the most awards? __
   2 is funny? __
   3 is about someone with a spirit inside them? __
   4 is about someone who is visited by spirits? __
   5 is about men who look for spirits? __
   6 didn’t win anything? __
   7 is the oldest? __
   8 made people discuss it? __

   2 points for each correct answer  │ 18

7 Put the adverbs in the correct place.

   1 I went to use the bathroom. (upstairs)
   2 I’d like to go out but it’s raining. (unfortunately)
   3 She didn’t work but she passed all her exams. (hard)
   4 There was a very loud noise. (suddenly)
   5 We waited to speak to the manager. (in the shop)
   6 We’re in Spain and my parents are here. (too)
   7 I remembered his name after twenty minutes. (finally)
   8 They finished their drinks. (quickly)

   1 point for each correct answer  │ 7

8 Write a paragraph about a burglary. Use your own ideas or
these notes to help you, and five of these adverbs:
fortunately, quickly, quietly, then, too, or very.

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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
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</table>

   7 points divided between content and accuracy + 1 point for each adverb  │ 12

9 Complete the social expressions in the conversations.

   Conversation 1
   A (1) E______ me, can I buy my ticket first? My train leaves in two minutes.
   B (2) P______?
   A Can I buy my ticket first?
   B I’m (3) s______ , no. I’m late too. I’m catching the same train.

   Conversation 2
   A Hello. I (4) h______ you have got a new job.
   B (5) T______’s r______ . I start next week.
   A (6) C______ !

   Conversation 3
   A Do you know who the third US president was?
   B I (7) h______ a c______. Why do you want to know?
   A I need the answer for my homework.
   B (8) J______ a m______ – I’ll look on the Internet.

   1 point for each correct answer  │ 10

10 Translate the social expressions.

   1 What a pity. _________________________________
   2 Never mind. _________________________________
   3 Just a minute. _______________________________
   4 Same to you. _________________________________
   5 Good luck. __________________________________

   1 point for each correct answer  │ 5

TOTAL 100
1 Circle the correct form of the verbs.
   1 We ***might come*** / are coming to the party. We’re not sure.
   2 I’ve got a new job and I ***am starting / might start*** it today.
   3 Wales ***will / might*** win but I would be surprised.
   4 Sophia ***sees / might see*** them tomorrow.
   5 It ***isn’t / might not be*** sunny next weekend.
   6 We ***might go / are going*** on holiday. We leave at 9 o’clock tonight.

   1 point for each correct answer

2 Circle the correct letter.
   1 If I had more money, I … a new car.
      a) would buy  b) will buy  c) bought
   2 I wouldn’t drive a Skoda if I … a princess.
      a) am  b) were  c) is
   3 If we asked her, would she help?
      a) Yes, she helps.  b) Yes, she would.  c) Yes, she will.
   4 If a had a ghost in my house, I … get rid of it.
      a) wouldn’t  b) didn’t  c) won’t
   5 If he stopped talking, the meeting would … early.
      a) finished  b) be finished  c) finish
   6 If you … a three month holiday, where would you go?
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      a) would you say  b) did you say  c) will you say
   9 I’d telephone the police …
      a) if you were me  b) when I am you  c) if I were you

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3 Complete the second conditional sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.
   1 If she (work) ***worked*** harder, she (earn) ***more*** money.
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   3 If you (take) ***take*** fewer taxis, you (save) ***save*** some money.
   4 If I (not stop) ***don’t stop*** if I (hit) ***hit*** a parked car.
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4 Write true answers. Use the second conditional.
   What would you …
   1 do if you found an expensive watch?
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   What would you …
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   3 buy if you won a lot of money?
   4 take if your house was on fire?
   5 say if your boss asked you to work seven days a week?

   2 points for each correct answer (one per clause)

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the phrasal verbs in the box.
   ask out  break down  fall out with  give up  get on with  grow up  put on  take off  try on

1 I like it when the plane ***takes off***.
2 Their children have all ***grown up*** and left home.
3 My daughter never ***puts on*** warm clothes.
4 My car has ***broken down*** on the motorway. Can you come and get me?
5 Andrew ***asked*** me ***to*** the cinema yesterday.
6 My mum ***gave up*** her job when we were born.
7 They ***fall out with*** each other a long time ago.
8 They don’t ***try on*** their father. He left home five years ago.
9 Can I ***try on*** the red shoes ***off***, please – they are lovely!

1 point for each correct answer
(5 correct verb, 5 for correct form)
6 Put the adverbs in the correct place.

1 I went ______ use the bathroom. (upstairs)
2 There was a very loud noise. (suddenly)
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1 point for each correct answer [ ] 7

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2 points for each correct answer [ ] 18

8 Write a paragraph about a burglary. Use these notes to help you, and five of these adverbs: fortunately, quickly, quietly, then, too, very.

when/happen? ______
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7 points divided between content and accuracy, + 1 point for each adverb [ ] 12

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Conversation 2
A Do you know who the third US President was?
B (4) ______ a ______. Why?
A I need the answer for my homework.
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Conversation 3
A Hello. I (6) ______ you have got a new job.
B (7) ______’s r ______. I start next week.
A (8) ______ !

1 point for each correct answer [ ] 10

TOTAL [ ] 100
1 Complete the sentences with the Present Perfect Continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

1 He (live) **has been living** here for six months.
2 Hannah (work) **___________** in a bank since May.
3 How long (come) **___________** you **___________** to these lessons?
4 I'm very relaxed, I (not work) **___________** today.
5 He (not eat) **___________** well since he left home.
6 He looks hot. (cook) **___________** he **___________**?
7 They (work) **___________** in the snow so they are cold and hungry.

1 point for each correct answer  6

2 Complete the sentences with the Present Perfect Simple or Continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

1 I (do) **___________** this work all morning.
2 How long (drive) **___________** this car?
3 She (find) **___________** a new boyfriend yet.
4 We (love) **___________** sailing since the first time we tried it.
5 How much money (spend) **___________** you **___________** today?
6 I (dance) **___________** all night and my feet hurt.
7 I don't know their names. They (not live) **___________** here for very long.
8 You can't speak to Mel. She (go) **___________** home.
9 She has got bad teeth so she (see) **___________** her dentist twice a week for the last six months.
10 Please throw away the plant, it (die) **___________**.
11 Can we order our meal, please? We (wait) **___________** for 45 minutes.

1 point for each correct answer  10

3 Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the verbs in the box.

be bring buy come help make see sell

People (1) **buy** *The Big Issue* magazine because it contains good articles – and the money (2) **___________** homeless people. Homeless people in Britain (3) **___________** *The Big Issue* since 1991. The idea (4) **___________** from the US magazine, *Street News*, which Gordon Roddick (5) **___________** on a visit to New York. He (6) **___________** the idea back to Britain and since then thousands of homeless people (7) **___________** a living selling it.

There (8) **___________** now an international organization for similar magazines all over the world.

2 points for each correct answer (1 point for verb + 1 for correct form)  14

4 Complete the columns.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Noun</th>
<th>Verb</th>
<th>Noun</th>
<th>Adjective</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>waste</td>
<td><strong>___________</strong></td>
<td>death</td>
<td>_______</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>belief</td>
<td>_______</td>
<td>7 honesty</td>
<td>_______</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>_______</td>
<td>promise</td>
<td>8 _______</td>
<td>various</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>_______</td>
<td>advise</td>
<td>9 madness</td>
<td>_______</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>description</td>
<td>__________</td>
<td>10 beauty</td>
<td>_______</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 point for each correct answer  9

5 Complete the sentences with adjectives, nouns, and verbs from the box. Use the correct form of the verbs. There are two extra words.

wealthy wealth successful success peaceful peace
invention invent die
died

1 The cat **___________** yesterday.
2 The conference was very _________.
3 I don’t think there will ever be _________ everywhere in the world.
4 ‘Are they _________?’ ‘No, they are poor.’
5 What was the best _________ of the 20th century?
6 Do you think rich people should share their _________?
7 For _________ in your exams you must work hard.
8 Who _________ the telephone?

1 point for each correct answer  7

6 Circle the correct adverb.

1 We eat out a lot – nearly / mainly in Indian restaurants.
2 Think about this really / seriously – it’s an important decision.
3 I know mainly / exactly what you are going to say.
4 Do you speak Spanish really / fluently?
5 ‘Will you buy a new car?’ ‘I am thinking about it carefully / possibly.’
6 ‘What’s the time?’ ‘It’s mainly / exactly 10.00.’
7 ‘Are you seeing him tomorrow?’ ‘Possibly / Nearly – we haven’t arranged a meeting yet.’
8 I possibly / mainly read books by Latin American writers.
9 She knows exactly / nearly how much everything costs.
10 We’re nearly / really happy about the news.

1 point for each correct answer 9

7 Read the text. Are the sentences true (T), false (F), or don’t you know (?)

Lizzy Procter buys and sells art in south east Asia.

How did you get the job?
I have been living in Thailand since my husband’s job brought him here five years ago. At first, I didn’t have a job and I started thinking about what I really wanted to do. I have always loved art but I can’t draw or paint so I decided that the next best thing was to work with local artists. I went to meet them and they were all men. That’s when I decided to concentrate on selling paintings by women.

At first, I worked with only two women artists. I arranged an exhibition at a hotel in Bangkok. I was very nervous but lots of people came to look at the pictures and we sold all of them. The following year, I arranged a second exhibition and that time there was work by five artists. Since then, I have arranged an exhibition every year and it has grown from a small beginning into quite an important occasion for local artists.

Since 2001 I have been organizing a yearly exhibition in Hong Kong. Moving all the paintings is difficult but I enjoy the challenge. I’ve been working alone for five years now and I love it – I don’t think I could work regular hours for a boss again.

1 Lizzie has been living in Thailand with her husband for five years. __
2 Her husband is a teacher. __
3 She has been learning to paint. __
4 She has been working with local artists. __
5 She only works with two women artists. __
6 The paintings are sold in her shop. __
7 She has an exhibition in Hong Kong every year. __
8 She moves paintings to Hong Kong on a cargo ship. __
9 She hasn’t enjoyed working alone. __

2 points for each correct answer 18

8 Write two informal letters. First, make some notes in the table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>guest’s name?</th>
<th>what event?</th>
<th>when?</th>
<th>where?</th>
<th>other information from</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>visit to a friend’s house</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>21st birthday party</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5 points for each invitation 10

9 Put the conversations in order.

Conversation 1
1 Good afternoon. Kensington English Language Bookshop.
2 Yes, of course.
3 Yes, of course.
4 Hold on, I’ll connect you. … I’m sorry she isn’t in her office.
5 Hello. Can I speak to Janet Nelson, please?
6 Could you take a message?
7 Could you tell her that Yolanda Carlisle phoned and I’ll try again later?
8 Thank you, goodbye.

Conversation 2
1 Hello.
2 Hi, is Davina there?
3 In about half an hour.
4 No, I’m sorry but she’s out. Do you want to leave a message?
5 No, it’s OK thanks. I’ll try again later. Do you know when she’ll be back?
6 Thanks. Goodbye.

1 point for each correct answer 10

10 Translate the telephone English.

1 Who’s speaking? ________________________
2 Hold on. ________________________________
3 I’ll connect you. ________________________
4 Speaking. ________________________________
5 Can I take a message? ____________________
6 I’m sorry, he’s out. ________________________
7 Can I speak to Julie, please? ____________

1 point for each correct answer 7

TOTAL 100
1 Complete the sentences with the Present Perfect Simple or Continuous form of verbs in brackets.

1 I (do) **have been doing** this work all morning.
2 We (love) **__________** sailing since the first time we tried it.
3 How much money (spend) **__________** you ____________ today?
4 My feet hurt. I (dance) **__________** all night.
5 I don’t know their names. They (not live) **__________** here for very long.
6 Please throw away the plant, it (die) **__________** .
7 Can we order our meal, please? We (wait) **__________** for 45 minutes.
8 She has got bad teeth so she (see) **__________** her dentist twice a week for the last six months.
9 You can’t speak to Mel. She (go) **__________** home.
10 How long (drive) **__________** you **__________** this car?
11 She (find) **__________** a new flat yet.

1 point for each correct answer

2 Complete the sentences with the Present Perfect Continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

1 He (live) **__________** here for six months.
2 He looks hot. (cook) **__________** he **__________**?
3 They (work) **__________** in the snow so they are cold and hungry.
4 Hannah (not work) **__________** since May.
5 How long (come) **__________** you **__________** to these lessons?
6 I’m very tired, I (work) **__________** hard today.
7 She (not eat) **__________** well since she left home.

1 point for each correct answer

3 Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the verbs in the box.  

be bring buy come help make see sell


There [8] **__________** now an international organization for similar magazines all over the world.

2 points for each correct answer  
(1 point for verb + 1 for correct form)

4 Complete the sentences with adjectives, nouns, and verbs from the box. Use the correct form of the verbs. There are two extra words.

dead die invent invention peace peaceful success successful wealth wealthy

1 The cat **__________** yesterday.
2 What was the best **__________** of the 20th century?
3 Do you think rich people should share their **__________**?
4 For **__________** in your exams you must work hard.
5 Who **__________** the telephone?
6 They aren’t **__________**, they’re poor!
7 I don’t think there will ever be **__________** everywhere in the world.
8 The conference was very **__________**.

1 point for each correct answer

5 Circle the correct adverb.

1 We eat out a lot – **mainly** / **nearly** in fast food restaurants.
2 This is an important decision – so think about it **seriously** / **really**.
3 I know **mainly** / **exactly** what you are going to say.
4 They know **nearly** / **exactly** how much everything costs.
5 We’re **nearly** / **really** happy for you.
6 Does Joe speak Italian **really** / **fluently**?
7 ‘Will you sell your car?’ ‘I am thinking about it **carefully** / **possibly**.’
8 I **mainly** / **possibly** read books by Latin American writers.
9 ‘What’s the time?’ ‘It’s **exactly** / **mainly** 10.00.’
10 ‘Are you going for the interview?’ ‘**Possibly** / **Nearly** – I haven’t decided yet.’

1 point for each correct answer
6 Complete the columns.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Noun</th>
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<th>Noun</th>
<th>Adjective</th>
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1 point for each correct answer 9

7 Read the text. Are the sentences true (T), false (F), or don’t you know ()?

Lizzy Procter buys and sells art in south east Asia.

How did you get the job?

I have been living in Thailand since my husband's job brought him here five years ago. At first, I didn’t have a job and I started thinking about what I really wanted to do. I have always loved art but I can’t draw or paint so I decided that the next best thing was to work with local artists. I went to meet them and they were all men. That’s when I decided to concentrate on selling paintings by women.

At first, I worked with only two women artists. I arranged an exhibition at a hotel in Bangkok. I was very nervous but lots of people came to look at the pictures and we sold all of them. The following year, I arranged a second exhibition and that time there was work by five artists. Since then, I have arranged an exhibition every year and it has grown from a small beginning into quite a important occasion for local artists.

Since 2001 I have been organizing a yearly exhibition in Hong Kong. Moving all the paintings is difficult but I enjoy the challenge. I've been working alone for five years now and I love it – I don’t think I could work regular hours for a boss again.

1 Lizzie has been living in Thailand with her husband for five years. _
2 Her husband is a teacher. _
3 She has been learning to paint. _
4 She has been working with local artists. _
5 She only works with two women artists. _
6 The paintings are sold in her shop. _
7 She has an exhibition in Hong Kong every year. _
8 She moves the paintings to Hong Kong on a cargo ship. _
9 She hasn’t enjoyed working alone. _

2 points for each correct answer 18

8 Write two informal letters. First, make some notes in the chart.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>thank-you letter</th>
<th>invitation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>guest's name?</td>
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<tr>
<td>what event?</td>
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<td>where?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>other information from</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5 points for each invitation 10

9 Translate the telephone English.

1 Who's speaking? _____________________
2 Hold on. _____________________
3 I'll connect you. _____________________
4 Speaking. _____________________
5 Can I take a message? _____________________
6 I'm sorry, he's out. _____________________
7 Can I speak to Julie, please? _____________________

1 point for each correct answer 7

10 Put the conversations in order.

Conversation 1

1 Good afternoon. Kensington English Language Bookshop.
2 Yes, of course.
3 Yes, of course.
4 Hello. Can I speak to Janet Nelson, please?
5 Hold on, I’ll connect you… I’m sorry she isn’t in her office.
6 Could you tell her that Yolanda Carlisle phoned and I’ll try again later?
7 Could you take a message?
8 Thank you, goodbye.

Conversation 2

1 Hello.
2 No, I’m sorry but she’s out. Do you want to leave a message?
3 No, it’s OK thanks. I'll try again later. Do you know when she'll be back?
4 Hi, is Davina there?
5 In about half an hour.
6 Thanks. Goodbye.

1 point for each correct answer 10

TOTAL 100
1 Circle the correct answers.

1 The lesson started although some students …
   a aren't arriving yet.  b hadn't arrived.
   c hasn't arrived.

2 I couldn't go skiing because … my leg.
   a I'd broke  b I've broken  c I'd broken

3 I … angry because she'd forgotten my birthday.
   a am  b was  c will be

4 When I … into the kitchen I found the dog had eaten all the meat.
   a go  b went  c had been

5 My eyes hurt because I … my glasses all weekend.
   a hadn't wore  b hadn't worn  c hadn't wear

6 They … me that they had seen me earlier that day.
   a didn't tell  b hadn't tell  c haven't told

7 Had Judith taken her driving test before? …
   a Yes, she has.  b Yes, she taken.  c Yes, she had.

1 point for each correct answer 6

2 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple and Past Perfect.

1 He (sell) _________ his house because his wife (leave) _________ him.
2 He (go) _________ home early so I (not see) _________ him.
3 I (arrive) _________ at the station ten minutes after the train (leave) _________.
4 I (remember) _________ the answer fifteen minutes after the exam (finish) _________.
5 He (take) _________ his son to the zoo because he (enjoy) _________ it when he was young.

1 point for each correct verb form 8

3 Use the verbs in the box to complete the questions and short answers. Use the Past Perfect. There is one extra verb.

meet  put  rain  see  study  want

1 _______ she _______ the film before? No, she _______.
2 _______ you _______ them before? Yes, I _______.
3 _______ he _______ medicine before he became an accountant? Yes, _______.
4 _______ they _______ the children to bed early? No, _______.
5 _______ it _______ in the night? No, _______.

2 points for each correct answer 8

4 Change the direct speech to reported speech.

1 'I want an ice-cream.' She said _________.
2 'We'll help you to paint the house.' They said _______.
3 'I can't play the piano.' He said _______.
4 'We saw them in January.' They told _______.
5 'I'm going to work at 7.00.' She said _______.
6 'I think I know the answer.' He said _______.
7 'I've eaten snake meat in China.' She told _______.
8 'We didn't watch the film.' They said _______.
9 'We don't live in a flat.' They said _______.
10 'We can speak Spanish.' They told _______.
11 'I haven't seen my sister for a week.' He said _______.

1 point for each correct answer 10

5 Circle the correct words.

1 My uncle is a boyfriend / bachelor. He is unmarried.
2 That is good news! I'm desperate / delighted to hear it!
3 Let's throw / toss a coin to decide the winner.
4 To find north, look at your shadow / silhouette at 12.00.
5 I asked a solicitor / character for legal advice.
6 They had a violent quarrel / revenge outside the bar.
7 The joke wasn't funny – it was furious / cruel.
8 After we quarrelled, we soon made up / in.

1 point for each correct answer 7

6 Match the pairs of words with the pairs of sentences. Write the correct word in the correct sentence.

hear/listen  game/play  rob/steal  journey/travel
lend/borrow  cook/cooker  last/latest

1 I always take a book on a _______.
   She won't _______ by plane.
2 She always likes to see the _______ films.
   He made his _______ film in 1987.
3 I _______ books from the library.
   I can _______ you a dictionary.

1 point for each correct answer 8
4 Can we ________ to my new CD?
   Did you ________ that noisy party last night?
5 Did you ________ a glass from the bar?
   I think he’s going to ________ a post office.
6 Let’s ________ cards.
   Shall we have a ________ of cards?
7 Clean the ________.
   He’s a terrible ________. 

1 point for each correct answer  

7 Read the article. Are the sentences true (T), false (F), or don’t you know (?)?

George Franklin married his wartime girlfriend, Betsy Kennedy, last Friday – fifty-five years after they had first met at a dance.

The couple’s romance started after George, an American, had been sent to an army base near Betsy’s home in England. The couple, who were both seventeen at the time, were separated when George was sent to the Pacific. They wrote to each other every day for two years but at the end of the war George returned to the US.

George and Betsy both married other people but they never forgot about each other. In 2002, four years after his wife had died, George decided to search for Betsy through the Internet. It took him six months and at the end of that time he was amazed to get an email from Betsy’s daughter inviting him to visit Britain.

Betsy, who had divorced her husband in the 1980s, said, ‘I was so excited when I heard from George. I had never forgotten him. When we met him at the airport, I was delighted – he looked exactly the same, he hadn’t changed in all those years.’

George told our reporter, ‘I hadn’t seen her for more than half a century but I knew immediately that I wanted to marry her. My only regret is that I hadn’t looked for her sooner. We have both kept all those letters we wrote in the war.’

1 George and Betsy got married fifty-five years ago. __
2 The couple met when they were teenagers. __
3 Betsy was a soldier. __
4 They didn’t write letters after he had left Britain. __
5 George went home after the war. __
6 They hadn’t forgotten about each other. __
7 Betsy looked for George after her husband had died. __
8 George has a daughter. __
9 Betsy recognized George at the airport. __
10 George wasn’t sure about getting married again. __

2 points for each correct answer 

8 Use these prompts to write a short story.

• who?  • what happened?  • what had happened?
• he told her ...  • she thought ...  • they decided to ...
• one year later ...

4 points divided between accuracy and content  

9 Match the sentences with the situations.

1 Bye! See you tomorrow!  _
2 Goodbye. Good luck in your exams.  _
3 Thanks for having us. You must come to us next year.  _
4 Thank you for coming to talk to us. We’ll contact you before the end of the week.  _
5 Thank you for a delicious meal and a lovely evening.  _
6 Bye! Have a great weekend. See you Monday.  _

At the end of ...

a a holiday.
b an interview.
c a language course.
d a dinner party.
e the week.
f the day.

1 point for each correct answer 

10 Write a goodbye sentence ...

1 to a friend getting on a train 
___________________________________________
2 to a friend after a visit to the cinema 
___________________________________________
3 to your grandparents after a meal with them 
___________________________________________
4 to your teacher at the end of term 
___________________________________________
5 to a boy/girlfriend before they go away for a month 
___________________________________________

2 points for each correct answer (1 for register, 1 for accuracy)  

TOTAL 100
1 Circle the correct answers.

1. The lesson started although some students …
   a aren’t arriving yet.  b hadn’t arrived.  c hasn’t arrived.
2. She couldn’t go skiing because … her leg.
   a she’s broken  b she’d broken  c she’d broke
3. I … angry because she’d forgotten my birthday.
   a will be  b am  c was
4. When he … into the kitchen he found the cat had eaten the chicken.
   a had been  b went  c go
5. I was cold because I … my coat.
   a hadn’t wear  b hadn’t wore  c hadn’t worn
6. I … her that I had seen her earlier that day.
   a hadn’t told  b didn’t tell  c hadn’t tell
7. Had Elizabeth taken the test before? …
   a Yes, she has.  b Yes, she taken.  c Yes, she had.

1 point for each correct answer  6

2 Use the verbs in the box to complete the questions and short answers. Use the Past Perfect. There is one extra verb.

meet put rain see study want

1. Had she seen the film before? No, she hadn’t.
2. _____ it ______ in the night? No, __________.
3. _____ they _____ the children to bed early? No, __________.
4. _____ he _____ medicine before he became an accountant? Yes, __________.
5. _____ you _____ her before? Yes, I _____.

2 points for each correct answer  8

3 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple and Past Perfect.

1. He (sell) _______ his house because his wife (leave) _______ him.
2. She (take) _______ her son ice skating because she (enjoy) _______ it when she was young.
3. Jack (go) _______ home early so I (not see) _______ him.
4. They (arrive) _______ at the bus-stop after the bus (leave) _______.
5. Fifteen minutes after the exam (finish) _______. I (remember) _______ the answer.

2 points for each correct answer  8

4 Change the direct speech to reported speech.

1. ‘I want an ice-cream.’
   She said _______ _______ _______ _______ an ice-cream _______.
2. ‘I think I know the answer.’
   He said _______ _______ _______ _______ _______.
3. ‘I’ve eaten snake meat in China.’
   She told _______ _______ _______ _______.
4. ‘We didn’t watch TV on holiday.’
   They said _______ _______ _______ _______.
5. ‘I don’t live in a house.’
   He said _______ _______ _______.
6. ‘We can speak Italian.’
   They told _______ _______ _______ _______.
7. ‘I haven’t seen my family for three years.’
   He said _______ _______ _______.
8. ‘I’ll help you to paint the house.’
   She said _______ _______ _______.
9. ‘They can’t play any instruments.’
   He said _______ _______ _______.
10. ‘We saw her in January.’
    They told _______ _______ _______ _______.
11. ‘I’m going to work at 7.00.’
    She said _______ _______ _______.

1 point for each correct answer  10

5 Circle the correct words.

1. My uncle is a boyfriend / bachelor. He is unmarried.
2. Look at your silhouette / shadow at 12.00 to find north.
3. The tree swayed / behaved in the wind.
4. I asked a character / solicitor for legal advice.
5. That’s good news! I’m delighted / desperate to hear it!
6. Let’s toss / throw a coin to decide the winner.
7. The joke wasn’t funny – it was cruel / furious.
8. We had a violent quarrel / revenge on holiday.

1 point for each correct answer  7

6 Match the pairs of words with the pairs of sentences. Write the correct word in the correct sentence.

hear/listen game/play rob/steal journey/travel lend/borrow cook/cooker last/latest

1. I always take a book on a journey. She won’t _______ by plane.
2. I think he’s going to _______ a post office. Did you _______ a glass from the bar?

1 point for each correct answer  7
3 I _______ books from the library.
   I can _______ you a dictionary.

4 Clean the _______
   She's a terrible _______

5 He always likes to see the _______ films.
   She made her _______ film in 1987.

6 Shall we _______ cards?
   Let's have a _______ of cards.

7 Can we _______ to my new CD?
   Did you _______ that noisy party last night?

1 point for each correct answer  12

7 Read the article. Are the sentences true (T), false (F), or don’t you know (?)?

George Franklin married his wartime girlfriend, Betsy Kennedy, last Friday – fifty-five years after they had first met at a dance.

The couple’s romance started after George, an American, had been sent to an army base near Betsy’s home in England. The couple, who were both seventeen at the time, were separated when George was sent to the Pacific. They wrote to each other every day for two years but at the end of the war George returned to the US.

George and Betsy both married other people but they never forgot about each other. In 2002, four years after his wife had died, George decided to search for Betsy through the Internet. It took him six months and at the end of that time he was amazed to get an email from Betsy’s daughter inviting him to visit Britain.

Betsy, who had divorced her husband in the 1980s, said, ‘I was so excited when I heard from George. I had never forgotten him. When we met him at the airport, I was delighted – he looked exactly the same, he hadn’t changed in all those years.’

George told our reporter, ‘I hadn’t seen her for more than half a century but I knew immediately that I wanted to marry her. My only regret is that I hadn’t looked for her sooner. We have both kept all those letters we wrote in the war.’

1 George and Betsy got married fifty-five years ago. ___
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5 George went home after the war. ___
6 George and Betsy hadn’t forgotten about each other. ___
7 Betsy looked for George after her husband had died. ___
8 George has a daughter. ___
9 Betsy recognized George at the airport. ___
10 George wasn’t sure about getting married again. ___

2 points for each correct answer  20

8 Use the prompts to write a short story.

| who?          | ______________________________ |
| what happened?| ______________________________ |
| what had happened? | ______________________________ |
| he told her... | ______________________________ |
| she thought... | ______________________________ |
| they decided to... | ______________________________ |
| one year later... | ______________________________ |

14 points divided between accuracy and content  14

9 Write a goodbye sentence ...

1 to a friend getting on a train
_______________________________

2 to your teacher at the end of term
_______________________________

3 to your grandparents after a meal with them
_______________________________

4 to a friend after a visit to the cinema
_______________________________

5 to a boy/girlfriend before they go away for a month
_______________________________

2 points for each correct answer
(I for register, 1 for accuracy)  10

10 Match the goodbye sentences with the situations.

1 Bye! See you tomorrow!        a)
2 Thanks for having us. You must come to us       b)
   next year.                       c)
3 Goodbye. Good luck in your exams.   d)
4 Bye! Have a great weekend. See you Monday. e)
5 Thank you for a delicious meal and a lovely evening.  f)
6 Thank you for coming to talk to us. We’ll contact   
   you before the end of the week. ____________

At the end of ...

a) a language course.
b) a dinner party.
c) a holiday.
d) an interview.
e) the week.
f) the day.

1 point for each correct answer  5

TOTAL  100
Review Test (Units 1–7)

1. Circle the correct letter.
   1. My friends … in Latin America this month.
      a. travel  b. travelling  c. are travelling
   2. You look terrible … you … some bad news?
      a. Have … heard  b. Do … hear  c. Are … hearing
   3. … she … in your office?
      a. Does … working  b. Who … working  c. Does … work
      a. am carrying  b. carry  c. will carry
   5. We … the train last night.
      a. didn’t catch  b. didn’t caught  c. caught
   6. The weather in Britain … warm in July.
      a. are  b. is  c. be
   7. What is the test like?
      a. Easy  b. Easily  c. Easiest
   8. When the teacher … the students were making a noise.
      a. was arriving  b. arrived  c. arrives
   9. The car … through the red light.
      a. went  b. didn’t went  c. any
10. There are … bottles of beer in the fridge.
    a. a few  b. a little  c. any
11. … you … me the secret?
    a. Will … tell  b. Are … telling  c. Do … tell
12. The Titanic sank in … Atlantic Ocean.
    a. an  b. a  c. the
13. … an engineer. I enjoy it.
    a. I like being  b. I would like to be  c. I want to be
14. … a drink. I’m very thirsty.
    a. I like  b. I wouldn’t like  c. I would like
15. He … a shower before he goes to bed.
    a. has got  b. does  c. has
16. Can I have … cake, please?
    a. any  b. some  c. a few
17. What is your mother like?
    a. Sailing and swimming  b. Impatient and unfriendly  c. Helping people
18. We talked while we … dinner.
    a. eating  b. eat  c. were eating
19. That’s the … joke in the world.
    a. funnier  b. funniest  c. more funny
20. He … her tonight – he is too busy.
    a. isn’t seeing  b. doesn’t see  c. not seeing
    a. worked  b. am working  c. have worked

2. Complete the short conversations with the correct form of verbs in brackets.
   1 A. (1 live) ____ Do ____ you ____ live ____ near here?
      B. Yes, I do. I (2 have) ______ a flat in the centre of town.
   2 A. (3 eat) ____ you ____ lunch yet?
      B. Yes, I have. I (4 have) ______ a sandwich an hour ago.
   3 A. What (5 wear) ____ you ____ this evening?
      B. I’m not sure. I think I (6 wear) ______ jeans.
   4 A. What do you want (7 be) ____ when you grow up?
      B. I (8 going to + be) __________________ a scientist.
   5 A. My dinner guests (9 arrive) ____ two hours early!
      B. What (10 do) ______ you ______ ?
      A. I (11 wash) ______ my hair.

3. Write the questions words and true answers.
   1. What ____’s your name? __________________________
   2. ____ do you live? __________________________
   3. ____ do you do? __________________________
   4. ____ of music do you like? ___________________
   5. ____ brothers and sisters have you got? __________________
   6. ____ book are you using? ____Headway____.

4. Complete the words.
   1. She loves music. She’s a music ___.
   2. He doesn’t like science but he’s a scien___.
   3. Picasso was an art___ who changed the world of art.
   4. She speaks four languages. She’s a UN interpret___.
   5. I enjoy reading about politics and politic___.
   6. There’s an electrical fault so we need an electric___.

5. Match the verbs in the box with the nouns.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>pack</th>
<th>pay</th>
<th>order</th>
<th>make</th>
<th>wear</th>
<th>cash</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
   1. ____ order a meal  4. ____ a suitcase
   2. ____ a suit  5. ____ a cheque
   3. ____ a phone call  6. ____ a bill

1 point for each correct answer
6 Write the noun or adjective.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Noun</th>
<th>Adjective</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 noise</td>
<td>noisy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 difference</td>
<td>8 fortune</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 health</td>
<td>9 wind</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 mess</td>
<td>10 romance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 generous</td>
<td>11 success</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 polluted</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

0.5 point for each correct answer

7 Read the article about Angus and Harriet. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

Angus Turner and Harriet Parker are one of Britain's most famous young couples. He wrote his first book when he was fifteen and since then he has written five more. She became famous two years ago when her first album, Care, was number one for three months.

Angus: We've been together for four years. When we met, I was working in a bar and Harriet was in her last year at college. She came into the bar with some friends and it was love at first sight.

Harriet: I adore him – I haven’t looked at another man since that day. I'm pleased we met then – before we became famous. We have a normal life together because we met when we had nothing. We've got money now and we're famous but we haven't changed.

Angus: We got married and moved to this flat two months after we met. We can afford something bigger now but we haven't got enough time to find another one. Also, we've spent a lot of time on this place: I've painted the walls and built the bookcases. Harriet's has made a beautiful little garden on the balcony.

Harriet: Some things have changed since we both became famous – we are both very busy but we spend as much time together as possible. When I'm touring, Angus comes with me and writes his books in the hotel bedroom.

Angus: I trust Harriet one hundred per cent but I hate being away from her so I'm happy to fly all over the world with my laptop.

1 Angus is a singer and Harriet is a writer. __
2 They met while Harriet was studying. __
3 They were both famous when they met. __
4 They are different people now they are famous. __
5 They moved into their flat a month after they met. __
6 They are going to buy a bigger flat. __
7 Harriet made the balcony into a small garden. __
8 When Harriet goes on tour, Angus goes with her. __
9 Angus writes his books in hotel rooms. __
10 He’d prefer to stay at home than fly all over the world. __

2 points for each correct answer

8 You are away from home. Write an email or a postcard to a friend. Tell them:

- where you are
- what you are doing
- what you have done
- what you are going to do
- what you have and haven't enjoyed

8 points divided between accuracy and content, 2 for layout and appropriate opening/closing

9 Translate these sentences.

1 Where's the car park? ____________________
2 That's very kind of you. ____________________
3 Make yourself at home. ____________________
4 It's opposite the station. ____________________
5 I'm fed up with this test. ____________________
6 How much do I owe you? ____________________
7 How are you finding your new job? ____________________
8 Cheers! ____________________
9 Can I help you? ____________________
10 Are you good at chess? ____________________

1 point for each correct answer

10 Put the words in order to make short conversations.

A you rock’n’roll? like Do
B don’t No, I. I jazz. prefer

___________________________________

A you born? know Do time you exactly what were
B the I at four born o’clock in morning. was

___________________________________

A parents Were strict? your
B were. Yes, they gave they me freedom. But enough

___________________________________

1 point for each correct answer

TOTAL

100
1 Circle the correct letter.

1 If she wants to pass the test she … work harder.
   a might     b will     c should
2 … she … to wear a uniform for work?
   a Does … has     b Does … have     c Is … have
3 When I arrived at 8.00 they … home.
   a have gone     b had went     c had gone
4 I don’t think it … rain tomorrow.
   a must     b could     c will
5 Please water the plants … we’re away.
   a as soon as     b until     c while
6 Has he been working this month?
   a Yes, he working.     b Yes, he has.     c Yes, has.
7 My grandfather … fifty cigarettes a day.
   a used to smoke     b was smoking     c use to smoke
8 … Mercedes cars … in Germany?
   a Be … make     b Are … they making     c Are … made
9 Can we have … coffee?
   a some     b any     c a few
10 If we lived in Spain, we … have to speak Spanish.
    a do     b ‘ll     c d
11 After the meal we all went …
    a dance.     b dancing.     c to dancing.
12 I … go to the party – I’ll decide later.
    a can’t     b won’t     c might
13 If they arrive early, …
    a dinner won’t be ready.     b dinner is ready.     c dinner isn’t ready.
14 He … in Paris since 1998.
    a lives     b has lived     c is living
15 You … go home before it gets dark.
    a might     b should     c would
16 How long have you … them?
    a known     b knew     c knowing
17 Tomatoes … in snow!
    a grows     b aren’t grown     c didn’t grew
18 I … a shower when the lights went out.
    a am in     b have     c was having
19 He’s learning English because he wants … more money.
    a earning     b earns     c to earn
20 What do the children like doing?
    a Watching TV.     b Swim.     c Friendly.

1 point for each correct answer 19

2 Write the sentences in reported speech.

1 ‘I live at number 22.’ He said he lived at number 22.
2 ‘I’ve swum in the Pacific Ocean.’ She told ______________________.
3 ‘We’ll meet you at the station.’ They said ______________________.
4 ‘We can’t speak Chinese.’ They told ______________________.
5 ‘I’m going to see Anna later.’ She said ______________________.
6 ‘I sold my car.’ He told ______________________.

1 point for each correct answer 5

3 Complete the questions and write true answers.

1 What are you going to do when you get home?
   I’m going to have dinner, then watch a DVD.
   ______________________.
2 ______ you have to work long hours?
   ______________________.
3 ______ did your teacher say before this test?
   ______________________.
4 ______ you learn to walk before you were a year old?
   ______________________.
5 ______ long have you been learning English?
   ______________________.
6 ______ would you do if you won a lot of money?
   ______________________.
7 ______ your shoes made in China?
   ______________________.
8 ______ did you use to go on holiday when you were five?
   ______________________.

1 point for each question word, 1 for each answer 14

4 Match 1–11 with the words in the box to make phrases.
   There is one extra word.

   angry away a coin a coat a favour a job a living
   a photo rice room a secret store a telephone

1 take ______ 7 do me ______
2 go ______ 8 double ______
3 give up ______ 9 department ______
4 keep ______ 10 put on ______
5 get ______ 11 grow ______
6 toss ______ 12 earn ______

1 point for each correct answer 11
5 Complete the words.

1 This plane carried carg____, not passengers.
2 You always sleep late – you should buy an al_____ cl______.
3 Did you like that book? Was it inter______?
4 The children were bor_______. It was a long journey.
5 Debbie has been exercising and eating lots of fruit and vegetables so she has lost we______.
6 Please lo______ af______ the baby while I’m shopping.
7 I saw an adver______ for English classes.
8 The plane to______ o______ two hours late.
9 Don’t tell him – he can’t keep a sec______.
10 What does he look like? Can you descr______ him?

1 point for each correct answer  9

6 Read the three texts about films and answer the questions.

A Groundhog Day Comedian Bill Murray plays the part of a TV weatherman who is sent to report on Groundhog Day in a small, boring town. He doesn’t like the town but bad weather traps him there. When he wakes up the next day he finds that it is Groundhog Day – again. Time doesn’t move forward and the reporter has to live through Groundhog Day again and again and again.

B Peggy Sue Got Married Peggy Sue is a 43-year-old housewife who goes to see her old school friends at a party. At the party, she falls down and when she wakes up it is 1960 again. Peggy Sue has a seventeen-year-old body but the ideas of a forty-three-year-old. The film asks the Big Question: if you lived your life again, would you do it differently?

C The Time Machine This is another film of HG Wells’ 19th century science-fiction novel. A scientist builds a machine to prove that time travel is possible. He wants to go back in time to change the past but his machine takes him 800,000 years into the future. He discovers that the human race is divided into two groups of people: one that lives above the ground and the other that lives under the ground.

In which film A, B, or C...

1 does time stand still? __
2 does the character want to travel through time? __
3 does time go backwards? __
4 does the character travel the wrong way through time? __
5 can’t the character escape from the town? __
6 has been made before? __
7 does time go forwards? __

2 points for each correct answer  14

7 Write an informal thank-you letter to a friend. Write 50–80 words. Remember to write your address and the date.

5 points for contact + 5 for layout, register, and salutations  10

8 Translate these sentences.

1 Thank you for a lovely evening.

________________________________________

2 If I were you.

________________________________________

3 Just a minute.

________________________________________

4 What a pity.

________________________________________

5 Please keep off the grass.

________________________________________

6 What seems to be the matter?

________________________________________

7 How can I help you?

________________________________________

8 See you later.

________________________________________

1 point for each correct answer  8

9 Put the words in order to make short conversations.

1 A phone you know Do my is? where

Do you know where my phone is?

________________________________________

B a I clue. haven’t got won’t I’ve need You got it, mine.

________________________________________

2 A Hello. that Jenny? Is

________________________________________

B she’s moment. out at afraid I’m the

________________________________________

3 A you. have me a look at Let

________________________________________

you a sore got throat? Have

________________________________________

B Yes, have, actually. I

________________________________________

4 A so could eat a I’m horse! hungry!

________________________________________

B sandwich? horse, you I haven’t a a but got would like

________________________________________

5 A please. reservation, like make I’d to a

________________________________________

B Certainly. double a want a you or single? Do

________________________________________

A double? much is a How

________________________________________

1 point for each correct answer  10

TOTAL  100
**Listening tests**

**Unit 1  Neighbours**

**T1** Listen. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

Alex:
1. moved to his new flat a month ago. __
2. drives to work. __
3. says hello to his neighbours. __
4. likes the woman in Flat 3. __
5. says Poppy lives with her mother. __
6. says Poppy has got a boyfriend. __

Poppy:
7. moved to her new flat a month ago. __
8. was married. __
9. likes most of her neighbours. __
10. doesn’t like the new man in the building. __

2 points for each correct answer

---

**Unit 2  You drive me mad!**

**T2** Listen. Circle the correct word or phrase.

1. Her husband’s name is / isn’t Bill.
2. He is / isn’t a great husband.
3. When he reads the newspaper, he can / can’t hear the children.
4. He listens / doesn’t listen when she speaks.
5. She doesn’t mind / gets angry when he doesn’t listen.
6. He says his wife is / isn’t wonderful.
7. She talks too much / asks too many questions.
8. He does / doesn’t take her seriously.
9. It drives him mad / doesn’t drive him mad when she talks during a football match.
10. She doesn’t mind / like him talking when she’s watching TV.

2 points for each correct answer

---

**Unit 3  A news story**

**T3** Listen. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

1. The police got the thief. __
2. The robbery was successful. __
3. Mrs Elliot was counting money when the thief went in. __
4. She heard the man. __
5. She gave him the money. __
6. The thief shouted at her. __
7. She telephoned the police. __
8. She only knew it was a robbery when the police arrived. __
9. She was frightened. __
10. When she told the thief to wait, he left. __

2 points for each correct answer

---

**Unit 4  The weekend shop**

**T4** Listen to the telephone conversation. Circle the correct word or phrase.

1. He is outside / inside the supermarket.
2. He has got / forgot the shopping list.
3. They need a kilo / half a kilo of tomatoes.
4. He is going to buy lots of / a few apples.
5. They need some oranges / orange juice.
6. They need a litre of beer / milk.
7. He is / isn’t going to buy any chocolate.
8. He is / isn’t going to buy any crisps.
9. The supermarket is busy / empty.
10. He’ll be home in an hour / half an hour.

2 points for each correct answer

---

**Unit 5  My favourite thing**

**T5** Listen. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

Minnie …
1. loves music. __
2. can’t sing. __
3. is in three choirs (singing groups). __
4. sang in a school concert a week ago. __
5. is going to Vienna in Austria this year. __
6. doesn’t want to go to Vienna. __
7. loves playing the piano. __
8. wants her parents to buy a piano. __
9. is spoilt. __
10. will ask for piano lessons later. __

2 points for each correct answer

---

**Unit 6  What’s Hong Kong like?**

**T6** Listen. Circle the correct answers.

1. People always / never ask, ‘Is it very crowded?’
2. It is / isn’t a busy city.
3. The countryside is wonderful / terrible.
4. The city is / isn’t very exciting.
5. She works / doesn’t work harder than in London.
6. Her journey to work is nicer than / not as nice as her journey in Britain.
7. The sea water is / isn’t polluted.
8. Traffic pollution is better / worse than it was.
9. Rent is the biggest / smallest expense for people in Hong Kong.
10. Her rent is more expensive / cheaper than in London.

2 points for each correct answer
## Unit 7  My grandparents

**Listen. Circle the correct answers.**

1. His grandparents are / aren’t retired.
2. They travel to Spain / anywhere warm.
3. They have bought / want to buy a camper van.
4. They sometimes / never stay in hotels.
5. They are / aren’t in England now.
6. They have been sightseeing / living in Granada.
7. They have / haven’t sent any emails.
8. The camper van has / has never broken down.
9. Their grandfather can / can’t repair the van.
10. Their grandmother has learned / has always spoken French and Spanish.

2 points for each correct answer

## Unit 8  My job

**Listen. Write short answers.**

1. Is Bella a supply teacher? ____________
2. Do the head teachers always call her a week before she teaches? ____________
3. Does she work regular hours? ____________
4. Does she see the same class every day? ____________
5. Does she do special things with the classes? ____________
6. Has she always been a supply teacher? ____________
7. When did she stop full-time teaching? ____________
8. Does she have to do a lot of preparation? ____________
9. Does she teach every day? ____________
10. Why does she prefer her job now? ____________

2 points for each correct answer

## Unit 9  The future of our world

**Listen. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?**

1. This is part of a radio programme. __
2. The guests are there to talk about optimists. __
3. The presenter wants listeners to telephone the programme. __
4. Silvana thinks the world will be worse in the future. __
5. She thinks big companies will help people in poor countries. __
6. Lewis agrees with Silvana. __
7. Lewis thinks there won’t be a world government. __
8. Silvana thinks there won’t be a world government. __
9. Silvana thinks there will be wars all the time. __
10. Harriet is in the studio. __

2 points for each correct answer

## Unit 10  My life now and then

**Listen. Circle the correct answers.**

The speaker …

1. likes / doesn’t like her life now.
2. has had her job for three / two years.
3. enjoys doing simple / expensive things.
4. was / is a student.
5. used to be rich / poor.
6. used to / didn’t use to be a medical student.
7. used to / didn’t use to have a full-time job.
8. found it easy / difficult to study and work.
9. was a medical student four years ago / for four years.
10. gave up / finished her medical training.

2 points for each correct answer
Unit 11  The history of tea in Britain

Listen. Circle the correct answers.

1. Harry Perkins … tea.
   a. likes drinking
   b. knows a lot about
   c. wants some

2. Tea has been drunk in Britain for … years.
   a. 200,000,000
   b. 350
   c. 4,000

3. Tea was first drunk in …
   a. Britain.
   b. Europe.
   c. China.

4. The first cup of tea was …
   a. an accident.
   b. a good idea.
   c. a cold drink.

5. Tea … brought to Europe by the Portuguese.
   a. didn’t use to be
   b. wasn’t
   c. may have been

6. Tea … drunk in Britain in the 17th century.
   a. wasn’t
   b. was
   c. may have been

7. Tea took about … to ship to Europe from Asia.
   a. a month
   b. a year
   c. 6 weeks

8. … drank tea in 18th-century Britain.
   a. Nobody
   b. Everybody
   c. Some people

9. Why was tea locked in silver boxes?
   a. Because rich people might drink it.
   b. Because servants might steal it.
   c. Because sailors might sell it.

10. In the 21st century, tea is …
    a. cheaper.
    b. nicer.
    c. more expensive.

2 points for each correct answer

Unit 12  Who knows?

Listen. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

1. Stuart hasn’t left school yet. ___
2. He might go on holiday with his parents. ___
3. He has plans for the rest of the summer. ___
4. He will get a summer job. ___
5. He doesn’t want a summer job. ___
6. He’s not going to leave home when he goes to college. ___
7. He thinks he is going to pass his exams. ___
8. He hasn’t a plan for his future if he fails his exams. ___
9. He wouldn’t take his exams again. ___
10. He knows his parents won’t let him get a job if he fails. ___

2 points for each correct answer

Unit 13  A business trip

Listen. Circle the correct answer.

1. Thomas / Ilona is away from home.
2. They have / haven’t got children.
3. He has / hasn’t been going to lots of meetings.
4. He has / hasn’t seen places in Warsaw.
5. The manager has taken / wants to take him to a Polish restaurant.
6. They’ve been starting work at 7.30 a.m. / after breakfast.
7. They have been finishing work early / late.
8. The hotel is / isn’t clean and comfortable.
9. Ilona has / hasn’t been doing lots of things while he is away.
10. She has been going swimming after work / at lunch time.

2 points for each correct answer
Unit 14  The novelist

**T 14** Listen. Circle the correct answer.

1. Daniel Gregory has finished / has nearly finished his latest book.
2. There are five / six more Inspector Prentice novels.
3. He has / hasn’t always been a novelist.
4. He used to / didn’t use to live in hotels.
5. He had / hadn’t written stories before he gave up his job.
6. His books sell in Britain / all over the world.
7. He married his second wife, Veronica, a long time ago / less than a year ago.
8. Veronica is a little / a lot younger than her husband.
9. He’s known / He hasn’t known Veronica’s father for a long time.
10. He can / can’t remember if Veronica was his children’s baby-sitter.

2 points for each correct answer

Review test My family

**T 15** Listen. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

1. Maria’s mother and father were born in the same place. __
2. Maria’s father has two jobs. __
3. Her mother doesn’t work. __
4. She has got five aunts. __
5. All her aunts have lived in the USA. __
6. Two of her aunts live in the USA. __
7. Her Uncle Sean is studying in England. __
8. Uncle Sean has got a home in Dublin. __
9. Uncle Sean often visits the village. __
10. Uncle Sean’s wife doesn’t enjoy visiting the family. __

2 points for each correct answer

Exit test

An interview with Sir Harry

**T 16** Listen. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

1. The guest, Sir Harry Wirral, is an actor. __
2. He doesn’t have to do a lot in the play. __
3. He goes home to bed as soon as the play finishes. __
4. He used to have much bigger parts in plays. __
5. He was a serious actor when he was sixteen. __
6. He had worked in musical comedy before he acted in Shakespeare plays. __
7. He acts in Hollywood films to earn money. __
8. He thinks acting in Hollywood films is serious acting. __
9. Now he only sings and dances in his free time. __
10. He wants to retire but he hasn’t got enough money. __

2 points for each correct answer
## UNIT 1 TEST A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Answer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. 2 come 3 swim 4 aren't seeing</td>
<td>5 moved in 6 's going to marry 7 'm enjoying</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. 2 studies 3 went 4 comes</td>
<td>5 are studying 6 bought 7 Did ... buy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. 2 come 3 am</td>
<td>4 'm studying 5 living 7 'm going</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. 2 Who f 3 Whose a 4 Where h</td>
<td>5 When b 6 How c 8 What e</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. 2 Where do you 3 Where do you 4 When did you</td>
<td>5 What do you 6 Are you 8 What does</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. 2 verb 3 adjective 4 adverb 5 preposition 6 noun</td>
<td>7 ring 3 train 4 ring 5 flat 6 mean 7 train 8 mean</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. 1 Some 2 meeting people 3 Some</td>
<td>4 can 5 kindly to patients 6 student doctors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Students' own answers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Students' own answers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. 2 Excuse me. 3 Can I help you? 4 I'm fine, thanks.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## UNIT 1 TEST B

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Answer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. 2 What e 3 When b 4 How c</td>
<td>5 Where h 6 Which d 7 Whose a 8 Who f</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. 2 swim 3 aren't seeing 4 moved in</td>
<td>5 come 6 's going to marry 7 'm enjoying</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. 2 come 3 'm living 4 are studying 5 studies 6 bought 7 comes</td>
<td>8 did ... meet 9 come 10 was</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. 2 Where do you 3 Where do you 4 When did you</td>
<td>5 What do you 6 Are you 7 What's his 8 What does</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. 2 train 3 ring 4 mean 5 mean 6 ring 7 flat 8 train</td>
<td>9 talking 10 does</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. 2 noun 3 adverb 4 adjective 5 verb 6 preposition</td>
<td>7 sick 8 enjoy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. 1 Some 2 meeting people 3 Some</td>
<td>4 can 5 kindly to patients 8 can</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Students' own answers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Students' own answers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## UNIT 2 TEST A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Answer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. 2 a 3 b 4 a 5 c 6 a 7 c 8 b 9 b 10 c 11 b</td>
<td>2 a 3 b 4 a 5 c 6 a 7 c 8 b 9 b 10 c 11 b</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. 2 wears 3 's driving 4 're wearing 5 're having 6 have</td>
<td>3 2 they do 3 she doesn't 4 he is 5 am 6 they aren't</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. 2 have 3 have 4 never have 5 don't have</td>
<td>5 2 are 5 spending/to spend 8 swim</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. 2 are 3 is 6 enjoy 9 watch</td>
<td>4 don't go 7 go</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. 2 the washing-up 3 to the toilet 4 a shower 7 a magazine 10 my hair</td>
<td>1 F 2 T 3 F 4 F 5 F 6 F 7 T 8 F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. 2 She telephoned me, so I ... 3 I went shopping because we ... 4 He is moving to the USA because ... 5 We can ski, but/however we don't ... 6 I am sociable, but/however my brother ...</td>
<td>9 Students' own answers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Students' own answers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## UNIT 2 TEST B

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Answer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. have have never have don't have</td>
<td>2 b 3 a 4 a 5 a 6 a 7 c 8 a 9 c 10 c 11 a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. 're having 3 have 4 's driving 5 's wearing 6 wears</td>
<td>4 2 are 5 is 8 watch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. 2 enjoy 7 go</td>
<td>3 spending/to spend 6 don't go 9 swim</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. 2 she isn't 3 they do 4 am 5 they don't 6 he is</td>
<td>6 1 F 2 F 3 T 4 F 5 T 6 F 7 F 8 F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. 2 to the toilet 3 the washing-up 4 to my friends 5 make-up 6 coffee</td>
<td>8 a magazine 9 a shower 10 my hair</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. 2 I didn't go shopping because there was ... 3 He telephoned me, so I ... 4 They can swim, but/however they ... 5 My brother is sociable, but/however I ... 6 She is moving house because she ...</td>
<td>9 Students' own answers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Students' own answers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. 2 11 c 3 12 a 4 7 d 5 8 e 6 10 b 7 d</td>
<td>1 F 2 T 3 F 4 F 5 F 6 F 7 T 8 F</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## UNIT 3 TEST A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Answer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. 2 Did ... have 3 ate 4 was 5 didn't wash up</td>
<td>6 forgot 7 Did ... see 8 saw 9 didn't watch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. 2 were watching 3 wasn't eating; was reading</td>
<td>4 Was ... dancing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Students' own answers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Students' own answers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
UNIT 3 TEST B

1 2 left 5 brought 8 were 10 drove
3 bought 6 started 9 heard 11 told
4 invited 7 rang

2 2 weren’t living 4 wasn’t reading; was eating
3 wasn’t living; met 5 was waiting; got
3 didn’t want; was raving 6 was having; rang
4 made; arrived

4 2 Did … have 6 didn’t wash up 8 watched
3 forgot 7 did … see 10 spoke
4 ate 8 didn’t see 11 was
5 was

5 2 development 5 organization 7 improve
3 discuss 6 improvement 8 organize
4 discussion

6 2 illegal 6 unfair 9 ambitious
3 impossible 7 communicate 10 dislike
4 dangerous 8 untidy 11 industrial
5 speciality

7 1 C 4 Because of the bad weather. 8 They were sleeping.
2 B 5 No, they weren’t. 9 Yes, he was.
3 A 6 Yes, they were. 10 No, they didn’t.
7 He was watching TV. 11 No, he couldn’t.

8 2 while 3 for 4 for 5 during 6 While
9 Students’ own answers

10 2 the eleventh of August, two thousand and two
August the eleventh, two thousand and two
3 the twelfth of October, nineteen eighty-eight
October the twelfth, nineteen eighty-eight
4 the sixth of February, two thousand
February the sixth, two thousand
5 the ninth of July, two thousand and three
July the ninth, two thousand and three
11 2 on 3 X 4 on 5 X 6 in 7 on

12 Students’ own answers

UNIT 4 TEST A

1 2 some 3 so 4 many 6 milk is 10 a few
3 a little 5 something 7 nothing 9 any
11 any

2 2 any 4 some 6 much 8 much 10 a lot of
3 any 5 many 7 many 9 a little 11 a few

3 2 anyone 5 everyone 8 everything 10 Everyone
3 No one 6 somewhere 9 everywhere 11 nothing
4 anything 7 No one

4 2 a lot of 4 some 6 nothing 8 something
3 anything 5 any 7 any 9 everyone

5 2 That’s their house. The one … 5 I’d like a loaf …
3 My aunt has a shop … 6 I’m driving a VW …
4 Money can’t buy you love.

6 2 shampoo 5 carrot cake 7 espresso 9 jumper
3 soap 6 doughnuts 8 dress 10 tie
4 tissues

7 2 glasses 5 fish 7 sizes 10 teeth
3 cities 6 people 9 potatoes 11 women
4 keys 7 sandwiches

8 1 CS 3 CS 5 CM 7 CM 9 CM
2 OS 4 OS 6 CS, OS 8 CM

9 Students’ own answers

10 In a clothes shop

Hello, can I help you?
1
Here you are.
2
What size are you?
3
That’s great. Can I try…
6
I’m looking for …
2
Yes. I’m looking for …
3
No, nothing else, thanks.
4
Small.
7
Of course. The changing …

UNIT 4 TEST B

1 2 milk is 4 a few 6 many 8 some 10 some
3 any 5 any 7 nowhere 9 a little 11 something

2 2 a lot of 4 some 6 nothing 8 something
3 anything 5 any 7 any 9 everyone

3 2 anyone 5 everyone 8 somewhere 10 anything
3 nothing 6 Everyone 9 No one 11 everyone
4 No one 7 nothing

5 2 Money can’t buy you love.
3 My mum has a house …
6 I’d like a loaf …
4 That’s their house. The one …
UNIT 5 TEST A

1. 2 decided to \hspace{1cm} 5 want \hspace{1cm} 7 to learn \hspace{1cm} 9 buying \hspace{1cm} 10 read \\
3 we like \hspace{1cm} 6 I'd like \hspace{1cm} 8 hope \hspace{1cm} 10 read \\
4 to see \hspace{1cm} 3 a \hspace{1cm} 4 b \hspace{1cm} 4 a

2. 2 're going to have \hspace{1cm} 6 'll ring \hspace{1cm} 3 I'll take \hspace{1cm} 5 I'm going to see \\
7 're going to visit \hspace{1cm} 4 I'm going to do \hspace{1cm} 8 won't see \\
5 won't get \hspace{1cm} 9 Are … going to telephone

3. 2 love \hspace{1cm} 5 have \hspace{1cm} 7 am going to look \\
3 are flying \hspace{1cm} 6 want to travel \hspace{1cm} 8 find out \\
4 to visit

4. 2 have \hspace{1cm} 4 go \hspace{1cm} 6 go \hspace{1cm} 8 have \hspace{1cm} 10 come \\
3 go \hspace{1cm} 5 come \hspace{1cm} 7 have \hspace{1cm} 9 come \hspace{1cm} 11 go \\
6 come \hspace{1cm} 5 coming/planning to come \hspace{1cm} 8 going \\
3 going \hspace{1cm} 6 going \hspace{1cm} 9 have \\
4 has \hspace{1cm} 7 having

7. 1 T \hspace{1cm} 4 F \hspace{1cm} 7 F \hspace{1cm} 10 T \hspace{1cm} 12 F \\
2 F \hspace{1cm} 5 F \hspace{1cm} 8 T \hspace{1cm} 11 T \hspace{1cm} 13 T \\
3 T \hspace{1cm} 6 T \hspace{1cm} 9 F

8. Sample answer

Hi Peter!
I'm in Prague with Felix. The weather's terrible, but Prague is lovely. There are some beautiful old buildings. We're staying in a nice hotel – it's small, but the rooms are comfortable. The weather was terrible yesterday, but it's a bit better today.

See you soon,
Andrea

9. 2 8 a \hspace{1cm} 3 10 b \hspace{1cm} 4 6 e \hspace{1cm} 5 7 d

UNIT 5 TEST B

1. 2 b \hspace{1cm} 3 a \hspace{1cm} 4 a

2. 2 We like \hspace{1cm} 5 seeing \hspace{1cm} 7 I'd like \hspace{1cm} 9 to live \\
3 decided to \hspace{1cm} 6 want \hspace{1cm} 8 hope \hspace{1cm} 10 buying \\
4 to read

3. 2 love \hspace{1cm} 5 have \hspace{1cm} 7 am going to look \\
3 are flying \hspace{1cm} 6 want to travel \hspace{1cm} 8 find out \\
4 to visit

4. 2 'll take; 'm going to see \hspace{1cm} 6 won't see \\
3's going to have \hspace{1cm} 7 won't get \\
4'm going to do; I'll ask \hspace{1cm} 8 'll ring \\
5're going to visit \hspace{1cm} 9 Are you going to telephone

5. 2 come \hspace{1cm} 3 coming/planning to come \\
6 going

6. 2 go \hspace{1cm} 4 go \hspace{1cm} 6 come \hspace{1cm} 8 have \\
3 go \hspace{1cm} 5 go \hspace{1cm} 7 have \hspace{1cm} 9 come \\
11 go

7. 1 F \hspace{1cm} 4 T \hspace{1cm} 7 T \hspace{1cm} 10 T \hspace{1cm} 12 F \\
2 T \hspace{1cm} 5 T \hspace{1cm} 8 T \hspace{1cm} II F \hspace{1cm} 13 T \\
3 F \hspace{1cm} 6 F \hspace{1cm} 9 F

8. See test A exercise 8 key for a sample answer

9. 2 8 d \hspace{1cm} 3 7 e \hspace{1cm} 4 10 b \hspace{1cm} 5 6 a

UNIT 6 TEST A

1. 2 c \hspace{1cm} 3 f \hspace{1cm} 4 b \hspace{1cm} 5 d \hspace{1cm} 6 a

2. 2 What's … like \hspace{1cm} 4 What's … like \hspace{1cm} 6 What was …like \\
3 Did you like \hspace{1cm} 5 What's … like 

3. 2 the most beautiful \hspace{1cm} 7 noisier \\
3 the best \hspace{1cm} 8 as hot as \\
4 the worst \hspace{1cm} 9 as cold as \\
5 older than \hspace{1cm} 10 better \\
6 more expensive than \hspace{1cm} 11 worse

4. 2 make \hspace{1cm} 5 arrest \hspace{1cm} 7 live \hspace{1cm} 9 spoil \\
3 inherit \hspace{1cm} 6 amputate \hspace{1cm} 8 open \hspace{1cm} 10 wear \\
4 invest

5. 2 messy, tidy \hspace{1cm} 4 wonderful, horrible \\
3 rich, poor \hspace{1cm} 5 new, old

6. 2 It's the best city \hspace{1cm} 4 is more expensive than \\
3 is the oldest university \hspace{1cm} 5 is wetter than 

7. 2 it's not very clever \hspace{1cm} 4 it wasn't very nice \\
3 it's not very clean \hspace{1cm} 10 she's not very polite \\
4 they aren't very generous

8. 1 informal \hspace{1cm} 5 smaller \hspace{1cm} 8 better \\
2 lots of people \hspace{1cm} 6 fewer \hspace{1cm} 9 will \\
3 moving house \hspace{1cm} 7 visit \hspace{1cm} 10 are going to have \\
4 married with children

9. 2 I stayed in a hotel which/that was in … \\
3 Ken is a teacher who lives … \\
4 I bought some shoes which/that … \\
5 Katy knows my sister, who works …

10. Students' own answers

11. 2 past \hspace{1cm} 3 over \hspace{1cm} 4 across \hspace{1cm} 5 between \hspace{1cm} 6 through \\
12. Students' own answers

UNIT 6 TEST B

1. 2 as hot as \hspace{1cm} 7 the worst \\
3 as cold as \hspace{1cm} 8 the best \\
4 better \hspace{1cm} 9 older than \\
5 worse \hspace{1cm} 10 more expensive than \\
6 the most beautiful \hspace{1cm} 11 noisier

2. 2 The oldest university \hspace{1cm} 4 is the best museum \\
3 is wetter than \hspace{1cm} 5 is more expensive than
UNIT 7 TEST A

1 2 Have 3 have bought 4 sailed 5 been 6 Did you meet
2 3 liked 8 Do … read 13 Have … flown
4 do … live 9 Have … read 14 flew
5 have … lived 10 read 15 was
6 got 11 Have … climbed 16 haven’t done
7 lived 12 climbed
3 2 ladies and gentlemen 5 salt and pepper
3 now and then 6 peace and quiet
4 up and down
4 2 has been 6 have never wanted 9 have you been
3 has written 7 Have you won 10 have been living
4 has worked 8 haven’t put 11 haven’t argued
5 haven’t heard
5 2 together 3 still 4 just 5 Of course 6 only
6 2 bride 5 bridegroom 8 uncle 11 model
3 madam 6 nephew 9 athlete 12 professor
4 niece 7 sir 10 cousin 13 teenager
7 1 T 2 F 3 T 4 F 5 T 6 F 7 F
8 Sample answer
Constanza was born in Glasgow on 5 June 1960. Her father was an Italian ice-cream maker, and her mother was a factory worker. She left school when she was 16 and moved to London, and became a model and film actor. She was the girlfriend of punk singer Eric Evil for six years, and then in 1983 she went to Florence and studied Italian language and art for two years. She returned to London in 1986 and now she has a shop and gallery in Bond Street. In 1995 she married an MP, Sir Tristram D’Eath, and they have three children and homes in London, Milan, and New York.
9 2 do 3 ’m not 4 she can’t 5 it isn’t 6 it is
10 Students’ own answers

UNIT 7 TEST B

1 2 have bought 3 sailed 4 been 5 Have 6 Did you meet
2 2 has been 6 haven’t put 9 haven’t argued
3 has written 7 have … been 10 haven’t heard
4 has worked 8 have lived 11 have … wanted
5 Have … won
3 3 liked 8 climbed 13 do … live
4 Do … read 9 Have … flown 14 have … lived
5 Have … read 10 flew 15 got
6 read 11 was 16 lived
7 Have … climbed 12 haven’t done
4 2 just 3 Of course 4 only 5 together 6 still
5 1 bridegroom 5 aunt 8 bride 11 model
2 nephew 6 madam 9 athlete 12 professor
3 sir 7 niece 10 cousin 13 teenager
4 uncle
6 2 peace and quiet 5 salt and pepper
3 ups and downs 6 ladies and gentlemen
4 now and then
7 1 T 2 F 3 T 4 F 5 T 6 F 7 F
8 See test A exercise 8 key for a sample answer
9 Students’ own answers
10 2 it is 3 do 4 it isn’t 5 ’m not 6 he can’t

UNIT 8 TEST A

1 2 has to 5 ’ll have to/had to 8 have to
2 3 didn’t have to 6 Do/Did … have to
4 don’t have to 7 Did … have to
5 2 must 4 must 6 must 8 should
3 mustn’t 5 should 7 should 9 must
3 2 a 3 c 4 a 5 c 6 c 7 c
4 2 must 3 should 4 shouldn’t 5 have to 6 don’t have to
5 Students’ own answers
6 2 book case 6 earthquake 9 signpost
3 car park 7 raincoat 10 timetable
4 cigarette lighter 8 rush hour 11 traffic lights
5 earring
7 Students’ own answers
8 1 Letter A: 2, 4 Letter B: 1, 3
2 1 S 2 J 3 D 4 I 5 S 6 H 7 B 8 J
9 Sample answer
The Principal
Bennett School of English
Thorpe Road
Norwich
NR2 3FH
[Date]
Dear Sir or Madam
I am interested in doing a language course at your school. Could you give me some information about the price of a one-week course? I would also like to know what the class sizes are, and what the arrangements are for accommodation – do you have rooms for students there, or do students have to book a hotel? I look forward to hearing from you.
Yours faithfully,
[Name]
UNIT 8 TEST B

1. 2 b 3 c 4 a 5 b 6 a 7 c
2. Do … have to 6 didn’t have to
Did … have to 7 doesn’t have to/ won’t have to
have to 8 have to/ will have to
5 has to 9 Does … have to
3 shouldn’t 3 must 4 should 5 don’t have to 6 have to
2 must 4 must 6 must 8 should
3 mustn’t 5 should 7 should 9 must
5 Students’ own answers
6 Students’ own answers
7 timetable 6 traffic lights 9 earring
3 raincoat 7 car park 10 earthquake
4 rush hour 8 cigarette lighter 11 book case
5 signpost
8 1 Letter A: 2, 4 Letter B: 1, 3
2 I S J 3 S 4 J 5 D 6 H 7 B 8 J
9 See test A exercise 9 key for a sample answer

UNIT 9 TEST A

1. 2 until; stops 4 before; go 6 After; leave
3 As soon as; arrive 5 while; am
2. If he has enough money, he’ll buy a flat.
3. If she doesn’t pass her exams, she won’t have a gap year.
4. If I don’t visit my sister this weekend, I won’t see her new baby.
5. If I find your keys, I’ll post them to you.
6. If our new dog bites the children, we won’t keep it.
7. If it rains, I won’t walk.
3. Will you come and visit if you have time?
4. Will you ring me if they are late?
4. What will she say if they don’t come?
5. Where will he work if he stops studying?
6. Who will she ask if she has a problem?
4. 2 If 3 When 4 when 5 if 6 when
5 Students’ own answers
6 2 a photograph 6 on well with 10 me a favour
3 angry 7 friends 11 some shopping
4 back home 8 a reservation 12 been really sick
5 a cold 9 up your mind
7 2 make up your mind 5 to make a reservation
3 get on well with her 6 take a photograph
4 do me a favour
8 2 highway 4 shocking 6 kidneys 8 incredible
3 optimistic 5 concrete 7 communist 9 microchip
9 1 T 2 T 3 T 4 T 5 F 6 F 7 T 8 F 9 T 10 F
10 Sample answer
Travelling by bicycle is a very good way to see the countryside. First of all it’s cheap, and secondly it’s clean. Also, you don’t have to worry about parking your car or waiting a long time for a bus. It’s healthy too! However, in the city there are lots of disadvantages. There’s a lot of traffic, which is dangerous and dirty, and also there aren’t enough special places on the road for bicycles to use. If you cycle to work in the rain, you will be very wet when you arrive. This might be a problem if you have to look smart at work. Despite the disadvantages, thousands of people travel by bicycle every day. Try it for a week – you might like it!
11 2 make a reservation 6 Can you tell me how much
3 When 7 credit
4 single; double 8 look forward to seeing
5 Can I have your name

UNIT 9 TEST B

1. 2 If they have enough money, they’ll buy a flat.
3 If she doesn’t pass her exams, she won’t have a gap year.
4 If I don’t visit my sister this weekend, I won’t see her new baby.
5 If she finds your keys, she’ll post them to you.
6 If our new dog bites the children, we won’t keep it.
7 If it rains, I won’t walk.
2. 2 Will you ring me if they are late?
3 Will Jack come and visit if he has time?
4 What will they do if Mary doesn’t come?
5 Where will he work if he leaves his job?
6 Who will you ask if you have a problem?
3. 2 After; leave 5 while; am
3 As soon as; arrive 6 before; go
4 until; stops
4. 2 if 3 When 4 if 5 when 6 when
5 Students’ own answers
6 2 microchip 4 communist 6 concrete 8 optimistic
3 incredible 5 kidneys 7 a shocking 9 highway
7 2 back home 6 a photograph 10 a reservation
3 a cold 7 me a favour 11 up your mind
4 on well with 8 some shopping
5 care 9 friends
8 2 make up your mind 5 to make a reservation
3 get on well with her 6 take a photograph
4 do me a favour
9 1 T 2 T 3 T 4 T 5 F 6 F 7 T 8 F 9 T 10 F
10 See test A exercise 11 key for a sample answer
11 2 make a reservation 6 Can you tell me how much
3 single; double 7 credit
4 When 8 look forward to seeing
5 Can I have your name
UNIT 10 TEST A

1 help 3 to sing 4 sailing 5 to buy 6 to feel
2 to swim 3 to swim 4 swimming 5 to swim 6 swim
3 He didn’t use to have any children.
   He used to ride a motorbike.
   He used to stay in bed until 12.00 on Sunday.
   He used to go to the pub every evening.
   He didn’t use to have a job.
4 Sample answers
   1 I didn’t use to like vegetables.
   2 I used to go camping.
   3 I didn’t use to stay with my grandparents.
   4 I didn’t use to play in the park.
   5 I didn’t use to go to a friend’s house.
   6 I didn’t use to play chess.
   7 I didn’t use to play computer games.
5 Students’ own answers
   2 You go to a bookshop to buy books.
   3 You go to a petrol station to buy petrol.
   4 You go to a post office to buy stamps/post a letter.
   5 You go to a sports centre to keep fit/do exercise.
   6 You go to a newsagent’s to buy a magazine/newspaper.
6 Sample answers
   2 to get 5 getting up 8 using 11 ate/used to eat
   3 to join 6 to go 9 used to smoke 12 eating
   4 go 7 swimming 10 to be/being
   8 interesting; disappointing 6 boring
   3 worrying 7 confusing; surprised
   4 worried; confused 8 surprising
   5 frightening
   9 a 2 b 3 c 4 b 5 c 6 c 7 c 8 c 9 b
   10 handrail 3 joke 4 crawl 5 amazing
   11 Sample answer

   Dear [name],
   I’m just writing to say thank you for the lovely weekend we spent with you. David and I enjoyed it very much. We especially enjoyed our walk in the mountains on Sunday – it was very different from our usual Sundays in London!
   Did I leave my mobile phone at your house? I think it might be on the chair in the bedroom, because I can’t find it anywhere!
   You must come and stay with us here in London soon. We’ll take you to see all the exciting places!
   Write soon!
   [name]
12 such a good idea 7 so ill
   such boring people 8 such a long time
   so much food 9 such a good meal
   so many 10 so annoying
   so interesting 11 so much money

UNIT 10 TEST B

1 2 He didn’t use to have a job.
   3 He used to go running on Sunday.
   4 He used to ride a motorbike.
   5 He didn’t use to have any dogs.
   6 He used to go out every evening.
2 Sample answers
   1 I didn’t use to like vegetables.
   2 I didn’t use to play in the park.
   3 I used to go to a friend’s house.
   4 I used to go camping.
   5 I didn’t use to stay with my grandparents.
   6 I used to go to the pub every evening.
   7 I didn’t use to have a job.
   8 I used to go to a sports centre to keep fit/do exercise.
   9 I didn’t use to play computer games.
   10 I used to wear shorts.
   11 I didn’t use to wear a jumper and jeans.
   12 I didn’t use to have any dogs.
3 sailing 3 to swim 4 to swim 5 swim 6 to swim
4 Students’ own answers
5 Sample answers
   2 You go to a bookshop to buy books.
   3 You go to a petrol station to buy petrol.
   4 You go to a post office to buy stamps/post a letter.
   5 You go to a sports centre to keep fit/do exercise.
   6 You go to a newsagent’s to buy a magazine/newspaper.
7 to get 5 getting up 8 using 11 used to eat/ate
   3 to join 6 to go 9 used to smoke 12 eating
   4 go 7 swimming 10 to be/being
   8 handrail 3 joke 4 crawl 5 amazing
9 to get 5 getting up 8 using 11 used to eat/ate
   3 to join 6 to go 9 used to smoke 12 eating
   4 go 7 swimming 10 to be/being
   8 handrail 3 joke 4 crawl 5 amazing
10 to get 5 getting up 8 using 11 used to eat/ate
   3 to join 6 to go 9 used to smoke 12 eating
   4 go 7 swimming 10 to be/being
   8 handrail 3 joke 4 crawl 5 amazing
11 See test A exercise 11 key for a sample answer
12 to get 5 getting up 8 using 11 used to eat/ate
   3 to join 6 to go 9 used to smoke 12 eating
   4 go 7 swimming 10 to be/being
   8 handrail 3 joke 4 crawl 5 amazing

UNIT 11 TEST A

1 2 wrote 7 made 11 has been made
   3 was picked 8 isn’t grown 12 grown
   4 has been made 9 is spoken 13 was invented
   5 came 10 be made 14 was taken
   6 be taught
2 Is rice grown here?
   3 The film will be made next year.
   4 Has tobacco been smoked for a long time?
   5 Slaves were taken to the West Indies.
   6 Their tobacco won’t be sold in the US.
   7 I wasn’t invited to the conference.
   8 Coca-Cola was invented in 1886.
   9 Hamburgers aren’t eaten by vegetarians.
UNIT 11 TEST B

1 2 isn’t grown 7 been repaired 11 was taken
2 is spoken 8 has been made 12 came
3 be made 9 grown 13 be taught
4 wrote 10 was invented 14 made
5 was picked

2 2 was … made 5 made 8 have become
3 was taken 6 changed 9 are worn
4 was used 7 wanted

4 2 tobacco 7 passengers 11 a party
3 two centimetres 8 a suitcase 12 the change
4 a story 9 advice 13 the peace
5 the truth 10 information 14 a promise
6 a gun

5 2 hasn’t lost 3 is telling/tells 4 lost/used to lose 5 keep 6 lose

6 2 No, they weren’t. 5 8,000. 8 No, they aren’t.
3 Mr Marlin. 6 1,000. 9 a filling
4 1860. 7 No, they aren’t. b admit

7 Sample answer

Young Frankenstein is a comedy film. It is about Dr Frankenstein’s grandson, Frederick, who is a doctor in the USA. Frederick goes to his grandfather’s castle and repeats the experiment which his grandfather did. I thought that the film was clever and very funny. Go and see it!

8 2 shop car park 4 bus 6 pub 8 airport
3 public car park 5 door 7 shop door

9 Students’ own answers

UNIT 12 TEST A

1 2 b 3 c 4 b 5 c 6 c 7 c 8 c 9 b
2 1 would earn 6 would save; took
2 would … tidy; paid 7 hit; wouldn’t stop
3 ate; would be 8 asked; would … marry
4 wouldn’t be; exercised 9 would … say; met
5 left; could 10 were; would see

3 Sample answers

2 If my boss asked … I would look for a new job.
3 If my house was on fire, I would take my photographs.
4 If I won … I would buy a house.
5 If I went … I would wear an expensive dress/suit.

4 2 might see 4 am starting 6 might not rain
3 might win 5 are going

5 2 asked … out 5 grown up 8 get on with
3 gave up 6 puts on 9 try … on
4 fell out with 7 broken down

6 1 b

7 2 I’d like to go out, but unfortunately …
3 She didn’t work hard, but …
4 Suddenly there was …
5 We waited in the shop …
6 … and my parents are here too.
7 I finally remembered …
8 They finished their drinks quickly. / They quickly finished …

8 Sample answer

In December last year, a Van Gogh painting was stolen from an art gallery in New York. Two women were seen walking quickly out of the gallery with a very large suitcase, then witnesses said they got away in a black BMW. Police tried to stop the car, but it was travelling too fast. Fortunately, the paintings were later found in a hotel in Oklahoma.

9 2 Pardon 5 That’s right 7 haven’t a clue
3 sorry 6 Congratulations 8 Just a minute
4 hear

10 Students’ own answers

UNIT 12 TEST B

1 2 am starting 4 might see 6 are going
3 might 5 might not be

2 2 b 3 b 4 a 5 c 6 a 7 b 8 a 9 c

3 1 would earn 6 ate; would be
2 left; could catch 7 exercised; wouldn’t be
3 took; would save 8 would; were
4 wouldn’t stop; hit 9 met; would … say
5 paid; would … tidy 10 would … marry; asked

4 Sample answers

2 If I went … I would wear an expensive dress/suit.
3 If I won … I would buy a house.
4 If my house was on fire, I would take my photographs.
5 If my boss asked … I would look for a new job.
UNIT 13 TEST A

1. 2 has been working 3 have … been coming 4 haven't been working
2. 2 have you been driving 3 hasn't found 4 have loved 5 have … spent 6 have been dancing
3. 2 helps 3 have been selling 4 came 5 saw
4. 2 believe 3 promise 4 advice
5. 2 successful 3 peace 4 advice
6. 2 seriously 3 exactly 4 fluently
8. Sample answers

Invitation
Dear Ian and Jenny,
I’m having a party for my 21st birthday on Saturday 3 October, from 7.30 till late, at the Community Centre in Alcott. I hope you can come!
Looking forward to seeing you!
David

9. Students’ own answers

UNIT 13 TEST B

1. 2 have loved 3 have … spent 4 have been dancing 5 hasn’t been working
2. 2 Has … been cooking 3 have been working 4 hasn’t been working
3. 2 helps 3 have been selling 4 came 5 saw
4. 2 invention 4 success 7 wealth
5. 2 seriously 3 exactly 4 exactly
6. 2 believe 3 promise 6 deadly
7. 1 T 2 ? 3 F 4 F 5 F 6 ? 7 F 8 ? 9 F
8. See test A exercise 8 key for sample answers
9. Students’ own answers

UNIT 14 TEST A

1. 2 c 3 b 4 b 5 b 6 a 7 c
2. 2 went; didn’t see 3 arrive; had left 4 remembered; had finished
3. 2 Had … met; had 3 Had … studied; he had
4. 2 They said (that) they’d … the piano. 3 He said (that) he couldn’t …
5. 2 They told me (that) they’d … 3 She said (that) she was going to …
6. 2 He said (that) he thought he knew the answer.
UNIT 14 TEST B

1 2 b 3 c 4 b 5 c 6 b 7 c
2 1 2 Had … rained; it hadn’t 4 Had … studied; he had
3 Had … put; they hadn’t 5 Had … met; had
3 2 took; had enjoyed 4 arrived; had left
3 had gone; didn’t see 5 had finished; remembered
4 2 He said (that) he thought he knew the answer.
3 She told me (that) she had eaten snake meat in China.
4 They said (that) they hadn’t watched TV on holiday.
5 He said (that) he hadn’t live in a house.
6 They told me (that) they could speak Spanish.
7 He said (that) he hadn’t seen his sister for a week.
8 She said (that) she was going to work at 7.00.
9 Richard too!
10 They told me (that) they could speak Spanish.
11 He said (that) he hadn’t seen his sister for a week.
12 They told me (that) she had eaten snake meat in China.

Sample answers
1 Take care! Have a safe journey.
2 Bye. See you at work tomorrow.
3 Thanks for dinner, Gran. I’ll give you a ring next week.
4 Bye. See you at work tomorrow.
5 Don’t forget to write to me. And text me every day!

UNIT 14 TEST B

1 2 b 3 c 4 b 5 c 6 b 7 c
2 1 2 Had … rained; it hadn’t 4 Had … studied; he had
3 Had … put; they hadn’t 5 Had … met; had
3 2 took; had enjoyed 4 arrived; had left
3 had gone; didn’t see 5 had finished; remembered
4 2 He said (that) he thought he knew the answer.
3 She told me (that) she had eaten snake meat in China.
4 They said (that) they hadn’t watched TV on holiday.
5 He said (that) he hadn’t live in a house.
6 They told me (that) they could speak Spanish.
7 He said (that) he hadn’t seen his family for three years.
8 She said (that) she would help me to paint the house.
9 He said (that) they couldn’t play any instruments.
10 They told me (that) they had seen her in January.
11 She said (that) she was going to work at 7.00.
5 2 shadow 4 solicitor 6 toss 8 quarrel
3 swayed 5 delighted 7 cruel
6 2 rob; steal 4 cook; cooker 6 play; game
3 borrow; lend 5 steal; rob 7 cooker; cook
7 1 F 2 T 3 F 4 F 5 T 6 T 7 F 8 F 9 T 10 F
8 See test A exercise 8 key for sample answers

Sally met her brother Richard last weekend – for the first time! Sally was born when her mother was very young, and had been brought up in a different family. She always thought she would like to meet her real mother, and so last year she decided to try and find her. It was very difficult and it took a long time, but a year later, Sally was given a name and address in Manchester, and she finally found her mother. But that wasn’t the end – she found Richard too!
Dear Lucy,
Thank you for a lovely weekend by the sea! It was really fun, and we were so lucky with the weather. I especially enjoyed meeting your brother Ben, and going for that long walk on Sunday.
Would you like to come and stay with me next month? We could visit some galleries and see a film. How about the 24th? And bring Ben with you … !

Students’ own answers

I haven’t got a clue. You won’t need it, I’ve got mine.
Hello. Is that Jenny? I’m afraid she’s out at the moment.
Let me have a look at you. Have you got a sore throat? Yes, I have, actually.
I’m so hungry! I could eat a horse!
I’d like to make a reservation, please. Certainly. Do you want a double or a single? How much is a double?

UNIT 1 LISTENING
1 T 2 F 3 T 4 T 5 F 6 F 7 F 8 T 9 T 10 T

UNIT 2 LISTENING
1 is 5 gets angry 8 doesn’t 2 is 6 is 9 drives him mad 3 can’t 7 talks too much 10 like 4 doesn’t listen

UNIT 3 LISTENING
1 inside 4 lots of 7 isn’t 9 empty 2 forgot 5 orange juice 8 isn’t 10 half an hour 3 half a kilo 6 milk

UNIT 4 LISTENING
1 T 2 F 3 F 4 F 5 F 6 T 7 F 8 T 9 F 10 F

UNIT 5 LISTENING
1 always 4 is 7 is 9 biggest 2 is 5 works 8 better 10 more expensive 3 wonderful 6 nicer than

UNIT 6 LISTENING
1 are 5 aren’t 8 has 2 anywhere warm 6 sightseeing 9 can 3 have bought 7 haven’t 10 has always spoken

UNIT 7 LISTENING
1 T 2 F 3 T 4 T 5 F 6 F 7 F 8 T 9 F 10 F

UNIT 8 LISTENING
1 Yes, she is. 6 No, she hasn’t. 2 No, they don’t. 7 Two years ago. 3 No, she doesn’t. 8 No, she doesn’t. 4 No, she doesn’t. 9 No, she doesn’t. 5 No, she doesn’t. 10 Because she can work when she wants.

UNIT 9 LISTENING
1 T 2 F 3 T 4 T 5 F 6 F 7 F 8 T 9 F 10 F

UNIT 10 LISTENING
1 likes 4 was 7 didn’t use to 2 two 5 poor 8 difficult 9 for four years 3 simple 6 used to 10 gave up

UNIT 11 LISTENING
1 b 2 b 3 c 4 a 5 c 6 b 7 b 8 c 9 b 10 a

UNIT 12 LISTENING
1 T 2 F 3 F 4 F 5 T 6 T 7 T 8 T 9 F 10 F

UNIT 13 LISTENING
1 Thomas 4 has 7 late 9 hasn’t 2 have 5 has taken 8 is 10 at lunch time 3 has 6 7.30 a.m.

UNIT 14 LISTENING
1 has nearly finished 5 had 8 a lot 2 five 6 all over the world 9 He’s known 3 hasn’t 7 less than a year ago 10 can’t 4 used to

REVIEW TEST LISTENING
1 T 2 T 3 F 4 T 5 F 6 T 7 F 8 T 9 T 10 F

EXIT TEST LISTENING
1 T 2 T 3 F 4 T 5 F 6 T 7 T 8 F 9 T 10 F
**Neighbours**

**Alex**
I moved into my new flat about a month ago. It’s near my office so I can walk to work. There are three other flats in the building. I introduced myself to my new neighbours when I first moved in. Now I say ‘hello’ if I see them in the hall.

There’s a woman in flat 3 that I like – her name is Poppy. I think she is single because she lives alone with a cat and she hasn’t got a boyfriend. I’m going to invite her for a drink next time I see her.

**Poppy**
I’ve lived in my flat for two years now. I moved here when I got divorced. The flats are OK – the people are friendly but we don’t go into each others’ flats for drinks or anything. A new man moved in to flat 4 recently, I don’t like him – he’s too friendly and he always opens his front door when I go past.

**You drive me mad!**

**E = Erin, B = Bill**

**What drives me mad about my husband, Bill?** Well, he’s a great husband but the one thing that annoys me is that he can switch off and concentrate on one thing. For example, when he reads the newspaper he doesn’t hear the children fighting. Also, I hate it when he speaks to him and he says ‘Yes, dear … ahah … mmm’ and I know he isn’t listening. I get really annoyed with him.

**B**
Is it my turn to speak now? Erin is a wonderful woman but she talks too much. I don’t listen most of the time.

**E**
I hate it when he does that – he never takes me seriously. I get really annoyed because I’m trying to talk about something important and he doesn’t listen or changes the subject.

**But you always want to talk to me when I’m doing something else. If I’m watching football she has this annoying habit of trying to talk to me. It drives me mad. But if I speak when she’s watching TV she goes ‘Shhh, be quiet, I’ll speak to you later’ …**

**E**
At least I answer!

**A news story**

**Newsreader**

A man is in police cells after an unsuccessful robbery attempt at Kenston post office. The burglar went into the post office as the manager, Mrs Elsie Elliot, was counting the day’s money. Because Mrs Elliot can’t hear very well, she didn’t hear the armed man ask her for the money so she politely asked him to wait. The surprised burglar repeated his demand more loudly but Mrs Elliot still failed to react. Finally he shouted ‘Give me the money or I will shoot you!’ and Mrs Elliot’s husband, who was in the back room, heard him and telephoned the police.

Mrs Elliot didn’t know she was the victim of a robbery until the police arrived. After the man was arrested she said, ‘I wasn’t frightened – I thought he was a customer. I didn’t hear what he said and I didn’t see the gun. I asked him to wait – and he did, which is surprising.’

**The weekend shop**

**P = Paul, M = Mary**

**P**
Hi, it’s me. I’m in the supermarket. I forgot the shopping list. Can you read it to me?

**M**
Yes, it’s here on the fridge door. Let me see: some carrots, potatoes and tomatoes.

**P**
Carrots, potatoes, tomatoes. Shall I get a kilo of each?

**M**
No, a kilo is too much, just get half a kilo.

**P**
OK. Do we need anything else?

**M**
Yes, lots of things. Can you see if they’ve got any nice apples? I want some for the children’s lunches.

**P**
Apples. How many?

**M**
Get lots – enough for the whole week.

**P**
Back to the list: orange juice – get two cartons, a litre of milk and some beer.

**M**
Orange juice … beer … milk.

**P**
Someone wrote chocolate on the list but don’t buy any. The boys eat too much chocolate. And don’t get any crisps.

**M**
So you don’t want any chocolate or crisps?

**P**
No. I think that’s enough. I’ll go shopping tomorrow.

**M**
Great. I’ll be quick because there’s no one here. See you in about half an hour.

**M**
See you. Bye.

**My favourite thing**

**Minnie**
My big passion is music. I love singing – I belong to two choirs – you know, singing groups – and next month I am singing in our school concert. Later in the year, we’re going to sing at a Mozart festival in Vienna – that’s in Austria, you know. It’ll be fantastic – I’m really excited about it.

Musical instruments … I can play the guitar and I would love to learn to play the piano. We haven’t got a piano at home but I ask my parents to buy one all the time. I know that one day they will say, ‘Oh, all right. We’ll get a piano – just stop asking every five minutes.’ I always get what I want in the end. I’ll need piano lessons but I’ll worry about those when I’ve got the piano.

**What’s Hong Kong like?**

**W = Woman, I = Interviewer**

**W**
When I say I live in Hong Kong the first questions is always: ‘Is it very crowded? Are there loads of people everywhere?’

**I**
Is that true? What is it like?

**W**
Yes, it’s true that there are lots of people living in a small space so it is a very busy city – it’s the busiest place I’ve ever been to – but there is also a lot of fantastic countryside.

**I**
Really? I’m surprised. I thought it was all tall office buildings, shops and blocks of flats.

**W**
Yes, all those things are there and but it is also very green and mountainous. I quite like the crowds – it’s such an exciting city because it never stops, the people work very hard and there is always something happening. I work longer hours than I did in London.

**I**
I get the ferry to work every day – it really is a much nicer journey than catching the underground in Britain. It’s beautiful going across the harbour twice a day.

**W**
Is it very polluted?

**I**
Yes, to be honest the sea isn’t very clean. The pollution is a problem because there is a lot of industry in the area. The traffic pollution is better then it was – you can only buy unleaded petrol. And the public transport is so good and cheap that you don’t need a car.

**I**
Is it an expensive place to live?

**W**
The biggest expense for most people is their rent. It’s a small place and there isn’t very much space so flats are quite difficult to find and they are expensive. My rent is three times higher than it was in London.

**My grandparents**

**G = Grandson, F = Friend**

**G**
Now our grandparents are retired they go away for four months in the winter.

**F**
That sounds like a good idea. Where do they go?

**G**
Southern Europe and North Africa – anywhere that is warm and sunny. They’ve bought a camper van – you know those big things like a home on wheels: bed, kitchen, table … everything.

**F**
Do they live in the van for four months?

**G**
That’s always the plan but they have stayed in hotels when the weather is bad or they want a change.

**F**
Are they away now?

**G**
Yes, they are. They’ve been away for about three weeks. We got a postcard from Granada the other day – they’ve been there for a week and they’ve been to most of the famous sights.

**F**
Is that how they keep in touch? Sending postcards?
T 8 My job

I = Interviewer, B = Bella

I Tell me about your job, Bella.

B Well, I'm a supply teacher. That means I work when other teachers are sick or are away studying.

I So what do you have to do?

B I teach other people's classes. If I'm lucky, I get some warning. I get a telephone call from the head teacher a week or so before they need me but sometimes – in an emergency – they ring me in the morning and I have to go to school immediately.

I And what do you have to do when you get there?

B I take over the class for a half a day, a day, or a week, or however long the real teacher is away for. I teach them and do all the things their normal teacher does.

I Don't you find it difficult – you know – without any warning?

B No, not really. I've got lots of experience – I was a full-time teacher until two years ago – so I don't have to do hours of work on a lesson.

I Oh, so you are a trained teacher?

B Yes, you have to have a qualification to teach. I trained about twenty years ago.

I How many days a week do you work?

B It varies. Sometimes I go in every day, other days I don't do anything. … I definitely prefer my work now because if I don't want to go to work one day, or if I want to take a holiday one week, I can! (fade)

T 9 The future of our world

P = Presenter, S = Silvana, L = Lewis

P Today in the studio my guests are Silvana Veiga and Lewis Sewell and we'll be discussing the future of our world. I'm sure lots of you listeners will want to telephone and give your views – our number is 0800 234 2345. … But we'll start here in the studio: Silvana, are you an optimist or a pessimist about the future?

S I'm afraid I'm a pessimist. I think things will get worse, not better. I think the difference between rich and poor countries will become even bigger. Big international companies will control the supply of things like medicine so people in poorer countries won't be able to get the best health care.

P Lewis, do you share Silvana's ideas about the future?

L In fact, I don't. I'm very optimistic – I think the future will be better. For the world's population to survive, we will need to work together. For example, I think there will be a world government.

S I disagree, I don't think there'll be one world government. They won't work together – they will want to control the world's resources so they will be at war most of the time.

P Let's go to our first caller, Harriet. Hello Harriet (fade)

T 10 My life then and now

Speaker 1 = S1, Speaker 2 = S2

S1 Well, nowadays my life is quite good fun. I've had my job for two years and it's going well. I earn enough money to pay for my flat and to go out and do the things I enjoy doing.

S2 For example?

S1 Nothing fancy, just simple things. I like going out for meals with friends, going for walks, watching TV, things like that.

S2 So what was the problem before?

S1 I was a student! It wasn't a 'problem' but I didn't have any money. I used to get some money from my parents but it was difficult because I was living in London where everything is so expensive.

S2 Oh, I see. So you were short of money, that was the problem?

S1 Yes, and I was doing medicine so I had to spend a lot of time studying. I did have a part time job in a pub so I used to do a job aernment. I think there will be two or three governments that will rule different parts of the world. They won't work together – they will want to control the world's resources so they will be at war most of the time.

P I get some warning. I get a telephone call from the head teacher a week or so before they need me but sometimes – in an emergency – they ring me in the morning and I have to go to school immediately.

I And what do you have to do when you get there?

B I take over the class for a half a day, a day, or a week, or however long the real teacher is away for. I teach them and do all the things their normal teacher does.

I Don't you find it difficult – you know – without any warning?

B No, not really. I've got lots of experience – I was a full-time teacher until two years ago – so I don't have to do hours of work on a lesson.

I Oh, so you are a trained teacher?

B Yes, you have to have a qualification to teach. I trained about twenty years ago.

I How many days a week do you work?

B It varies. Sometimes I go in every day, other days I don't do anything. … I definitely prefer my work now because if I don't want to go to work one day, or if I want to take a holiday one week, I can! (fade)

T 11 The history of tea in Britain

P = Presenter, HP = Harry Perkins

P Good morning. Today on Worldly Wise my guest is Harry Perkins, a tea expert.

HP Yes it is. British people are world-famous for drinking tea but it's only been here for about 350 years. In other countries, in Asia, it's been drunk for 4000 years.

P Where did it come from originally?

HP China. The story is that more than 4000 years ago, a Chinese servant was boiling some water and some leaves fell in it. His boss drank the new drink, liked it and tea was born.

P So that was 4000 years ago. How did it get to Europe?

HP We're not sure – some people say that it was the Arabs and others think it was brought here by the Dutch or the Portuguese in the 16th century. We know that it was drunk in Britain in the 17th century.

P Was it immediately popular?

HP People liked it but it was very expensive. Only very rich people could buy it: it took about a year to ship a cargo of tea from Asia to Europe, there was a very high tax on it – more than 100%. In the early 18th century, a half kilo of tea cost about three weeks' wages for an ordinary person.

P Three weeks wages for some tea! That's a lot of money!

HP Yes, it is. The rich people who could afford to buy tea kept it locked in special silver or wood boxes so the servants couldn't steal it.

P And now we can all buy it.

HP Yes, 70% of people in Britain drink tea regularly – and the average is three cups a day.

T 12 Who knows?

I = Interviewer, S = Stuart

I Stuart, tell me about your plans for when you finish school.

S Well, I finish my exams in June and after that I'm going on holiday with Mum and Dad. We're away for two weeks – after that I'm not sure what I'll do.

I What are the possibilities?

S I may get a summer job … I should get a job because I want to save some money. I'm going to college in October to study law and I'll need some savings. I'd prefer not to work – if I got a summer job, I wouldn't be able to go to the beach with my friends … things like that.

I Will you live at home with your parents while you study law?

S Yes, I'll have to for the first couple of years at least – but then I may get a part-time job and move out – it's just very expensive to do that at the moment.

I What will you do if you don't pass your exams? You know, after the summer and you get your results … what will you do if you don't pass?
**T 13** A business trip

I = Ilona, T = Thomas

I Hi Thomas! It’s me, Ilona. How are you?

T I’m fine thanks. What about you? How are the kids?

I We’re all fine – but I’ll be glad when you get home. What have you been doing?

T I’ve been in meetings most of the time but I have been able to see a bit of Warsaw.

I Have you been eating out in the local restaurants?

T Yes, the Polish manager has taken me to her favourite places. We went to a traditional restaurant last night – the food was delicious.

I But you’ve been working hard too?

T Yes, definitely. We’ve been starting at 7.30 each morning with breakfast meetings and not finishing until 8 or 9 in the evening.

I What’s the hotel like?

T It’s OK – nothing special really – but it’s clean and comfortable – oh and the owners are very nice. What about you? Have you been doing lots?

I Not much. I’ve been swimming at lunch time a couple of times but it’s difficult to do anything after work because of the children. When you get back I’m planning to (fade)

**T 14** The novelist

I = Interviewer, D = Daniel Gregory

I Tell me, Mr Gregory, what are you working on at the moment?

D I’m just finishing another of my Inspector Prentice novels.

I So how many have you written now?

D This will be the sixth.

I Have you always written novels about the police?

D No, I haven’t. Before I started writing fiction, I was a BBC journalist. After 20 years of living in hotels I had had enough and decided to make a living out of fiction writing. I’d written one or two short stories so I decided to start writing full-time. I’ve been very lucky – my books are popular in countries everywhere: Canada, Australia, France, Argentina …

I May I ask about your private life? You’ve recently remarried?

D Yes, I have. My first marriage ended in divorce a year ago and I recently married Veronica. We’ve been married for six months now and we’re very happy together.

I Veronica is a lot younger than you – she was your children’s babysitter, wasn’t she?

D Yes, she is thirty years younger than me but that isn’t important … her father was one of my best friends so I’ve known her since she was a baby. I think she might have looked after the children when she was at school – I don’t know because my first wife used to make all the arrangements for the children.

I I see. Returning to your writing: Do you have any ideas for your next book?

D Indeed. It will be the story of a charming older man whose second wife is murdered by his jealous first wife.

**T 15** Review test My family

Maria

Both sides of my family – my mum’s and my dad’s – are from a very small town south of Dublin. My father is the postman and he also runs the local garage. My mum has a small shop at the garage where she sells things like newspapers, milk, bread – you know, everyday things.

My dad’s sisters – he’s got five – all live in the village. Two of them went away to the States when they were in their twenties but they came back a few years ago. They were both nurses and they worked in Boston for about fifteen years. I went to see them a couple of times when I was a student. Anyway, they’ve both been back in Ireland since 1998. Uncle Sean – that’s my mum’s only brother – went to university in England where he studied business and economics. Now he lives and works in Dublin for an international company but he has bought a small house near my mum and dad and he takes his family there every weekend. I think his wife likes our big family – it means she’s got lots of people to help her with their children.

**T 16** Exit test An interview with Sir Harry

P = Presenter, SHW = Sir Harry Wirral

P My guest in the studio today is Sir Harry Wirral – 86 years old this week and still performing on the London stage. Harry, perhaps we can start by talking about the play you are in at the moment?

SHW Yes, it’s a Shakespeare play. I’ve got quite a small part – I’m only on stage for ten minutes so I didn’t have to learn many lines. Also, I’m on at the end so I can stay behind for a drink with all the other actors who have done all the hard work before I get there.

P But it hasn’t always been like that, has it? You have acted all the big Shakespeare parts in your time. Can you tell me about your early career in the theatre?

SHW My first serious acting job was when I was 20. Before that I had been in some musical comedies – singing and dancing things like that – but then I was given the part of Hamlet and since then my first love has been serious theatre.

P But you do occasionally appear in Hollywood films?

SHW Of course, I’ve got to make a living, haven’t I? You don’t earn much doing Shakespeare. Yes, I do serious things in the theatre in the evenings and I do films during the day to make some money.

P And do you still sing and dance?

SHW Only in my own home! I haven’t sung in the theatre for about 50 years. In the films I usually play a typical English man – it’s boring but I don’t care.

P And what about the future? Do you have any plans to stop working?

SHW No, I don’t. I want to keep working for as long as possible – I love it and it keeps me young. If I stopped working, I’d be dead in six months. I tried to retire when I was 70 and it was terrible – I sat at home and watched TV.

P Sir Harry, thank you for being my guest this morning. (fade)

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